PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

No. 54,180.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, Saturday	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
2 P.M. 1907.				
17th Aug.	PERSIA	7951		
24th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6898
31st „ *	CALEDONIA	7538		
7th Sept.	PENINSULAR	5294	MOLDAVIA	9900
14th „	EGYPT	7912		
21st „	PENINSULAR	5294	INDIA	7911
28th „	MARMORA	10509		
5th Oct.	ORIENTAL	5294	MONGOLIA	9505
12th „	ARABIA	7903		
19th „	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
26th „	PERSIA	7951		
2nd Nov†	MACEDONIA	6512		
9th „	OCEANA	6610		
16th „	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9621
23rd „	EGYPT	7912		

† Passengers for Marseilles and Gibraltar by this Steamer change at Port Said to the S. S. "Britannia."
* Proceeds to Marseilles Only.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London excepting "Caledonia" which takes passengers to Marseilles only.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.
Tenders leave the Carnac Bunder on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.
Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports *en route*.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
BOMBAY, 26TH JULY, 1907.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	5th Sept 1907.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	Guionnet	3rd Oct. „
OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	31st „ „
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	28th Nov. „
DUMBEA	5,688	Boyer	26th Dec. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Combe	23rd Jan. 1908.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Verron	20th Feb. „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
OCEANIEN	4,143	Magnen	16th Aug. 1907.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Martin	13th Sept. „
DUMBEA	5,688	Boyer	11th Oct. „

For further Particulars apply to—
L. BRICARD,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN — LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on
SILESIA	5159	G. Bergaglian	1st Sept.
AFRICA	4696	G. Raicich	1st Oct.
KORRBER	5301	A. Foresti	1st Nov.
BOHEMIA	4292	M. Ilabcevich	16th „
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st Dec
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th „

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
• CHINA	5999	A. de Petris	25th Dec.

• Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE, VENICE, and Brindisi are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES Co.

RETURN TICKETS, available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S S. N. CO.

Return Tickets are issued for the voyage, Bombay to Trieste, by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa.
Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
PERSIA	5895	P. Craglietto	25th Aug.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to the
AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.
Scenoe House, 93, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
DUMRA	1,100	Thur. 15th Aug.	8 a. m. (direct)
LHASA	2,171	Frid. 16th Aug.	7 a. m. (direct).

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on MONDAY, 19th Aug., calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,100 tons, on THURSDAY, 15th Aug., calling (for Mail- and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomerah and Koweit, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "WARORA," 3,980 tons, on or about 17th Aug.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
14th August, 1907.

KING KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.
Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.
Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA:
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date. 1907.
CIRCASSIA	A. Hair	6716	27th Aug.
SCINDIA	Stuffo Abrey	5106	16th Sept.
CASTALIA	F. S. Blight	6300	6th Oct.
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	3069	16th „
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5091	5th Nov.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5124	16th „

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 385
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 418
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 877
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 6 8
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent	Rs. 672
Bombay to New York	Rs. 792
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 990
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 1045

Steamers marked * Fares Rs. 50 less on return tickets than above
All Return Tickets are available for 2 years
Concession granted to Families. Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and all steamers with the exception of those marked * have electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
The Advertised Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer between Karachi and Bombay
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
For any further information regarding passage, etc., apply to the undersigned.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure 1907
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T. Arakawa	.....	19 th Aug.
TOTOMI MARU	...	M. Winckler.	16th „	24th „
YETOROFU MARU	...	K. Sato	18th „	28th „
WAKAMIYA MARU	...	R. Takeya	1st Sept.	11th Sept.
KAGO-HIMA MARU	...	K. Kori	8th Sept.	19th Sept
YEBOSHIMARU	...	.....	22nd Sept.	2nd Oct.
TAKASAKI MARU	...	.....	29th Sept.	10th Oct.
RIOJUN MARU	...	G. S. Lape	13th Oct.	23rd Oct.
KAGESHIMA MARU	...	T. Arakawa	22nd Oct.	2nd Nov.
MOYORO MARU	...	.....	4th Nov.	14th Nov.

For Freight apply to
T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager
Navsari Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

R. SCOTT & Co., M. R. C. V. S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, AND COACH BUILDERS.
GOWALIA TANK VETERINARY STABLE AND COACH FACTORY.—Telephone No. 3032
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay
CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.
HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.
ARABS and C. BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50) Troublesome horses charged extra.
HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold up to Rs. 1,500, Value Rs. 17; over Rs. 1,500 Value 5 per cent., Examination and Certificate, Rs. 15. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 10.
CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8-0 per cwt. delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.
ESTIMATES given, and carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.
REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed
Correspondence invited.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

POL ROGER
CUVEE DE RESERVE
EXTRA SEC
CHAMPAGNE, 1900 VINTAGE
This fashionable and popular Champagne is now in great demand at the leading Clubs, Hotels and Restaurants in London.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.
Rs. 2-4-0 per bottle.
TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA.
All Wine Merchants.
SOLE AGENTS,
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

CROFT, MODY & CO.
THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
O. T. B. (Old Mac Taggart Blend)
F. O. S (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

NOTICE.
MORE than 170 Military and Naval Messes, 120 Clubs and a large number of Officers and the leading Civilians in all parts of India and Burma now purchase their Wines, &c., from us. We import only from the Leading Wine Shippers and Merchants in Europe, and purchase at special trade rates.
Samples and Price List on application.
PHIPSON AND CO.,
WINE IMPORTERS,
BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattau Geary, Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases)
By W. E. H. Re. 1
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
Apply "The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and punctuality at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

THE 6 CYLINDER NAPIER,
LONDON MADE.
continues to beat
4 cylinder cars
on both SPEED and EFFICIENCY
in open competition.

SOUTH HARTING
Hill Climb, July 10th,
60 h.p. six cylinder
NAPIER FASTEST,
beating the following
4 cylinder cars:
3 Daimlers, 3 Berliets, De Dietrich, 2 Iris, 2 Thornycrofts, Germain, 2 Deasys, Maudslay, etc.; and the following
6 cylinder cars:
Minerva, 2 Iris, Thames.

SHELSLEY WALSH
Hill Climb, July 13th,
60 h.p. six cylinder
NAPIER FASTEST,
in Club Hill Climb,
beating the following
4 cylinder cars:
2 Mercedes, 5 Daimlers, 2 Siddeleys, 2 Lanchesters, 5 Ariels, 2 Deasys, Martini, 2 Minervas, Thornycroft, etc.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

LIPTON
LTD.,
TEA MERCHANTS
TO
H. I. M. THE KING-EMPEROR
AND TO
H. E. LORD MINTO, VICEROY OF INDIA.

IT'S THE STRONG BIRD
THAT FACES THE GALE. Have you to Battle against Malaria, Epidemic Fevers, Plague attacks, Ague, Chill, &c.? Take SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC and save your self enjoying good health.
Sold every where in India; ask your Chemist and he will supply you.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
MADON, SONS & CO.,
THE ORIGINAL MADON'S PHARMACY.
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

THERE IS NO DOUBT
THAT
where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of
ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it
IS
NATURE'S OWN REMEDY
CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT': otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

Dr. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.
The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.
This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, [illegible] and poorness of the blood, aversion to and unfitness for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.
Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Diseases, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 12s. 9d.
Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.
Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.
Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.
* DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 16 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.
Sold by TREASURER & Co., Ltd., Bombay, Byculla. Poona.

INSURANCES.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
FIRE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIFE
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Every Class of Business Transacted at Lowest Rates.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
New Prospectus just Issued containing LARGELY REDUCED RATES.
Application for Agencies in unrepresented Mofussil Centres invited.
Apply for Particulars.
BRANCH OFFICE: SECY. C. M. ROSS, ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, 42/48, *Church Gate Street*, BOMBAY
AGENTS: T. H. MOORE & Co HUMMUM STREET.

THE DEMAND FOR STANDARD POLICIES.
EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by
NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.
NEW POLICIES IN 1906
ISSUED FOR.....£2,384,400
ACCUMULATED FUNDS.....£11,750,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE.....£29,222,600
ASK FOR THE 1906 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from
F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.
BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
Head Office: BOMBAY.
ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.
Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies.
WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birth day.	Assurances of Rs. 1000 payable at death. Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1000 Payable at Death or at the end of 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	Age next Birthday.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	91 5	47 6	37 11	20
25	24 2	53 5	39 4	33 0	61 13	48 0	38 7	25
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 9	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
35	31 5	63 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	...	71 11	56 13	...	45

Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.
E. F. ALLUM,
General Manager.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Established 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 2,75,00,000
INVESTMENTS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
and lodged with the
OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.
The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.
For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager, BOMBAY.

NOW AVAILABLE.
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

INSURANCES.
NORTH BRITISH
GREAT BRITAIN, CONTINENT, AMERICA AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.
Total Funds Exceed £17,837,000
Total Revenue for 1905 Exceeded £ 3,774,000
The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.
POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.
For 1905 PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1848.
RESULTS FOR 1905.
THE PROFITS declared at the last Quinquennial valuation ending 31st December, 1905, show a SURPLUS of over 45 LACS of RUPEES, 90 per cent. of which will be distributed amongst the participating Policy-holders
ASSETS EXCEED, 14 Crores of Rupees.
PREMIUM INCOME, 2 Crores of Rupees.
A GRESHAM Policy represents all that is desirable.
Apply CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma, and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING CO., LD.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SWADESHI CLOTH.
FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as:—
Long Cloth, Domettes, Table Cloths, Chadars, Dhoties, Drills, Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, (Honey Comb pattern, Akbi Bakha, Damask pattern, &c.), Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkins Handkerchiefs, Checks, Thans Cloth, Sind, Hunting Cloth, Khaker Cloth, Bed tickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloths Tapestry Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.
HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz: Seamless Hose, Socks, Jerseys (Fancy & Merino finished, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.
THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz: Sewing glazed thread on Cards and Spools (warranted full lengths) Crochet Cotton Mercerised Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
MOFUSSIL CUSTOMERS can have their supply only from
SHETH LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
Salesman,
GANESHWADI, BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE:—Guneshwadi,
BRANCHES:—Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.
Do. —Samsett Street, Bombay.
Do —71-2 Canning Street, Calcutta.

SYCOSIS 7 YEARS CURED IN 6 WEEKS
Had Six or Seven Doctors and Underwent Severe Treatment in Hospitals—Nothing Gave Good Results Until Friend Advised Trying Cuticura Remedies.
SPECIALISTS FAIL BUT CUTICURA SUCCEEDS
"I have been troubled with a very distressing complaint called sycosis for seven years, and during that time I was under the treatment of six or seven different doctors. I was also an out-patient at St. ——'s Hospital for about two years. I was also an in-patient at their in-patient department at —— House, and while there I underwent a very severe course of treatment, but with no good results. I was advised by a friend to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I did, with the result that in six weeks I was rid of my complaint. That was two years ago, and I have not been troubled with it since. I might say that I used one tin of the Cuticura Ointment, three bottles of the Cuticura Resolvent, and Cuticura Soap, which I have continued to use ever since. Frank Hill, 27 Cologne Rd., Clapham Junction, S. W., Aug. 26, and Sept. 2, 1906."

DAILY SHAMPOOS
With Cuticura Soap and Weekly Dressings with Cuticura
At once stop falling hair, remove crusts, scales, and dandruff, destroy hair parasites, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, supply the roots with nourishment, loosen the scalp skin, and make the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp, when all else fails. No other treatment so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective, so convenient, cleanly, and refreshing.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills (Chocolate Coated) to Purify the Blood. A Single Set often Cures. Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; B. K. Paul, & Co., Sydney; Lennon, Cape Town, etc.; B. K. Paul, Calcutta; Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props. Post-free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. have for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted. Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co
68 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE BREUL'S CAWNPORE COTTON PRESSING CO, LD.

NOTICE.—In accordance with a resolution passed at the Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, held on the 14th day of August 1907, a DIVIDEND of Rs. 10 per Share, free of income tax, will be made payable at the registered Office of the Company, Macmillan Buildings, Hornby Road, on and after MONDAY, the 2nd day of September, 1907, to those Shareholders, whose names are standing on the Register on the 14th day of August, 1907, on presentation of Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board,
BREUL & Co.,
Secretaries & Managers.

The Breul's Cawnpore Cotton Presiding Co., Ld.
BOMBAY, 14TH AUGUST, 1907.

THE TEXTILE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that on or after THURSDAY, 22nd August, 1907, an AD INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 30 (Rupees Thirty only) per Share of Rs. 500 paid up, will be paid to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company, on 8th August, 1907.

Dividend warrants will be given on production of the Share Certificates at the Company's Registered Office at Bella Vista Offices, Cumballa Hill, Bombay.

By Order of the Board,
NOWROSJEE WADIA AND SONS,
Agents.

The Textile Manufacturing Company, Ltd.
BOMBAY, 15TH, AUGUST, 1907.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

ISSUE OF RS. 25 LAKHS FOUR PER CENT. DEBENTURES REPAYABLE IN THIRTY YEARS.

TENDERS are invited for A LOAN of 25 LAKHS of RUPEES upon DEBENTURES bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum, to be issued under the provisions of Act VII B.C., of 1890, to provide funds for the purposes of carrying out certain works connected with the Port of Calcutta sanctioned by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, which Loan, and the interest thereon, will be a charge on the property of the Commissioners, and of the tolls, dues, rates, rents and charges leviable under the Calcutta Port Act.

2. The Debentures will be for sums of Rs. 100 each, or multiples of Rs. 100 as may be desired, made payable to order and carrying interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum payable half yearly on the 4th day of March and the 4th day of September, at the Bank of Bengal, upon presentation of the Debentures. The first payment of interest will be made on the 15th March 1908.

3. Provision will be made for a sinking fund for such an amount, invested half-yearly, as will be sufficient to liquidate the debt in thirty years.

4. Two per cent. of the amount tendered for to be paid at the time either into the Bank of Bengal, Head Office or Branches, to credit of the Commissioners or into the Commissioners' Office, and the balance on the 14th day of September 1907, from which date interest will run. The deposit of two per cent. will be returned if an allotment be not made, and it will be forfeited if an allotment, after being made, be not fully taken up by the 14th day of September, 1907, in case a less number of Debentures is allotted than is applied for, the excess of the deposit will be applied in or towards payment of the balance due upon such number as may be allotted.

5. Tenders, made out in forms to be obtained at the Commissioners' Office and from the rank of Bengal, Head Office or Branches, will be received at the Shareholders' to the Commissioners up to NOON of MONDAY, the 26th day of August 1907, accompanied by a receipt from the Bank of Bengal or the Secretary to the Commissioners for the deposit above-named. A separate Tender should be made for each rate offered.

6. The Tenders will be opened by the Commissioners in Meeting, on Monday, the 26th day of August, 1907.

H. J. HILARY,
Secretary.

DATED THE 12TH AUGUST, 1907.

FORM OF TENDER.

TO THE SECRETARY,

TO the COMMISSIONERS for the PORT of CALCUTTA.

I / We the Undersigned hereby apply for..... Debentures of Rs..... each of the above issue in the terms of the advertisement published by you, dated the.....1907, and I / we send herewith a receipt for Rs.....being 2 per cent. deposit on the par value of the Debentures, and I / we undertake to accept the same or any less number the Commissioners may allot to me / us and to make the full payment in respect thereof to the Bank of Bengal on or before the 14th day of September 1907.

The amount I / we undertake to pay for these Debentures is Rs..... per cent.

Signature .....
Address .....
Dated .....1907.

* The deposit may also be sent with the tender in bank currency notes.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

APPOINTMENTS OF TWO ASSISTANT HEALTH OFFICERS TO THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

THE appointments of Divisional Health Officers having been abolished two Assistant Health Officers are to be appointed in the Health Department of the Bombay Municipality: one on a salary of Rs. 750 rising to Rs. 1,000 and the other on a salary of Rs. 600 rising to Rs. 750 per mensem.

Applicants must be fully qualified Medical men possessing a Diploma in Public Health recognised by the General Medical Council and have had experience in the Public Health Administration of a large City.

The City of Bombay for Public Health purposes is divided into 7 Wards and in each Ward there will be a Deputy Health Officer.

The Duties of the Assistant Health Officer will be to assist the Executive Health Officer in any manner he may direct.

Applications, stating age and qualifications with copies of three recent testimonials, should be addressed to the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER, Bombay Municipality, on or before the 30th September, 1907, who will then proceed to make the appointments.

S. M. EDWARDES.
Ag. Municipal Commissioner,
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 29TH JULY, 1907.

REVOLUTION IN HOUSE DECORATION.

HOMES MADE BEAUTIFUL BY USING

"TEMERARE."

(QUEEN OF COLD WATER PAINTS.)

Prize and Gold Medals, Hull, Liverpool and Cape Town, 1904.

TEMERARE is a perfect Sanitary, Permanent Distemper.

TEMERARE is Washable, Fireproof, Weatherproof and Anticeptic.

TEMERARE is made in a variety of Beautiful tints and white.

TEMERARE is ready for use by mixing with cold water.

TEMERARE is specially adapted for plasterwork, wood, iron, brick, etc.

TEMERARE one lb. covers about 100 square feet of surface.

Samples and full descriptive circular with tints, etc., free on application to the Sole Agents for INDIA.

C. HAMILTON & CO.,
55 Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY

FOR SALE.

BOILER AND ENGINE.

A PORTABLE LOCO-TYPE BOILER, with Engine, by Ransomes Head and Jefferies in good condition. May be seen by appointment. Apply to "B G.," care of this Office.

POONA SEASON.

THIS is to Notify that the "Bombay Gazette" may be obtained from

SHEIKH ABDULLA MAHOMED,
Newspaper Agent,
MAIN STREET, POONA.

Annual Subscription Rs. 30.
Inclusive of Delivery Charges.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

DRILL BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Cavalry Training—New Edition, 1907	0 14
Training Manual—Signaling, 1907	0 7
Garrison Artillery Training, Vol II, 1906	0 11
Infantry Training, 1905	0 14
Appendix Training Manuals, 1905	0 14
Combined Training, 1905	0 14
Amendments to Combined Training, 1907	0 2
Cavalry Training, 1907	0 14
Field Artillery Training, 1906	0 14
Amendments to Field Artillery Training, 1907	0 3
Musketry Regulations for British Army, 1905	0 14
Musketry Exercises, 1904	0 4
The Indian Appendix to British Musketry Regulations, 1906	0 4
Manual of Military Engineering, 1905	0 14
Slack's Handbook of Company Drill, 1905	0 14
Slack's Handbook of Battalion Drill, 1905	1 12
Slack's Handbook of Brigade Drill, 1907	1 12

AGENTS IN INDIA
FOR
GALE AND POLDEH
ALDERSHOT.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,
POONA.

CUISINE OF THE VERY BEST.
Most Central Position.

GENERAL
FAMILY PENSION FUND.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... 48 Lakhs.
PENSIONS PAID ..... 28 Lakhs.

A PURELY MUTUAL CONCERN enabling all men and women (Christian) to secure monthly pensions for their Nominees. Full particulars from—

THE SECRETARY,
13, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

GRAND ECONOMICAL SALE
IS IN FULL SWING NOW.

NEW STOCK FOR LADIES, GENTS AND CHILDREN.

FRENCH BRACES, ans. 8 each.
BEST CAWNPORE TWILL SHIRTS, ans. 12 each.
LADIES' COTTON undervest, ans. 3 each.

DON'T LOSE A GOLDEN CHANCE.
A sale well worth your visit.
A VISIT MEANS A LOT OF SAVING.
Our PRICES defy COMPETITION.
PROVISION 25 per cent. cheaper than market rate.
BOOK YOUR ORDER AT ONCE.

THE PARISIAN MILLINERY MART,
SITARAM BUILDING, BOMBAY.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.
BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUO" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUO" FRAME fitted to your own sense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JARRAHWOOD.

JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Poli bed Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

MESSRS. MILLARS' KARRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
Nippon Buildings Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED
MULKAPETT, HYDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed
The Sisters Feed, Nurse, Clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.
☞ The Home is entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions.

B.G.
"APENTA"
NATURAL APERIENT WATER
IS THE BEST ELIMINANT.

GOLD MEDAL,
ST. LOUIS EXHIBITION, 1904.

ORDINARY DOSE.—A Wineglassful before Breakfast.

AMUSEMENTS.

TOWN HALL.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST,
MISS GOWHARJAN,
THE RENOWNED CALCUTTA VOCALIST,
will give a
GRAND FAREWELL EVENING CONCERT,
On SATURDAY, 17TH AUGUST,
at 9-30 (S. T.),
With a change of Programme.

Admission.—Reserved Seats, at Rs. 5 and 4.
Unreserved Seats, at Rs. 3.
Plan of Hall and Tickets at Soundy and Co.'s, Hornby Road.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £1,075,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Melan, Bali (Buitenzorg).	Foochow.
Bombay.	Singapore.	Saigon.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Madras.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Rangoon.	Sourabaya.	Yokohama.
Colombo	Manilla.	Kobe.
Penang.	Cebu (Philippines).	New York.
Thaiping (Perak).	Hongkong.	
Ipoh Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY Agent

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq, (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombasa
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Kiya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong
Entebbe.			

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	Yen	24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	„	21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND...	„	11,050,000
SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND	„	1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	„	2,500,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :—

London	Shanghai	Tiehling	KOBE
Lyons	Hongkong	Changchun	Osaka
New York	Hankow	Antung-Hsien	Tokyo
San Francisco	Tientsin	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	Nagasaki
Honolulu	Peking	Fengtien	Bombay
(Hawaii)	Newchwang	Liaoyang	
	Chefoo	Deiren (Dalny)	

LONDON BANKERS :—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World

K. KODAMA,
Albert Buildings, *Manager*

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee, it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Agent for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order, and even now it work as if it were quite new. Mrs L. ALMEIDA. Girgaum Bombay

FOR SPECTACLES—Eyes examined FREE of CHARGE by Dr. DINSHAW DASTOOR, pronounced as "A THOROUGHLY ABLE OPHTHALMIC SURGEON and a NEAT and SKILFUL OPERATOR" by the renowned PROFESSORS of LONDON. Competition defied. The ORIGINAL FIRM of DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co. Opposite Evans Fraser & Co., Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

ANGELICA GLYCERINE SOAP, with a fascinating Violet Perfume, makes woman Beautiful.—KING & CO., Cheapest Picture Framers, Church Gate St., Bombay.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly Budget and the Weekly Mail Editions which is available, are supplied on the following terms:—The price varies, according to lapse of time, between As. 2 and Rs. 2, and higher for very old issues, if available.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange, List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 10 "Under Cover" Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office Meadows Street

FOR SALE.—An elegant second-hand English-built Vis-a-Vis or double-seated Victoria, by Offord, London, thoroughly overhauled and renovated with best English materials, in perfect good order and sound condition. Quite as good as a brand new imported carriage. Apply to MESSRS. PRESS & Co., Fort Coach Factory, Mody Bay, Fort.

FOR SALE.—English Rubber-tyred "C" Spring PHAETON, by "Grosvenor" First rate condition. Apply ANDERSON and Company's Livery Stables, Byculla.

FORMS OF POWER-OF-ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 6 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants, Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 2, Mofussil Rs. 3 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 4, Ch. G. St., Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways, Abstract of Rules and Regulations, Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information, Steam-Boat and dak Companies, Places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines, Price, Eight annas. Annual Subscription Rs. 5 including Postage.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotation for large quantities with name of Company inscribed. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

"LE ZIL" Fluid, a wonderful discovery absolutely non-irritant, quickest cure for all complicated FEMALE PELVIC CATARRHS and other diseases most prevalent in females. No internal medicines required. Dr. A. L. Pushong of Lucknow writes.—"In cases of 6 and 8 years' duration it proved a marvel remedy." Rs. 2.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Medows Street, Oriental Bank Buildings, FORT.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT of COOKING STOVES and Ranges to burn Coal, Wood, or Oil, and Kitchen Requisites in stock.—STOVE DEPOT, 17, Church Gate Street.

MANURE.—PATENT PHOSPHATIC, at Re 1 per lb, and GENUINE PERUVIAN GUANO, at Annas six per lb. Apply early to PALEKAR & Co., opposite Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

NEVER DESPAIR: ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, PLEURISY and PNEUMONIA INSTANTLY relieved and POSITIVELY cured by "KADL" Dr. A. L. PUSHONG writes from Lucknow:—"Kadl is a sovereign remedy for respiratory diseases, Rs. 1-8.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Medows Street, Fort, Oriental Bank Building.

OLD BOOKS.—Advertiser will be glad to receive lists of Old and Rare Books relating to Indian History and Events. Best Prices should be marked to facilitate selection and purchase. Address "BIBLIOPHILE" No. 8985 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON, replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest, and visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest.—Portrait Painting in oil on Photographic Basis a Speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings, Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" also containing all the information of previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c., Town Subscription, yearly Rs. 12, Half-yearly Rs. 7 and Quarterly, Rs. 4 post Rs. 15-13; Rs. 8 and Rs. 5 respectively. English Subscription £1-1-0 per year Post Free.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 1" at Rs. 2-12 per thousand: if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. "Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE." Office

THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the *Bombay Gazette* containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPHLET FORM.—Price 2 Annas each at this Office.

WANTED.—An Energetic BUNDER CLERK, for an Export Firm to superintend Shipping. Only those with good experience need apply to Box No. 1101, Advt. Dept., care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED AT ONCE, an EXPERT TYPIST, for a temporary post. If found suitable, is likely to be engaged permanently. Apply Box No. 1039, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

NOTICE.

MRS. JAMES LEASK (formerly of Bombay) having REMOVED from Edinburgh to "Elmswood," 52, Crystal Palace Park Road, Sydenham, London, S. E., will be glad to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE of and Superintend the Education of CHILDREN whose parents are in India and abroad. For Particulars apply *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TWENTIETH CENTURY BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, BEDFORD, ENGLAND (One hour's journey from London). This establishment combines educational advantages of a high order, with unusual care to secure a thorough home, good cuisine, and social advantages for the pupils. Parents and guardians invited to inspect at any time. Terms, £120 per annum, with very few extras. Principal, Mrs. WELTON (Corresponding Professor of the London Academy of Music), wife of THOMAS ABERCROMBIE WELTON, of London. Prospectus on application.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 1" at Rs 2-12 per thousand: if printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. "Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand: if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE." Office

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AT RAWALPINDI.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application
LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.
PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.
PASSENGERS met on Arrival and
BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance
INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 110,00 000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100.00.000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. B. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*
LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD
LONDON COMMITTEE
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

AMOY.	HONGKONG.	RANGOON.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	LONDON.	SAN FRANCISCO.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.
HANKOW.	PENANG.	YLOILO.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Acting Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET BOMBAY

PLEASE NOTE

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
Oculists and Scientific Refractionists
Opp. General Post Office, Bombay,
The first and only firm

Who offer their patrons Free Services of a duly qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from various Eye Hospitals of Europe.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST.
(Late Partner, D. M. DASTOOR & Co.)
With 16 Years' Practical Experience,

Holds Exceptional Testimonials from the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, Lt.-Col Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and other high personages

STOCK:—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE.
PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE.

THE BAKER'S TEA CAKES

may be good,

but they are better made at home with 'Paisley Flour,' according to the Brown & Polson recipes in the tins.

They take very little time to make, and are no trouble.

They can be eaten straight from the oven, and are fresh, clean and delicious.

You know what is put into your cakes when they are home made.

Icilma.

The exquisite Icilma Specialities, containing the unique elements of Icilma Natural Water, restore the skin to its natural freshness and keep it cool, clear and soft in all climates.

Icilma Natural Water, spread or sprayed on the skin, has marvellous healing and beautifying powers. It softens and freshens the cuticle and prevents Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Roughness or Unsightly Blemishes. A few drops immediately cure Insect bites, while for Sore Eyes, Chaps, Chilblains, Children's Irritations, Cuts, Burns, Bruises and all discomfort from Heat, Riding or Weakness, its action is rapid and beneficial. Nature's ideal skin-tonic for hot or variable climates.

Icilma Soap gives a delightful silky lather in even the hardest water, cleanses admirably and owing to its unique natural elements refreshes and soothes the skin. Deliciously scented Icilma Soap is very lasting, never gets greasy and suits even the most irritable or sensitive skins. Simply a revelation of what a soap can be.

Of all good Chemists and Stores.

ICILMA CO., LTD.,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Messrs. S. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.
The heads of the Firm give personal attention to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for the sale of Machinery orders are executed to by an expert.

THE Bombay Gazette.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

DAWK EDITIONS
for
UP-COUNTRY
SUBSCRIBERS.

EVENING EDITION
In Time for
PUNJAB,
CALCUTTA & RAICHUR MAILS.

THE
Bombay Gazette
IS NOW
THE BEST
ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN WESTERN INDIA.

It reaches every City, Town and Village.

It is NOT hired for AN HOUR and then RETURNED.

IT REMAINS IN THE CLUB,
THE HOTEL, THE BUNGALOW
AND THE COTTAGE
THE WHOLE DAY THROUGH
AND IS READ
FROM TITLE PAGE TO IMPRINT.

PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NEW SERIES OF ARTICLES

STUDIES IN THE OCCULT.

Being a Series of Studies of the Enigmas of
PSYCHICAL RESEARCH,
CRYSTAL GAZING,
TELEPATHY,
DREAMS,
PREMONITIONS,
CLAIRVOYANCE,
APPARITIONS,
ETC.,
By the Writer of
HAUNTED HOMES OF BRITAIN.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

NOTES ON
INDIAN
INTERESTS

SPECIAL LONDON LETTERS:—

LONDON SOCIAL AND POLITICAL

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

SPORT.

JOB-PRINTING
IN ALL ITS
BRANCHES.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Re. 1.

WANTED.

ON LONG LEASE, about 1,500 Square Yards of land for workshop purposes. Mazagon or Byculla Preferred.
Address full particulars to Box No. 1096, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.

2 TO 3 THOUSAND RUPEES CAPITAL for an Export and Commission business to be started about 1st October 1907. Investor to have either a part Share in the business or a Guaranteed interest. Box No. 1056, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET spacious SHOPS, OFFICES and RESIDENTIAL FLATS in Waterloo Mansions, opposite the Wellington Fountain.
Excellent situation for business purposes as well as Residential Quarters.
Complete Electric light and fan installations, and two lifts. Ground Floor, Shops from Rs. 350 to Rs. 600.
First and Second Floors either for Offices or Residences.
Third and Fourth Floors for Residences from Rs. 165 to 270.
The Building is expected to be ready in a few months.
For Particulars apply to—
P. J. BILIMORIA,
Navsari Buildings, Fort.

FOR SALE.

TWO CUSTOMS STEAM LAUNCHES "KATE" and "FLORENCE" each 40'-6" by 9'-0", Horse Power 7 and Speed about 5 Knots as they now lie at Town Bunder. Also a spare Engine. Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained on application at the Office of the Undersigned.

A. E. BOYD,
Assistant Collector,
In charge Preventive Service
BOMBAY CUSTOM HOUSE,
PREVENTIVE SERVICE OFFICE.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS FOR HYDROCELE AND Elephantiasses. Guaranteed to cure any nature by using this medicine externally. Rs. 2-8 each bottle. B. GHOSE & CO., 85/1, Beebee Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta. Testimonials highest and any number.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS, and VICTORIAS by well-known Makers FOR SALE.
CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention
HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.
CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.
FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
(ESTABLISHED 1886)
Transact every kind of Personal Agency, particularly—
HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses &c., wanted, and of all properties in the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer J B Aug Kessler, 3197 tons, Captain J V Biesen, will sail to-day for Aroe Bay, in ballast.

THE steamer Terrier, 1008 tons, Captain H Nilsen arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, with a cargo of wheat.

THE Hansa Line steamer Lichtenfels, 3623 tons, Captain H Walldorff, will sail to-day for Hamburg via Karachi, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain J T Hirst, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi and Coast Ports with a general cargo and 3 cabin and 65 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 3269 tons, Captain C F Osborne, will sail to-day for Liverpool and Marseillies with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For London—Lieut P M A Kernas. For Liverpool.—Lieut E J Sydenham, Mrs A Searle and child Mrs McNeale Patterson and Miss K F Clifford. For Marseilles.—Mr C G Cotton, and 2 deck.

THE Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 13th August should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Hardinge ....Comdr G A Rose ..... R I Marine
R I M S Margarita .....Capt W L Kelly ..... Pearl Fishery
R I M S Investigator...Capt W G Beauchamp ..... R I Marine
R I M S Dufferin .....Comdr H S Black ..... R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook...N J F Wilson ..... R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus ....Capt Holloway ..... Survey Boat
Three Torpedo Boats ..... Royal Navy
R I M S Minto..... Lt Comdr Harden..... R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—August 14

Bhundara .....2218 Brocq..... M M & Co
Berwick.....3370 Carey..... N F ..... M M & Co
Capri .....3781 Belsito ..... P & R S N Co
Hild .....717 Salvesin ..... F F Campbell & Co
Hydra.....831 Kiraeborn ..... F F Campbell & Co
Inverness.....2401 Clarkson ..... Cory Bros
Ipswich .....813 Wallace ..... Shah S N Co
Kasara .....504 Chappel ..... M M & Co
Lord Kelvin .....3154 Mason ..... W & A G & Co
Managon .....3522 Powell..... P & O Co
Nizam .....3041 McLennan ..... T Morrison & Co
Onipenta.....3420 Hill ..... M M & Co
Peninsular .....3919 Palmer..... Aden ..... 3-8 P & O Co
Querimba .....4957 Smith..... M M & Co
Rydal Hall .....2135 Fraser..... K Nixon & Co
Shahnoor.....1761 Foster ..... Shah S N Co
Shahleban .....3566 Davison ..... Shah S N Co
Shah Najam .....2751 Davison ..... Shah S N Co
Terrier.....1008 Nilsen ..... F F Campbell & Co
Warooga .....1609 Bamber ..... M M & Co
Warora.....3565 Reddoch ..... M Mackenzie & Co
Wensleydale.....3538 Seaton ..... W & A G & Co
Xema .....446 Mohamad...K'chi...N F The Shah S N Co

H W P D

Bahadur.....829 Fakeera.....M'Goa .....17-8 Bo S N Co
Courland .....760 Rbr him .....N F.....Bo S N Co
Satrunji .....547 Hoosein .....K'chi .....16-8 Bo S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Circassia .....4315 Haig.....Liverpool..... 27-8 W & A G & Co
2 Olympia .....3269 Osborne .....Liverpool .. 15-8 W & A G & Co
3 Commodore .....2913 Ross.....Hull .....26-8 W & A G & Co
4 Clan Menzies.....1693 Botford.....Port Said..17-8 F Muir & Co
5 Clan Cameron.....2287 Cowie ...Chittagong ..8-8 F Muir & Co
6 Culna .....3962 Maclachlan ...Antwerp..15-8 M M & Co
7 R Rubattino ...3344 Cucci .....Genoa ... 15-8 F R Sino S N Co
8 Ixobia .....2784 Francisco .....Shanghai... 17-8 R & S N Co
9 Lichenfels .....3623 Waldorff .....K'chi .....12-8 Glade & Co
10 & 11 Peshawar...4884 Lockstone ..... London ..... P & O Co
12 Persia .....4198 Hutchison ..... London ..... 17-8 P & O Co
14 Lhasa .....936 McDiarmid ...K'chi .....16-8 M M & Co
15 Kattenturm .....3313 Volkmann.....Hburg ...15-8 Glade & Co
16 Nudden .....1944 Davids'n.....P Gulf.....19-8 M M & Co

H W V D

Dumra .....762 Hirst.....Busreh .....15-8 M M & Co

ARRIVAL.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
14	Terrier s	Nilsen.....	Karachi, Aug 11

DEPARTURE.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
14	Trafford Hall s.....	Hood	Karachi

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday:—

Steamer J B Aug Kessler, Biesen, for Aroe Bay.
" Dumra, Hirst, for Persian Gulf, &c.
" Olympia, Osborne, for Liverpool, &c.
" Lichtenfels, Walldorff, for Hamburg, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Oceanian, for Australian ports.
" Caledonia, for London.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug	Vessel.	From
6	Oronsay	Liverpool
7	Hermiston	Calcutta
10	Clan Mackay	Coast
11	Thongwa	Straits
12	Palamcotta	Negapatam

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

13	Poulakola	Rangoon
14	Gisela	Trieste
14	Nurani	Calcutta
19	Nizam	Bombay
26	Wakamiya Maru	Penang
29	Umkuzi	Calcutta

The dates are approximate only.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—2,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 2,000 cwts kirdee seed, K B Sajan.
Olympia s—2,000 cwts mowraseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 10 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.
Denbigh Hall s—60 bales wool, Roopchund Talia; 21 bales wool, G Gamandmal.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—27 cases tea, Latham and Co; 11 bales skins, K B Sajun; 239 cwts sandalwood chips, S Navrojee and Co; 71 bales hides and skins, H N and H Essa; 1 bundle carpet, G P Stavrides and Co; 4,037 cwts cottonseed W Becher; 5 bales gunny bags Lowther and Co.
Lindenhall s—740 cwts bone sinews cratch Ford and Co.

FOR HULL.

Commodore s—310 bales cotton, 32,560 cwt castorseed, and 20,440 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.
Bello s—2,500 cwts cottonseed M Vulubdas.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—1 bundle carpets G P Stavrides and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—2,000 cwts linseed Volkart Bros.
Circassia 652 cwt cummin seed, R Jewandas.

FOR ANTWERP.

Peshawar s—340 bales cotton, and 1,926 cwts rapeseed Ralli Bros.
Linden Hall s—600 tons Manganese ore, Kiddle Reeve, and Co; 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.
Culna s—300 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,001 cwts poppyseed Jehangir Cama and Co 100 bales twist, J. A. Begbie and Co.
Caledonia s—250 tons Manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kallentura s—275 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 100 bales hemp, P Bhimji; 510 bales cotton and 4,017 cwts rapeseed Ralli Bros; 20 bales cotton fly, and 57 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 150 bales twist, J A Begbie and Co; 112 bales cotton fly, Tyabjee and Co; 210 bales twist M M Essubhoy; 2 bales cottonfly, Phirose C Sethna.

FOR GENOA.

Denbigh Hall s—39 bales twist, Hall and Bombay Trading and Co; 102 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
R Rubattino s— carpets, Holl and Bombay Trading Co.

FOR SHANGHAI

Delta s—500 bales twist The M S Kansha 500 bales twist, Tata Son and Co; 525 bales twist, Framjee Sons and Co; 650 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—350 bales twist David Sassoon and Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 2nd Aug. 1907.	Total from 1st April to 2nd Aug. 1907.	For week ending 2nd Aug. 1906.	Total from 1st April to 2nd Aug. 1906.
Vessels piloted into Harbour...	14	396	17	417
Do. do. out of do. ..	17	411	24	414
Do. remained	18	344	13	361
Do. attended to	7	17	..	26
Do. vessel	56	17	28	7

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *August* 13.] [BOMBAY, *August* 14.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent.	Consols ...	81 7/8	1/2	
3 do.	Rentes ...	94 1/3		unchgd
3½ do.	Sterling Loan ...	97 11/16	5/8	
3½ do.	Govt. Securities ...	84 9/16		unchgd
Bar Silver in London	...	31 2/8	1/16	
Do.	do. 2 months' bence	31 7/16	1/8	
Do.	in New York ...	67 7/8		1/8
Exchange on London at Paris ...		25·14 1/2	1/2	
Do.	do. do. Berlin.	20·48 1/2	1/2	
Do.	do. do. New York.	4·86 1/2		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate.		4o/o		Since 25Apl
Do.	Short London Bills,	4½o/o	3/8	
Do.	3 months' sight Indian Bank Bills,	4½	3/8	
Do.	6 months' s'ght 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4½	1/4	
Do.	6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5½	1/4	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...		2½		unchgd
Do. 7-day Market Loans		2½	1/8	

Amount paid into the Bank of England £ 125,000.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... 1s. 3 29/32d. unchgd,

COTTON.

Liverpool:—

Spots	Quiet
Futures	Steady
East Indian...	Quiet
Manchester	Steady
Total Sales	5,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	300 "
Imports	11,000 "
Mid-Americans ...	7·30—18
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown...	10½ unchgd

Future Delivery prices:—

Aug.-Sep.	Sep.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·82	6·67	6·63	6·60
—05	—08	—07	—07
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl	Apr.-May.
6·59	6·58	6·58	6·59	6·60
—07	—07	—08	—08	—08

New York—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 1,000 bales.
Do. do. last year... 8,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ... .
Do. to Continent ... 1,000 "
Spot Cotton.—13·30 unchanged.

Futures.—Month of Dec. 12·17 unchanged. } Declined early owing to daily weather reports indicated beneficial rains and advanced later through bullish weekly weather report.

Do. do. March 12·36 +01

New Orleans:—

Spot Cotton—13 1/8 unchanged.
Futures—Month of October 12·45 +01
Do. do. of Dec. 12·39—09
Closing Tone of Futures.—Steady.

WHEAT.

Red Karachi—34½ New Terms—September-October—London—Dene Canal.
Tone of Wheat.—Quiet.
Wheat afloat for U. K. Qrs. 2,090,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed:—

Yellow Cawnpore, per 415 lbs. 85/o ex-ship 57½ Aug. September H. A. & D. Sellers—Canal.
Brown Cawnpore, 54½ August-September—Hamburg Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firm.

Linseed:—

Bombay per 416 lbs., ex-ship 45, August-September—Hamburg—Sellers Canal.
Tone of Linseed—Dull.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6¾ unchanged.

Rubber—

Para Rubber 4s./9¼d. Sellers.

Metals:—

Copper Braziers ... ... £ 95
Yellow Metal ... ... d. 8 1/4

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [14TH AUGUST, 1907.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates—

Bank of England ... 4 per cent. from 25th April.
Bank of Bengal ..... 3 per cent. " 25th July.
Bank of Bombay..... 3 per cent. " 1st Aug.
Bank of Madras ..... 4 per cent. " 9th July.

Money:—

There is continued ease in the money market. Short Deposits up to two months do not command better than 2½ per cent. per annum.

Exchange:—

There was no change to-day in the market, opening as far as selling rates were concerned at ¼ for telegraphic and 1s. 4 1/32d. for demand Bank bills. There has been very little enquiry for either. Credits, on the other hand, were firm at 1s. 4 9/32 3 months' sight at which bills could only be placed with difficulty. At the close probably nothing better than 1s. 4 5/16 3 months' sight could be done. Far Eastern rates are firmer following the advance in the price of silver.

We quote:—

T. T. on London ... ... 1s. 4d.
Demand Draft ... ... 1s. 4 1/32d.
Credits— 3 months' sight ... 1s. 4 9/32d. to 5/16d.
Do. 6 months' sight ... 1s. 4 1/2d.
Do. 3 months' sight—Francs 170 1/4
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks. 139
Hongkong—30 days' sight ... 164
Yokohama—30 days' sight ... 150
Shanghai— 30 days' sight ... 224

Government Paper:—

The Market opened quiet to-day at Rs. 96 9/16 for ready and Rs. 96 7/16 for the settlement; the weakness being caused by the rather indifferent reception that the Port Trust Loan received at the hands of the Market yesterday. As the day advanced a better feeling set in and rates have advanced 1/16 at which there are buyers. Calcutta market is advised as Rs. 96 5/8 ready and Rs. 96½ for delivery in a month.

We quote:—

Cash ... ... Rs. 96·10
1st Settlement ... ... " 96·8

Bullion:—

On Tuesday Bar Silver in London advanced 1/16 ready to 31 3/8 and 1/8 to 31 7/16 for delivery forward in two months. New York, however, was down 1/8 at 67 7/8. Locally the market has been firm and although opening at 80 1/4 ex-duty for ready bars, the quotation at the close is 80 7/8. Forward rates are given below. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

	Rs	A.	P.
English Bar Gold	24	1	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	0	6
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns ...	15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns ...	15	0	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready ...	80	14	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	80	10	0
Ditto 2nd "	80	8	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—

There is a little change to report in the position of our market to-day. Prices opened steady but there was little enquiry for forward delivery and rates became a shade easier, without however bringing out much business. At the close, after receipt of the Liverpool opener, the market again steadied. For ready Cotton there has been rather more enquiry by shippers, but there is difficulty in obtaining the required selection and only a small business is reported. Mills bought quietly.

NEW CROP.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery
Fine M. G. Broach	276	March 08
Good M. G. Broach	262	"
Fine " Nagpur Kampti.. "	227	Jany. 08
" " Damangaum Poolgaum ... "	229	"
" " Khangaum, Akola "	220	"
Fine " Amraoti.....	220	"
Fine " Muttia	209	"
F.G.M.G. Khandesh ... "	210	"
Fine M. G. " ... "	210	"
" " Bengals ... "	209	"
F.G.H.G. Bengals.....	185/6	"

OLD CROP.

Good Westerns..... 274 August
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar ..... 250 "

Liverpool Opener:—

Opening Tone ... ... Steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 5,000 bales.
Total Imports ... ... 3,000 "

Future Delivery Prices:—

Feb.-March	Mar.-Apr.	Apr.-May	Aug.-Sept.
6·63	6·64	6·66	6·69
+05		+06	—06
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·72	6·68	6·65	6·64	6·63
		+05		

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed:—

We have no change to report in this market which continues quiet but steady as under:—

Ready ... ... Rs. 7 9 0 B. T.
September .. .. " 7 15 0 B. T.

Rapeseed:—

The market is steady and prices are unchanged. We quote:—

Brown Cawnpore ... ... Rs. 9 2 0
Yellow Guzerat ... ... " 10 1 0

Gingellyseed:—

The market is steadier with rather more demand and we quote as follows:—

Bold White 85 p. c. Rs. 49 8 0 Dec. Jan.
" 75 p. c. Rs. 48 8 0 "
Black Kutni ... ... Rs. 44 0 0 "

Castorseed:— Rs. 38 0 0

Tone—easier.

Cottonseed:— Rs. 20 8 0

Tone—quiet.

Poppyseed:— Rs. 10 4 0

Tone—steady.

Mowraseed:— Rs. 5 8 0

Tone—dull.

Wheat:—

White Delhi Aug.-Sept.... ... Rs. 5 4 6
New White Delhi April-May ... " 5 1 3

Tone—steady.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks:—

Bombay 1,397 1/3
India 65 1/3
Indian Specie Bank ... ... 9 Premium.

Mills:—

David 475
Kohinoor ... ... 800 Sept.
Maneckji Petit ... ... 3,465 "

Presses:—

Brent's Cawnpore 212
Volkart's United 1,130

Miscellaneous:—

Badham Pile and Co. 125
Colaba Land and Mill 1,147 1/2
Delhi Flour Mill 160
Treacher and Co. 555

Railways:—

Tapti Valley 460

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday:—

Cotton	2,220 bales.
Wheat	3,420 cwts.
Linseed	1,582 "
Rapeseed...	2,582 "
Gingellyseed	1,347 "
Poppyseed	68 "
Groundnuts	29 "
Castorseed	6,112 "
Rice	5,691 "
Myrabollams	nil
Cottonseed	3,997 "
Mowraseed	11,987 "
Gram	nil "
Joowar	250 "
Maize	nil "

THE INDIAN GOLD MINE RETURNS.

MADRAS, AUGUST 14.

The following London quotations were received through Messrs. Scott and Tod, to-day:—

Mines.	Share.	Paid up.	Buyers.	Sellers.
Anantapur Gold	£1	10s.	£0 8 9	£0 11 3
Balaghat	£1	£1	£0 8 6	£0 9 9
Champion Reefs	2s. 6d.	2s. 6d.	£0 7 3	£0 8 9
Ooregum Gold	£1	15s. 6d.	£0 2 3	£0 2 3
Dec. G. F. Dev.....	£1	8s. 0d.	£0 2 3	£0 2 9
Dhar. Gold Mines ..	£1	£1	£1 6 3	£1 10 0
Dharwar Reefs.....	£1	£1	£0 17 3	£0 18 9
G. F. Mysore	£1	£1	£0 1 0	£0 3 0
Glenrock, Ind	10s.	9s. 9d.	£0 0 3	£0 0 9
G. F. Dharwar.....	£1	£1	£0 16 0	£0 17 9
Hutti	£1	£1	£1 11 3	£1 13 9
Hyderabad Dec	£3	£3	£2 1 3	£2 3 9
Ind. Mines Stg	£1	£1	£0 0 9	£0 1 0
Kempinkoti New	5s.	5s.	£0 0 6	£0 1 0
Mysore Gold	10s.	10s.	£5 10 0	£5 15 0
Mysore Reef Ord....	£1	£1	£0 0 1½	£0 0 7½
Mysore West	£1	19s.	£0 0 6	£0 0 6
Mysore Wynaad	£1	19s.	£0 0 0	£0 0 6
Nundydroog	10s.	10s.	£1 4 0	£1 5 0
Ooregum (Ord)	10s.	10s.	£0 5 6	£0 6 6
Coregum (Pref)	10s.	10s.	£0 9 6	£0 10 6
Road Block	£1	£1	£0 0 1½	£0 0 4½
Sangli (New)	£1	18s.	£0 0 3	£0 0 3
Tapuldadi	£1	15s.	£0 8 9	£0 11 3

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 14.

Freights.—The market has remained steady at last week's rates with practically no business passing. Shippers show no inclination to take up tonnage for forward positions.

Engagements.—The Ellerman Line's small lots, totalling about 1,000 tons, September, Liverpool, are quoted at 17s; Glasgow, at 17s. 6d.; speculators August, 800 tons, Antwerp, at 17s 6d.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade.....	0	0	6
B Mandvi, Chukla, Comerkhadi and Dongri	0	0	10
C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	15
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	0	0	13
E Mazgon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	30
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	11
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	9
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	5
Total	0	0	99
Total plague deaths to date = 160,934			
Same date last year..... 10		7	151

CHOLERA.

Attacks.	Deaths.
8	8

THE firm of Alex. McKenzie & Sons, Byculla Saw Mills & Timber Works has been formed into a Limited Company, and the business will be carried on from 1st August 1907, under the name of McKenzies' Saw Mills, Ld., under the Agency of the Bombay Company, Ld.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

RIACH—August 9, at Ootacamund, the wife of Major Riach, R. E., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

LEGGETT—DYSON—July 4, at the Cathedral, Mombasa, British East Africa, by the Right Rev. The Bishop of Mombasa, Major R. H. M. Leggett, D. S. O., Royal Engineers, eldest son of Major Leggett, late 77th Regt. to Ada Mary, eldest daughter of John Dyson, Esq., of Moorlands, Merriott, Somersetshire, formerly Judicial Commissioner of Oudh.

WALKER—McIVER—August 10, at Karachi, Arthur Dunbar Walker, Royal Engineers, youngest son of the late Major-General A. Walker, C. S. I., R. A., and of Mrs. Walker of Lee-on-Solent, Hants, to Ethel Muriel, third daughter of Charles McIver, Esq., late Bombay Police.

DEATHS.

FERRAR—July 16, at Sea, "Castalia" near Aden, Blanche Mary Agnes, the beloved wife of Walter Inglis Ferrar, Resident Engineer, E. I. Ry., aged 26 years.

OWEN—August 11, at Hazaribagh, Charles John Owen, Interpreter, High Court, and eldest son of the late J. C. Owen, formerly Chief Interpreter and Translator, High Court.

WALSH—August 8, at Berghelm, Ootacamund, Edmund Walsh, of the Waverly Estate, Annamalai Hills, aged 64.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

DHANAMAL CHELLARAM,
62-64, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY.
A LARGE Assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER-WARE, JAPANESE SILKS, CHINESE SILKS, FLOWERED and EMBROIDERED; CREPES—EMBROIDERED; SILK DRESSES and BLOUSES—EMBROIDERED Always in Stock
JAPANESE, CHINESE, EGYPTIAN, and PERSIAN CURIOSITIES displayed in large Variety.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 19m. Sun sets, 7h. 7m. High water, 2-45m., 3-0a. Low water, 8-21m., 9-9a.
Municipal Corporation, 3-39p.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Friday, August 16.—P. and O. s.s. Oceana, with English Mails of 2nd instant., due to arrive at 9 a. m. Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Royal Scots "B" Team vs. Y. M. C. A. Sun rises, 6h. 20m. Sun sets, 7h. 6m. High water, 3-39m., 3-47a. Low water, 9 2 m., 9-59 s.

Saturday, August 17.—Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m., Rovers vs. Royal Scot's "A" Team. Wilson College: Lecture on researches of the Plague Commission, 6-30 p. m. Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana vs. New Shivaji Cricket Club. Sun rises, 6h. 20m.; Sun sets, 7h. 6m. High water, 4-49m., 4-41a.; Low water, 10-21m., 11-14a.

Sunday, August 18.—12th Sunday after Trinity. Sun rises, 6h. 20m. Sun sets, 7h. 5m. High water 6-10m., 5-52a. Low water, 0-10a.

Monday, August 19.—Sun rises 6h. 20m. Sun sets, 7h. 4m. High water, 7-39m., 7-15a. Low water, 0-38m. 1-50a.

Tuesday, August 20.—Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills, 7 Marine Street, 3-30 and 4 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 21m. Sun sets, 7h. 4m. High water, 8-52m., 8-31a. Low water, 1-49m., 2-0a.

Wednesday, August 21.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Gymkhana Mud Sports, 5-30p.m. Harwood Association Football League, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m. Royal Scots "A" Team vs. Customs. Sun rises, 6h. 21m. Sun sets, 7h. 3m. High water, 9-48m., 9-36a. Low water, 2-50m., 3-54a.

LOSS OF BULLION.—The Assistant Purser of the P. and O. s. s. "Persia," now lying at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock, reported to the police yesterday that on Monday last while giving delivery of bullion to the different bank officials, one bar of silver was missing. It was valued at Rs. 2,500. It is believed that it may have been mistallied at Aden when being transhipped from the s. s. "Mongolia."

A TOTTERING BUILDING.—Information was received yesterday that a two storeyed-house belonging to one Hemraj Khimji, and situated on Ripon Road, was in an unsafe condition. On a warning, the occupants vacated the building, leaving their belongings behind. The Engineering Department of the Municipality have taken the needful precautionary measures.

DEATH FROM SHOCK.—One Aminabai, an old Mahomedan mendicant woman, aged over seventy years, while crossing Parel Road yesterday, was frightened at a passing electric tram car and she fell to the ground. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where it was ascertained she had sustained no injuries. However, she, being very old, was detained in the hospital for treatment, but she died later from the shock sustained.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia, per s.s. *Oceanien*, will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 A. M. to-morrow the 16th instant. Parcel mail for French China, Netherlands, India and Japan close at 10 A. M. on the same day.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China and Japan, per extra s. s. *Kagoshima Maru*, will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 P. M. on Monday the 19th instant. Parcel Mail for Japan close at 2 P. M. on the same day.

ILLICIT POSSESSION OF COCAINE.—At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, yesterday, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Inspector Fuller charged Daya Nansi, a Hindu, with having in his possession one bottle and twenty-two packets of cocaine without licence from the Collector of Customs. The evidence showed that on receiving certain information, Abkari Inspector De Souza, with the assistance of Mr. Fuller, raided the accused's house at Pinjrapole, and on searching his room recovered the cocaine. The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 30.

MUSIC AT GREEN'S.—The following programme of Music will be played at Green's Garden from 7 to 9 p. m. to-day:—

March.....	Le Regiment favori..... D'Erl
Overture	Bastien Le Savoyard ..... Metra
Waltz	Donauweibchen ..... J. Strauss
Selection	The Cingalee ..... Monckton
Mazurka	Entre nous ..... J. Schr mmel
Intermezzo	Orynthia ..... Hume
Waltz	Sobre las Olas ..... Rosas
Two-Step	The Dandy Coon ..... Darewski

BAND AT ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—By kind permission of Lt.-Colonel J. S. McNeill, V. D., and Officers of 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry., Vol. String Band will play the following programme of Music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 5-15 p.m. to-day:—

March.....	The Lion's Bride..... G R Priel
Overture	Zampa ..... Herold
Selection	Lorenzis Borgis..... Possenetti
Serenade	Standchen ..... Schubert
Selection	The Country Girl ..... Monckton
Valse	Monte Carlo..... M Depret

KIDNAPPING AND ROBBING CHILDREN.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, sentenced Bajabai, a Hindu woman, to an accumulated term of two months' rigorous imprisonment for kidnapping and robbing two minors of their ornaments. Inspector De Burgh prosecuted. It appeared that on two occasions, the accused relieved two young Hindu girls of their ornaments, putting them into the fright of being robbed by others. The young ones consented and the accused when about to make off, was chased by townsmen and arrested,

THE ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM.—The Committee of the Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, acknowledge with thanks the following donations, etc., in the months of May, June and July:—Mr. G. M. Karekar, shillings 10; Mr. Javerdas Kuberdase Rs. 50 for sweetmeats; Anonymous Rs. 20; Messrs. Sunderdas Narendas, Bazjiwan Waljt and Gopaldas Doongersbi 20, blankets 304, night caps 165, choli cloth pieces and 24 baniana; Mr. Gopaldas Lilladhar 4 pieces calico, rice 2 bags and dall 1 bag; Messrs. Gopaldas Madhavji Jariwalla, Tokershi Moolji, Balabhai Ganputrao Chintoba Chhapurwalla, Devchand Raoji, Sunderji Kalyanji and Satta Bazaar Brokers' Association fruit; Mr. Purshotam Dayal Narsi feast to the inmates; Chuna Bhatty, Madanpoora and Dhobi Talao grain merchants, Khalasi Chakla silk-merchants, and Messrs. Tokershi Moolji, Manekchan Morarji, Poonjia Hira, Haneraj Bhamal, Anand Mooljt, Velji Vaijpar, Hirji Naghi, Jetat Lakhdhir, Manekji Merwanji, Manekji Jethabhai Vardhwan, Korshi Ladha, Obhaya Lalji, Hansraj Natansbi, Damodar Purshotam, Pachan Devshi, Dayi Khetsi, Lalji Bhoja and Fagirvan Baloo, two annas.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman presided at a sitting of the Court yesterday.

RE VALI MAHOMED VAIYA.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained the usual interim order.

RE VIRMULL GUMANIRAM AND OTHERS.

Mr. Jafferbhai Rahimtula appeared on behalf of the second insolvent and applied for two months' extension of time for the filing of the schedule. Counsel said that the first insolvent was dead. The insolvency was a heavy one, and the second insolvent attended the office of the Official Assignee regularly, but as the accounts were complicated and lengthy, he was not able to complete them. His Lordship granted the extension asked for.

RE NANA BANU MAIGAONKAR AND OTHERS.

Mr. Indrajit Kallabhoy appeared on behalf of the Official Assignee and applied for the examination of the insolvents and their nephew under section 36 of the Insolvency Act, Counsel said that, in this matter, a rule had been taken out against the insolvents calling upon them to appear before the Official Assignee. In pursuance of the rule, the insolvents appeared before that officer on the 8th instant, but the answers they gave regarding their property were not satisfactory, and hence the present application had to be made to have the insolvents examined before the Court.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvents, said that his clients had sold the properties in dispute six years before the filing of the petition, and the dispute regarding possession lay between the former purchaser and the present creditor who had purchased the property from the Official Assignee. He had however, no objection to the insolvents being examined by the Court. His Lordship granted the application.

RE JEHANGIR DOSABHOY MODY.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent was granted leave to serve notices and to amend the schedule.

RE PESTONJEE JEHANGIR HORMUSJEE.

In this matter, his Lordship had ordered the *viva voce* examination of the insolvent and his creditors in order to determine whether the insolvent had committed an act of insolvency. The Hon. Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, appeared for a creditor, Noor Mahomed Cassum, and Mr. Rustom Wadia for another, creditor, under instructions from Messrs Bhaishanker, Kanga, and Girdharlal; and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs Nanu and Hormusjee, for the insolvent.

Mr. Raikes said he did not wish to oppose the revocation of the adjudication, his client was satisfied that, if the order was revoked the insolvent would pay all his creditors in full, including the learned counsel's client.

Mr. Wadia said he did not know of the settlement arrived at, but his client wanted time to consider his position as to whether he should proceed with the opposition.

Mr. Jinnah objected to any postponement, and said that the examination was fixed for that day, and he was ready to go on. By the examination, the Court would ascertain, whether an act of insolvency had been committed by the insolvent. Mr.

SPEND BOTH SIDES OF YOUR RUPEES

by purchasing materials that will

wear twice as long under all conditions, look twice as well after a deal of wear, at half the cost of shoddy cloths that are

only made to sell at an exhorbitant profit.

Remember that materials not composed of Pure Wool throughout look shabby and get thread-bare in no time.

Stick to Pure Wool if you would be comfortable during the season of 'clammy clothes'.

Pure Wool will guard you from chills and the consequent dangerous fevers.

The purity of DHARIWAL material is guaranteed.

DHARIWAL PURE WOOL MATERIALS

consist of :—

Blankets	Broadcloths
Flannels	Serges
Lohis	Puttoos
Puttis	Tweeds
Jerseys	Cardigans
Sweaters	Stockings
Socks etc :	etc :

Samples and full particulars sent on receipt of a post-card to The Manager, Dept., 4.

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD.,

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

GALLERY OF ENGRAVINGS, ETCHINGS,

AND

SPORTING PICTURES

SUITABLE FOR

BIRTHDAY

AND

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Price Rs. 10 to Rs. 30 Framed.

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,

56, Esplanade Road, Fort.

Opposite BOMBAY CLUB

KING, KING & CO.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.;

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection, with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs HENRY S. KING & Co., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON.

HENRY S. KING & CO.

BEYNON & CO.,

FOR

The most recently introduced

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET REQUISITES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, etc.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

"OTANGO."

A protection against Mosquitoes and bites of all insects.

Per bottle Re. 1-0

BEYNON & CO.,

55, ESPLANADE

BRANCH :—

51, WALKESHWAR ROAD, MALABAR HILL,

BOMBAY.

UNIVERSAL SCISSORS,

18 Tools ingeniously combined in 1, Rs. 3.

J. G. GAJJAR & CO.,

SHAMSET STREET, MARKET,

BOMBAY

THE

BOMBAY ELECTRIC CO.,

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS

TO

H. E. LORD LAMINGTON,

Governor of Bombay.

9, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

INDIAN SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

REGISTERED CAPITAL.....Rs. **2,00,00,000**
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. **1,50,00,000**

HEAD OFFICE :
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES :
CALCUTTA, SURAT, AHMEDABAD, & KARACHI.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and 2 per cent. interest is allowed on amounts of Rs. 200 and upwards

FIXED DEPOSITS.

INTEREST, at the rate of 4½ per cent., is allowed on Fixed Deposits for twelve months certain.

RATES of INTEREST for shorter periods may be ascertained at the Bank's Office.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

ACCOUNTS are opened in the Savings Bank and Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, &c.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and Cash Credits are given, on terms arranged, upon approved Security.

SHARES and GOVERNMENT PAPER are received for safe Custody and Interest is recovered upon them.

Particulars may be ascertained on application.

CHOONILAL DHARAMDAS SARAIYA,
Managing Director.

BLUTHNER

Pianoforte Maker to Her Majesty QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

BLUTHNER PIANOS

ARE

The Most Successful Pianos in the World.

Dr. PAUL in his "History of the Pianoforte" says:—

"The Bluthner Pianofortes Maintain the first position in the World."

A statement so authoritatively proclaimed renders it unnecessary for us to mention further claims for consideration to Purchasers of

BLUTHNER PIANOS.

The BLUTHNER PIANOS are not pianos manufactured for Commercial Competition, but are specially built on the Soundest Musical principles and for those who appreciate the highest and best Ideals of Music.

The BLUTHNER PIANOS are specially built for the climate of India. They have a thirty years' record in this country for being the best Pianos for standing in tune.

SOLE AGENTS :

MARCKS & CO., Ltd.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

STOP!!!

CONSIDER THIS!!!

THEN PROVE IT!!!

WHY BE BOTHERED With Bad Work

WHEN YOU CAN GET

High Class Portraiture

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

Cabinet Platinotype.....Rs. 25 per doz.
" Silver ..... Rs. 16 per doz.

OTHER SIZES ON APPLICATION.

OURS IS THE COOLEST STUDIO IN BOMBAY.

Amateurs will receive our best attention in developing, printing, enlarging, etc.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF ALL LOCAL EVENTS ALWAYS ON VIEW.

N. B.—We shall be glad to send our representative to any out-station.

PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

BOURNE & SHEPHERD,

OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPHERS,

WHITEAWAY'S BUILDING,

32, HORNBY ROAD.

PETROL.

SHELL BRAND

IMPORTED BY THE

ASIATIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,

AGENTS :

FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY & CO.,

At SHALEBHOY TYEBJEE & SONS'

SHIP CHANDLERS' STORE,

DALAL LANE, FORT, BOMBAY,

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK,

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

THE NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, OOTACAMUND.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LADIES OF THE "FRANCISCAINES MISSIONNAIRES DE MARIE."

THE COURSE OF EDUCATION for all Classes includes the subjects required for the Public Examinations of the Indian Government. Pupils are also prepared for the Local Cambridge Examinations.

Instruction in Singing, Musical Drill, and Needlework, both Fancy and Plain, is given to all Classes.

A Special Class, for Children of Ladies, is also held or Reserved Class Boarders.

TERMS ON APPLICATION TO THE LADY SUPERIOR,

The NAZARETH CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
OOTACAMUND, NILGHERRIES.

ENTERIC.

PLAGUE. CHOLERA. DYSENTERY.

ALONG WITH

ACCIDENTS FROM ALL ORDINARY SPORTS

COVERED BY

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LD.

Premium Rs. 90 Yearly for Rs. 15,000 Policy.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., BOMBAY.

LONDON IN BOMBAY
LONDON IN BOMBAY.
LONDON IN BOMBAY.

BUCHANAN'S

"BLACK & WHITE"

SCOTCH WHISKY

Sold Everywhere.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

THURSDAY, AUG. 15, 1907.

THE GROWTH OF INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

In view of the interest which the Hague Conference is evoking throughout the civilized world it is interesting to inquire how the Conference came to assemble, and how the practise of international arbitration—a subject which has loomed large in the debates of the Conference—came into being. Civil arbitration within a particular State is, of course, a procedure of great age and time-honoured reputation, having especially flourished in ancient Greece and Rome, but International Arbitration is essentially a modern product, not traceable beyond the Middle Ages, when first international relations began to exist. After the idea of a comity of nations under a Christian Emperor and a Christian Pope had arisen in Europe it is not surprising to find that Popes and Emperors, particularly the former, were frequently appealed to, to settle differences between the many jarring interests of those times. Thus History tells of the famous mediation of Innocent III between King John, "the worst king that England ever had," and his rebellious barons, of the mediation of Boniface VIII between Edward I of England and Philip the Fair of France, and of Leo X between the impecunious Emperor Maximilian and the Doge of Venice. And the pages of English history record instances of French mediation such as that between the incompetent Henry III and his sturdy barons. When with the Reformation the power of the Empire and the Papacy declined and the rivalry of nations became more intense, mediation became rarer, but statesmen and philosophers from time to time made note worthy proposals for the peaceable submission of differences to Congresses or Diets. Thus Sully, the great minister of Henry IV of France, proposed a general Council of fifteen European States for the settlement of international differences. Nearly two centuries later Jeremy Bentham and Immanuel Kant made similar proposals, but, as the French Revolutionary wars were proceeding, the season for arbitration projects was inopportune. With the Great Peace of 1815, however, organised efforts on behalf of arbitration began to manifest them selves in various ways. American Peace Societies urged the establishment of a standing "Court of Nations." Then, about half a century ago, Legislative Assemblies began to interest themselves in the matter, and the American Senate voted in favour of inserting arbitration clauses in treaties. Cobden advocated a proposition in the British House of Commons in similar terms, and although it was lost, in 1849, a similar motion was carried in 1873, an example which the Dutch, Italian and Belgian Chambers immediately followed. Whilst Parliaments were thus interesting themselves in the matter, associations of learned men, chiefly international jurists, were being formed for the purpose of codifying the Law of Nations—the *Jus Gentium* of Maine—and for the furtherance of international arbitration. Such was "the Permanent Parliamentary Committee in favour of Arbitration and Peace" which, formed in 1888, now conducts annual conferences and has its permanent office at Berne. These facts amply show that public opinion was flowing strongly in favour of arbitration in international disputes, and, as we shall shortly see, the second half of the 19th century witnessed many instances of States submitting their differences to boards of arbitration. Still, all the good intentions and the efforts of voluntary associations have been thrown into the shade by the Peace Conference initiated by the Tsar and held at the Hague in 1899, an accredited Congress which arranged for the establishment of a permanent Arbitration Tribunal, and which accomplished so much good work in matters of international moment that it was followed after a lapse of eight years by the important Conference now sitting.

Fortunately there has been no mere barren progress of principle but solid advance in the practice of international arbitration, during recent years. The disputes which have been determined by this method may be arranged in two groups; first, those which have arisen between State and State in their sovereign capacities; second, those in which one State has made a demand upon some other State in behalf of some individual or set of individuals whose interests it was bound to protect. To the former group belong questions of boundaries on land and fisheries at sea, to the latter pecuniary claims in respect of such acts as breaches of neutrality or unlawful arrests and seizures committed by the subjects of one State upon those of another. Under the first and more important of these groups, "territorial disputes" as we might call them, arbitration has of late become the rule. Under this heading would be grouped the various boundary disputes along the American-Canadian line, the territorial dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela with regard to British Guiana, the Behring Sea seal fisheries and the Newfoundland Fishery question. Great Britain has twice submitted to arbitration disputes with the United States relative to boundaries. On the first occasion—the Maine boundary—the decision of the King of Holland, the chosen arbitrator, was repudiated owing to excess of jurisdiction, but in the San Juan case of 1872, a board of arbitrators, appointed by the Kaiser, decided adversely to Great Britain, and yet their award was loyally accepted. As some compensation, however, for this disappointment, the arbitrators in the Behring seal fishery question decided in favour of the British claims on all counts.

In regard to the second group of cases submissible to arbitration the most prominent example is again a matter in dispute between Great Britain and America. This is the famous "Alabama" case. The British Government was charged with failing, despite sufficient information, to prevent its subjects from building and equipping a ship of war named the "Alabama," which rendered great service to the Southern States of the Union in the great American Civil War forty years ago. In other words, a charge of breach of neutrality was made. The British Government expressed contrition and the pecuniary claims were referred to a board of five arbitrators, three of whom were chosen by foreign potentates. The result was that the British Government was fined three and a half millions sterling for the damages wrought by the "Alabama" and some other ships whose equipment in England the Government had not exerted "due diligence" to prevent. Arbitration to settle disputes arising from illegal seizures and arrests is very common, and States are thus often brought to book for injuries done to the subjects of other States. Where there is no question about the fact, and pecuniary damages have simply to be assessed for an admitted grievance, the matter is often not brought before an international tribunal, but settled by a mixed commission consisting of members of the two nations concerned. Such commissions have been most frequently resorted to for settling the indemnities to be paid to non-combatants in respect of losses occasioned by war. But the system of mixed commissions is of less interest in illustrating the history of international arbitration than the method of submitting disputes to foreign arbitrators, which was exemplified above. A good list of international arbitration cases is to be found in Professor Moore's monumental work on the subject, and we find that twenty-one territorial disputes were submitted either to international arbitration or mixed commissions between 1814 and the end of the century while the number of claims in respect of seizures and arrests and miscellaneous claims for damages settled in one of these two ways is greater still. But more important than the settlement of specific differences by arbitration is the formation of conventions providing for international arbitration of all differences as regards certain subjects. Many Treaties contain such clauses whereby disputes in regard to *e. g.* commerce and navigation will be always settled by arbitration and never be allowed to bring about hostilities. There are even a few powers, notably the smaller ones, which have ventured to make conventions for the settlement by international arbitration of all differences without exception. It is too soon to expect that the greater powers with their intenser rivalry and greater interests will follow suit in this particular. But there is little doubt that the establishment of a permanent tribunal at the Hague, of which the machinery is at the present Conference being perfected and its scope extended, should do much to restrict warfare in the future, by inducing nations to submit to arbitration questions of interpretation of ambiguous treaties and disputed boundaries such as have in the past so frequently eventuated in bloody wars. If much was accomplished in this direction during the 19th century by the spontaneous action of individual States it is to be anticipated that organisations like the Hague Conference will still further focus and fructify civilized opinion in the twentieth.

POLITICS ON THE BENCH.

The amusing horror of a number of members of the political party at present in power, at the discovery that a large proportion of the magistrates of England are of the political opinions of the late Government, has come to a head in the deputation of about sixty Liberal county members which recently waited on the Prime Minister. It is many months now since it was first pointed out how heinous was the crime of a Conservative Government appointing Conservative magistrates, and it is the same number of months since the remedy was suggested, namely, for a Liberal Government to appoint as many Liberal magistrates as possible. What many people have failed to see is how a man's political views influence his dispensation of justice according to the written law by which he has to abide. And if the Game Laws—which are supposed to be professedly anathema to all Liberals—are excluded, the question becomes well nigh unanswerable. When, however, the matter is looked at from a broader point of view, the case gains more sympathy. And the Deputation will win over many to their side because by trying to deny the true meaning of their action they have acknowledged its strength. "They made their representation," said the memorial," not on the principle of Tammany Hall—"To the victors the spoils"—but in the cause of justice and good Liberalism. They thoroughly recognized that the position of a Justice of the Peace was judicial, not social or political, and that in order that the best traditions of public life should prevail the office should only be filled by men of high character and ability. At the same time it could not be in the interests of justice that the county benches should be composed mainly of men holding reactionary views on the social questions of the day, or that men who worked for the Progressive Party should thereby be prejudiced in their desire to take part in public work." Mr. C. S. Henry, the Member for Mid Shropshire, made the case both pathetic and humorous. Some time ago he submitted thirteen names. After four months, fifteen magistrates were appointed. Only six were Mr. Henry's nominees, eight, to use his own words, "were recognized Tories," one was doubtful. Mr. Mansfield added a further touch of humour because he cut all the ground away from beneath Mr. Henry's argument. Having quoted figures he denied their accuracy because "many of the so called Liberals are fair-weather Liberals who settle into Toryism the moment they get what they want." A very serious admission as to the honesty of the political opinions of the supporters of any party. In the opinion of the members who signed the memorial, the real tests for a seat on the bench should be character, ability, and an eagerness to perform public duties; and during the life of the present Parliament, having regard to the great disparity between the two parties now existing, preference should be given to the men of Progressive views. "They were fully aware that a large number of Liberals had been appointed by the Lord Chancellor. But it had been stated that for every thirty Liberals placed on the bench, even now, ten Tories were appointed." Which can be read either as *pax victis* or "the spoils to the victors," without any difference of meaning. It is an honour coveted by many to add the letters J. P. to their name and it is still an honour—though, perhaps, less regarded than formerly—because the Lord Chancellor exercises a strict veto in the appointments made. But if the suggestion is seriously made that a man's ability to discharge magisterial functions depends on his political views, then we must emphatically dissent from that opinion. Sound judgment and sympathy are the two chief requirements, and it is only natural that those who make the recommendations for appointments should look for these by no means uncommon qualities amongst their friends in public life. It is the intention of the present Government to equalise the balance of political opinion on the Bench. They are right to do so. There are quite as good men in the Liberal Party or Labour Party as there are in the Conservative Party, and *vice versa*. Therefore, let the spoils go to the victors, as they always will, without any unnecessary protest of pious horror.

NAVAL CHANGES.

The announcement that thirty-two vessels have been transferred from the Home Fleet to the Channel Fleet may be regarded as indication that the demands of the Service papers, that Lord Charles Beresford should have his fleet completed, have carried weight. It is highly probable that the vague message means that thirty-two destroyers have been transferred, four Flotillas drawn from Portsmouth, Devonport, Sheerness and Portland. Up to the present time the Channel Fleet which is commonly regarded as the fighting arm of the navy, has, for some unaccountable reason, been without destroyers. On the other hand the German Fleet in the North Sea is fully equipped with destroyers and it is amazing that the disparity has been allowed to exist so long. The change now made is an excellent proof of the value of Lord Charles Beresford in command of the Channel Fleet. In the event of any serious disagreement with Continental Powers a transfer of the vessels would have been imperative and, in its execution, clumsy. The present transfer coincides with the friendly visits contemplated between the King and the Kaiser and, except as the rectification of a bad mistake, will pass unheeded. That the Channel Fleet will never be required to operate against any Continental Power is hoped by all, but that is not sufficient reason to deprive it of one of its most important branches whereas the remotest possibility of employment is fully sufficient reason for giving the necessary opportunity of testing the fleet and its capabilities to the utmost.

THE Florio and Rubattino Company's s.s. *Levanzo* left Hongkong for Singapore and Penang on the 14th instant.

CHAPTERS VII and VIII of our new Serial Story, "The Wooing of Lilac," by T. W. Hanshew, will be found on page 6 of to-day's issue.

THE N. Y. K. Steamer *Kagoshima Maru* left Moji for Hongkong, and the same Company's s.s. *Totomi Maru* left Colombo for Bombay, both on the 13th instant.

AT a parade held the other day at the Regimental headquarters of the Coldstream Guards, Professor W. R. Lang, of the University of Toronto, by the authority and in the name of the Senate, handed to Colonel F. I. Maxse, commanding the Regiment, a diploma conferring on Lieutenant J. Mackenzie Rogan the honorary degree of Doctor of Music.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway for the week ending 22nd June last amounted to Rs. 3,112, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 1,163. The total earnings from 1st January to 30th June last were Rs. 62,396, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 10,361.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 22nd June last amounted to Rs. 6,440, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 722. The total earnings from 1st January to 30th June last were Rs. 1,44,908, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 16,958.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 22nd June last amounted to Rs. 16,672, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 4,276. The total earnings from 1st January to 30th June last were Rs. 6,63,808, being a decrease on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 61,942.

THE *Financial Times* concludes an article on "The Progress of Ceylon," with special reference to Sir Henry Blake's farewell statement, with these words :—"Sir Henry's remarks should encourage not only those who have embarked money in rubber cultivation in the island, but also investors in Ceylon Tea Companies, for those undertakings will undoubtedly find in rubber a remunerative product that should materially assist in increasing their profits."

ON Messrs Julius and Creasy's application, supported by an affidavit by Captain Bucknell, of the liner *Bloemfontein*, the Tuticorin Swadeshi Company's steamer *Lawoe* was arrested at Colombo on the 8th instant and sued for £3,280 for damages caused by the recent collision with the former steamer at Colombo. The Attorney of the Swadeshi Company appeared before the Registrar of the Supreme Court and offered security. He was directed to find security in Rs. 60,000.

A SENSATION has been created in the musical world by the announcement that Miss Maud MacCarthy, the well-known violinist, is abandoning her musical career to study Theosophy, having come very strongly under the influence of Mrs. Annie Besant. She has already cancelled all her engagements. By lovers of music her resolve is described as a tragedy, after the tributes won by her from critics and the public in three Continents.

She has been hailed as the artistic successor of Joachim. At the height of a fame that all might envy she lays her violin aside.

OTHER efforts having failed to recover the body of a man who was drowned whilst bathing at West Bay, Bridport, the coastguards resorted to the expedient of firing a gun. At the fourth discharge the body rose, and a boat brought it to the shore.

A man named Simper, aged thirty-six years, of Woadborough, Wiltshire, has met his death under peculiar circumstances. Whilst walking in his garden he was stung behind the ear by a bee. The sting was removed, but Simper died in a few moments.

AFTER the Haywards Heath magistrates had fined a motorist £5 and costs, a gentleman in court presented a cheque for the amount. The Bench refused it, having recently had a motorist's cheque returned by the bank. The clerk remarked, "Once bit, twice shy."

THE noble families of Prussian Poland have become so numerous as almost to swamp the common people of the province. The priest of the village of Konitz replied to a circular issued by the Government that every one of the 400 families in his congregation was of noble birth.

FRANCES BRADLEY STORR, the Doncaster girl, twelve years of age, who has already preached in many towns to congregations varying from 1,000 to 1,500, writes out her sermons in full, but goes into the pulpit with a postcard containing the principal heads, trusting to her memory to fill in the details. Her sermons last from twenty-five to forty minutes.

THE Colonial Conference has had an interesting sequel. On August 16 a marriage will take place between Sir George Doughty and Miss Eugenie Bertuance Stone, who formed one of the party that accompanied the Australian Premiers to this country. Miss Stone, who is a daughter of Mr. John Stone, of Melbourne, enjoys considerable distinction in Australia as a novelist and a writer of verse.

MR. COSTELLO, of whom "St. Martin's-le-Grand" gives a biography, has been for fifty years in charge of the Dover Town office, and sixty years in the service of telegraphy. When he joined, the shortest telegram from London to Ramsgate, cost 16s., with an extra shilling for delivery outside the station. He has never taken annual leave.

PLAYS AND PASTIMES.

THE CLOSE SEASON.

Mr. Hayden Coffin.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 26.

The Close Season continues, so far as the world of entertainment is concerned. In the vernacular of the dramatic profession there is "nothing on." The Strand and its environs are filled with blue chinned gentlemen and loudly dressed ladies who stroll listlessly here and there between their favourite summer resorts; a great number of the theatres are dark and dusty and empty; the music halls are peculiarly quiet and respectable. As the fair ladies of the chorus remark, things generally are "off colour." All the seaside towns are filled now with entertainment parties recruited from the lyric and variety stages, but even there affairs this year have assumed a disastrous aspect. The appalling summer weather has very nearly, if not entirely, ruined the seaside concert business, and the distress amongst the humbler professionals is this season, if anything, greater than ever.

MR. HAYDEN COFFIN.

Nothing has been more significant during the past year than the extraordinary number of ladies and gentlemen who are migrating (temporarily or otherwise) from the legitimate stage to the music halls. The latest is Mr. Hayden Coffin. I am enabled to make the highly interesting announcement that a contract was signed this morning, as a result of which Mr. Coffin will, within the next few weeks, begin a lengthy tour of the Moss-Stoll Empires. Mr. Stoll, in confirming the news, remarked :—"Yes; it is quite true. At last I have been able to persuade Mr. Coffin to appear at the provincial and district halls under our management. Mr. Coffin has signed to appear in town and country, starting on August bank holiday. It is an arrangement that will, I think, be mutually advantageous." On this tour, which is, of course, Mr. Coffin's first appearance on the variety stage, this highly accomplished vocalist will draw largely upon the "popular" numbers in his repertory. Such songs as "Tommy Atkins" and "The Village Blacksmith" should make an immediate appeal to the modern music-hall audience.

MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL AND MR. TREE.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell who seems, sadly enough, to have tired of London will commence an autumn tour next week at the Opera House, Blackpool, playing these three famous parts—"Magda," "Hedda Gabler" and "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray." The tour will last for twelve weeks, during which time the principal towns in the provinces will be visited, and will terminate at the Gaiety Theatre, Dublin, on October 26th. Miss Stella Patrick Campbell will accompany her mother and play in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" and "Magda." Mr. Beerbohm Tree also shortly starts on his autumn tour taking with him a tremendous repertory and an extraordinarily strong cast. He returns to London in December, and has not as yet decided finally whether he will then appear in "The Mystery of Edwin Drood" or "The Beloved Vagabond." Meanwhile nothing—absolutely nothing—is happening in town. This week, it is true, a little farce was produced, which I have not yet seen. But from all accounts it is not a very ambitious affair.

THE VARIETY STAGE.

As with the theatres so with the music halls. For the moment they are the dullest places alive. The living statue boom has ended. The London County Council, that peculiar and somewhat irresponsible guardian of London's morals, has driven the living statue from our midst. So the managers are now scouring the universe for a fresh novelty. I wonder what it will be this time. Somehow or other these periodical "novelty crazes" grow rather tiresome and one could wish that a few really good comic singers were waiting to be discovered. Perhaps, for all I know, they are waiting, but at any rate the discovery has not yet been made. The truth is that comic singing has at the present moment reached a peculiarly mediocre level. Many of the older artists still hold their own, but there are few if any new "stars." I myself—although by no means a veteran—can remember when the conditions of the music halls were entirely different. I can remember that quaint and original comic singer T. W. Barrett, upon whom half the men singing to-day have moulded their styles. In conection with "Tommy" Barrett—a half humorous, half pathetic, story is going the round of the variety theatres this week. It appears that a gentleman, for many years a resident in India, arrived in London a week ago and in the evening drove to the London Pavilion. "Is Tommy Barrett on to-night?" he enquired at the box office. The box office keeper stared. "Barrett—Tommy—I've never heard of him—does he act in a Sketch Sir?"

"Act in a sketch! He 's a comic singer. The best in London or used to be."

At this juncture the manager arrived.

"Could you tell me if Tommy Barrett is singing in London now"? asked the gentleman from India. The manager stared and smiled. I'm afraid not," he answered; "why, it must be nearly twenty years since he last sang here."

"And where is he now?"

"Somewhere in the country."

"Still alive then?"

"Oh yes."

"And doing well?"

"I 'm afraid not. You see we have so many "Barretts" now."

The gentleman from India departed, expressing surprise and disappointment. What the manager said is in a sense true, but in a sense only. We have many singers who have copied Barrett, but none who possess his individuality. The same remark applies to the late Dan Leno, to Charles Godfrey, Bessie Bellwood, Jennie Hill and a host of others. Mr. James Fawn and Charles Colwin remain with us and are perhaps the two most genuinely artistic comic singers alive—with the exception of Mrs. Randall—but, alas, they are seen all too seldom on the London halls.

CRICKET.

Rain has again successfully spoilt what would otherwise have been a most interesting and perhaps momentous week in cricket. Apart from the Lords' fiasco, where the crowd grew so enraged at the suspension of play in the Lancashire v. Middlesex match that they swarmed on the field and ruined the wicket, a large number of important matches have been left unfinished. Still, Notts managed to gain their ninth victory at the expense of Gloster and, at the moment of writing, appear to be in a fairly safe position against Middlesex. If Middlesex are beaten I do not think we shall have to go farther than Notts to find this year's champion county. Their success would be universally popular. They have unique traditions in the world of cricket and the county has given birth to some of the finest and most sportsmanlike cricketers who ever stepped on an English playing field.

LAWN TENNIS.

England, who now is losing far more than she is gaining in the kingdom of sport, has added to her already tremendous failures by losing the Davis Cup. The great international contest is over and the cup which we won from the United States four years ago has passed from our possession. We have been beaten finally in the odd event and the very closeness of the struggle adds to our regrets. One feels, for instance, that if only Smith had been able to play in the Singles, leaving the Doubles pair as it was, the result would almost certainly have been different. These international meetings undoubtedly infuse a new element into the game, an incentive to action from patriotism which was absent from the older championships with their purely national characteristics. In the present case one may find some comfort in the knowledge that the Davis Cup has gone to Australasia rather than America. It remains within the borders of the Empire, so the old country can accept her defeat with a good and willing grace.

R. C.

EUROPEAN TEACHERS ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—A Union of Teachers of European Schools in India on the lines of the National Union of Teachers in England is to be organized. A pamphlet explaining the main objects will shortly be circulated.

Meanwhile, those desirous of gaining the advantages of such a Union are invited to send their names and addresses to Mr. S. T. Bollo, Head Master, St. George's High School, Agra, who is acting as Secretary.—Yours, etc.

S. T. BOLLO.

WRECK OF THE "TATONIA."

Five Days in a Boat.

A TRUE STORY OF THE SEA.

[BY OUR SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.]

The story was told by five men and a boy. These six survivors of the ill-fated Hamburg-American "Tatonia," stranded the other day between Aden and Muscat, were brought to Bombay by a B. I. Mail steamer, and when found by our Commissioner were grouped on one little bed in the large dormitory of the Sailors' Home. Two of them spoke English, with difficulty; the others added their quota to the narrative in Breitmannese,—a language which, according to Charles Leland, "vill pa de sole speech of de future when de ofserpowerin preponteerance of de English or Angelic Saxon und German races vill it to pass pring."

They were wrecked four hundred miles from Muscat, and they had spent five days and four nights in an open boat. The big, burly, blue-eyed northerners were not very communicative, but the short, thick set "bosun" was not unwilling to spin a yarn, and the boy, as boys usually are, was extremely loquacious. One of the crew, with almost a paternal care, was industriously binding the feet of a ship-mate with lint and ointment, for their nether limbs had become swollen as a result of long submergence in salt water.

"It's difficult to get 'em to talk, except to themselves in their own lingo," quoth an old, weather-beaten British man-of-war's man who reclined on the opposite couch. "It's only the ship's boy as'll take a turn with his tongue. Most of 'em have had the vividest scrimmage of their lives, I guess, and having been jolted up considerable they seem a bit outer their bearings, so to speak, if you can understand me, sir."

"It hafe ofden happened to me mineself tree dimes ofer; so dot a wreck of ships is noddings to me," exclaimed a tall, fair-haired German, annoyed at the Englishman's remark.

"It aint noddings to me neither," said the boy, heroically, "but to oplige the gentleman I will joost tell him how de ship was wrecked."

"Joost help him along den, some of you," the boatswain commanded, "and may der Lort prosper you. If you hear anyding dot gefall or blease you not I peg you to remember dot it vas only a *kinder* dot vas delling der story."

So the ship's boy spun his yarn of the sea, assisted by sundry comments and addenda in a guttural tongue, and it now behoves me to put the rough, ungarnished narrative into ship-shape :—

Having been loaded at the Gulf, the "Tatonia" was proceeding homewards to Hamburg. During the middle watch on the 20th ultimo, between 3-15 and 3-30 a.m., to be precise, the vessel stranded off Ras Madraka, a dangerous coast that has already caused many wrecks. There was a heavy sea at the time, a powerful monsoon wind shrieking through the rigging, and it was soon realised that no efforts of crew or machinery could release the ship from her position on the rocks. The six men now sojourning at the Bombay Sailors' Home were in their bunks when the calamity occurred, and when they reached the deck they found the forward part of the vessel transformed into a shower-bath, while a black sea, ever and anon, tumbled aboard and went roaring aft. The lee-scuppers were full, and as a succession of dollops poured over the weather rail, the heavily pressed vessel, like some sea monster in the agonies of death, bumped with increasing force on the piercing rocks.

Notwithstanding the buffetting to which she was subjected, however, there was dry sounding in the fore-hold until two bells (nine o'clock), but after that she lay over and over under the force of the heavy seas until the covering board disappeared, then the dead-eyes and the topgallant rail; the sheerpoles were dipped, the fair leads smothered, and a hissing cauldron of seething water boiled and bubbled over the hatch tarpaulin. The crew no longer went in bare feet and their thin dungarees. A general rush was made for oilskins and rubbers, and through the mad turbulence of the spindrift they worked at the pumps.

There were but two pumps on board, one worked by machinery, the other by handle bars on heavy flywheels, and at sixty revolutions to the minute the pumping was insufficient to euchre the inrush of water that now took place. Throughout that day, and throughout the night, the crew strove manfully against overwhelming odds. An indication of salt in the water-tank showed that the vessel was now fairly at the mercy of the lashing seas and although all the deck cargo, consisting of dates for the most part, was thrown overboard, she seemed to sink deeper down into the trough. Captain Scharges summoned his Officers and Engineers to the poop, and after a consultation it was decided that no good could be derived by the men remaining at their stations, and that an escape should be effected in the morning, while the boats still remained intact.

So all the available fresh water, and all the get-at-able provisions were dumped into the four boats, with a clean plate, pannikin and cutlery for the Captain and one by one the little craft were lowered upon the white-capped mountains of the raging sea, with no mishap save the temporary disablement of the carpenter, who stubbed his toe over a ring-bolt in his eagerness to get once more into something that was actually afloat. The boats were placed in the charge of reliable men, with instructions that they should keep together as much as possible, and in a favourable wind, in a sea that was still tempestuous, they commenced their uncertain and dangerous voyage of four hundred miles to Muscat.

Two of the boats were almost immediately lost sight of, as soon as the light of day gave place to that of eventide, and the really pathetic part of the story is that those boats have not yet been heard of since they disappeared into the darkness. The remaining two, under the charge of Captain Scharges, reached a small island during the first dog watch, but it was impossible to land owing, to the heavy swell, for the white water swirled and thundered on half-covered reefs. On the 23rd of the month, however, when the boats were fifty miles or so from the wreck, the quaint wild cry of a Mother Carey's chicken bespoke the land again, just as the men were munching the hard-tack constituting their evening meal, served out with economical forethought for the morrow, and the Captain, from his seat on the after-thwart, gave a cheery shout of encouragement. Presently, they came to the Island of Mesirah, and as the men sang one of those "chanties" familiar to seafarers all the world over the skipper turned the bow of his craft shorewards. The sail was lowered to the tune, the mast was unstepped, and skilfully the master waited outside the broken water for an opening. Then on the crest of the breakers first one boat, then the other, were carried well up the beach before the under-tow took hold of them, and the sailors shook hands on dry land and thanked Providence for their safety.

The inhabitants of the island are fishermen by trade and Mohammedans by religion, and they treated the shipwrecked mariners with great kindness. The skipper was anxious to reach the mainland, in order to telegraph news of the disaster, but offers of much backsheesh failed to induce the islanders to launch one of their dhows upon the troubled water. But the master called for volunteers for the ship's cutter, and the six who responded are those who are now at the Sailors' Home. The little band of heroes had a rough time of it during the three days of their passage from Mesirah to Muscat, for the sails ripped as the curved cordage bent to the blast, and the tiny craft was frequently awash from bow to stern. As fast as she was bailed out she filled again, and it seemed almost impossible at one time that she would reach her destination.

Trailing like a wounded duck, working out her soul;
Clanging like a smithy shop, after every roll;

The little boat, racketing her rivets loose, struggled gamely on through dashing spume and the scudding, ragged waves of the monsoon. On the third day, however, land was sighted, and by the skipper's masterly judgment their harbourage was found quite handy on the starboard bow.

"And, vell, here we is," said the ship's boy, smiling serenely at the thought of his own personal safety, as he glanced complacently round the cosy dormitory of the Sailors' Home.

"Your' ealth and song, younker," ejaculated the English Sailor. "It were a werry good yarn well told. I hopes as how you German ship-mates and the piccaninny u'll have many sich occasions to tell of before you go to Davy Jones; of pluck and grit on the 'igh seas.

"Und may Providence bring all our mates safely home again to complete de story" said the boatswain.

THE BELFAST DISTURBANCES.

SPLENDID PATIENCE OF THE TROOPS.

Tribute in the House.

SEARCHLIGHTS TO BE EMPLOYED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

All reports agree that yesterday's riot at Belfast was premeditated.

Stones were piled and ropes drawn across the streets and the lamps were extinguished.

Altogether three people were killed and thirty are in hospital. Many others were wounded.

Engineers, with searchlights, are being hurried to Belfast.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Haldane read a report showing that the troops had exercised the greatest forbearance under trying circumstances (Cheers).

Mr. Birrell announced that officials of the Board of Trade had been despatched to endeavour to settle the strike.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

The police and military were withdrawn from the disturbed district of Belfast last evening, the Priests and Orange and Labour leaders having promised to restrain their factions.

The evening passed quietly.

Sir A. Macdonnell has been most active in endeavouring to arrange a settlement of the strike.

LATER.

As a result of the conferences between Sir A. Macdonnell and the Representatives of the employers and the men, sitting late last evening, it is hoped that the labour dispute in Belfast will be settled to-day.

FIGHTING AT CASABLANCA.

French Repulse Four Thousand Moors.

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

Four thousand Moors attacked the French at Casablanca yesterday, but were repulsed.

NEW CITY LINER LAUNCHED.

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

The new Ellerman steamer *City of Paris* was launched on Saturday, and will sail on her maiden voyage on the 15th of October next.

SCOTTISH LAND BILL.

Witty Criticism.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

In the House of Lords, Lord Rosebery made a vehement attack on the Scottish Land Bill declaring that England was treated like a self-governing colony and Scotland like a Crown Colony.

LATER.

Lord Rosebery's speech in the House of Lords has produced a marked effect in the House and the country. He protested against introducing into Scotland the Irish system of dual ownership and denied that there was any demand in Scotland for the Bill.

THE SLUMP IN NEW YORK.

Bankers' Conference.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

A telegram from New York states that Mr. Root yesterday conferred with the leading bankers regarding the disorganized condition of the money-market.

NAVAL CHANGES.

Important Decision.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

It is announced that thirty-two vessels of the Home Fleet are to be transferred to the Channel Fleet.

NAVAL CONSTRUCTION.

Three More "Dreadnaughts" to be Built.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

The *Daily Telegraph* states that it is understood that three vessels of an improved "Dreadnaught" class are to be commenced shortly.

PARLIAMENTARY NEWS.

ession Closes on 24th Inst.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

It is rumoured in the Lobby that an arrangement has been effected between the Government and the Opposition to facilitate the closing of the Session on the 24th August.

NEW PERSIAN BANK.

Foreign Expert to Advise Government.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

Reuter telegraphing from Teheran states that Parliament has agreed to the immediate engagement of a foreign expert to advise the Government concerning the organisation of the National Bank.

THE TELEGRAPH STRIKE IN AMERICA.

Unrest Spreads to Canada.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

A number of telegraphists at Montreal and Toronto have gone on strike, in sympathy with their American comrades.

KING EDWARD.

Departure for Marienbad.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

King Edward, accompanied by Sir Charles Hardinge, has started for Marienbad.

LONDON, AUGUST 14.

The German Press generally comments in the most friendly tone on the meeting of King Edward and the Kaiser at Cassel, which will be of a ceremonious character.

The papers welcome the meeting as evidence of better feeling between the British and German peoples.

CRICKET.

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

Gloucester beat Kent by seven wickets.

Yorkshire beat Middlesex by seven wickets.

Warwick beat Northampton by four wickets.

Essex beat Lancashire by an innings and 132 runs.

SMART CAPTURE OF DACOITS.

Eleven Sentenced to Various Terms.

APPEAL DISMISSED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 14.

Eleven men, composed of Brahmans, Ahirs and one Mahomedan, of Farrukhabad, Mainpuri and Etah, forming a gang of dacoits, planned to loot a wealthy Marwari widow of Harlalkasangla, about two miles from the Bhadan Railway Station. These persons were tried by the Sessions Judge of Mainpuri, under Section 402 of the Indian Penal Code, on the charge of assembling for the purpose of committing a dacoity and under the Arms Act for being in possession of arms.

Chater Singh of the Police who was informed of the plot, managed to gain the confidence of the leader of the party and joined them. They travelled to within two miles of Bhadan in a bullock cart. Chater Singh then managed to send off his nephew Chhiddu, whom he had kept in the back ground, unknown to the gang, to warn the *thanadar* in whose pay he was. The Sirsaganj *thanadar* Rannah Husain and his Assistant Sub-Inspector Dharu Singh, with the aid of the local zamindars and villagers, were thus prepared for a capture of the dacoits with an overwhelming force. Fortune also favoured them in the shape of two Bernis who happened to be passing about noon on their way to the Bhadan bazaar. A local band was also requesitioned, and when at 3 p.m., the dacoits reached the rendezvous, unyoked the bullocks from their cart and sat down to have a quiet smoke near the Bhadan Railway station. At a given signal the police procession advanced from an Indigo factory with the Bernis walking and dancing round them, drums and cymbals in full play and police in plain clothes mingling in the crowd of the selected villagers. The dacoits were thus completely deceived and only realised the trap when four powerful men rushed up to the cart to prevent them from getting hold of their arms. There was no escape through the police cordon, and after some fight eleven were captured. The cart in which the dacoits travelled contained two guns, two carbines and a pistol, all loaded and in working order, plenty of ammunition in the shape of powder, caps, lead slugs and thick narrow "Agra" piece, also sharp sword and axe and some torches.

According to the leader who confessed in the hope of obtaining a free pardon but was not made approver, nine other dacoits were to have joined his gang later on the same night.

Mr. Marshall, the Sessions Judge, in a very careful Judgment, sentenced the accused to various terms of imprisonment ranging from six to ten years. They were also punished under the Arms Act and the weapons and cart confiscated.

The convicts appealed to the Allahabad High Court, where Justice Sir William Burkitt dismissed the appeals remarking that great credit was due to the police for the very clever manner in which they effected the capture of this gang.

LAHORE CHIEF COURT EXTRA JUDGES.

Measures for Disposal of Arrears.

PROBABLE RETENTION OF MR. D. C. JOHNSTONE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 14.

The term for which four extra Judges were sanctioned for the Chief Court of Lahore, for the purpose of wipping off the huge accumulation of arrears, has now come to an end and the temporary Judges have accordingly retired from the Bench. But it is understood that the Punjab Government, on the recommendation of the Chief Court, have asked the Government of India to sanction the retention of one of extra Judge till April next to deal with the still exisitng arrears. It is believed that the Government of India will consent to this arrangement, but it is not yet definitely sanctioned. If Government consent, the extra temporary Judge will be Mr. D. C. Johnstone, I. C. S.

SPIRIT TRADE IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Proposal for a Royal Commission.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 14.

An influential deputation, representing the Distillery Interest and Spirit Trade, recently waited on Mr. John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, with the object of pressing on him the necessity for the appointment of a Royal Commission or Departmental Committee to report on the present conditions governing the produce and sale of whiskey in the United Kingdom and Ireland.

Mr. Burns undertook to appoint such a Commission in the event of failure to secure a definite pronouncement from the Law Courts on the problems raised in connection with the pending appeal against the decision in the recent famous "What is Whiskey" case.

The *Pioneer* understands that Major C. H. Bedford, I.M.S., Director of the Central Excise Laboratory in Kasauli, who lately conducted for the Government of India an exhaustive enquiry into the quality and manufacture of spirits, has been asked if he would consent to be nominated a member of the proposed Royal Commission, if convened.

It is, however, doubtful whether Major Bedford's services could be lent for some time to come, on account of the impending important changes in the Indian Excise Administration.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI.

We are glad to be able to say that the report of the death of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, in London, on Monday, was entirely unfounded. Telegrams received in Bombay yesterday show that his condition is slightly better. Mr. H. M. Dadina, Mr. Dadabhai's son-in-law who lives at Versova in Salsette, received yesterday a cable from the granddaughters of Mr. Dadabhai who are nursing him, to the effect that there is a "slight improvement" in his condition.

LANDLORD AND TENANT SUIT.

Set-off to Tenant Allowed for Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 14.

A case of considerable interest to tenants of houses has been decided by Mr. Justice Robertson in the Punjab Chief Court.

The facts are as follows:—Some time in 1904, Major Malcolm of the 31st Punjabis rented from one Khuda Dad a house and cottage in the Rawalpindi Cantonments at a rent of Rs. 80 per month. The roof of this cortage leaked to such an extent as to make a big bed-room quite uninhabitable. Major Malcolm went on leave in the summer of 1905, leaving some property stored in the cottage. In his absence, articles to the value of Rs. 150 were completely ruined by falling bricks, mud and water. The attention of the landlord had been constantly drawn to the condition of the cottage, but the only action taken had been to repair it in such a way that directly a heavy rain came on, the roof leaked as badly as ever and rendered the place uninhabitable. Major Malcolm, however, had not applied to the Cantonment Magistrate which he could have done under the Cantonment Act to compel the landlord to carry out the necessary repair. In November, 1905, Khada Dad sued for Rs. 330, arrears of rent for four months and Rs. 10 for the month of June which had been deducted by the tenant. The tenant admitted the amount of rent due, but desired to set-off Rs. 150 on account of the damage done to his property and Rs. 180 on account of a reduction or Rs. 10 per month for the whole period of his tenancy.

The Judge of the Small Causes Court in the Rawalpindi Cantonments, dismissed the plaintiff's claim holding that the tenant was entitled to the amount he claimed by way of a set-off and finding that he had not been guilty of contributory negligence.

The landlord then applied to the Punjab Chief Court for a revision of the Judgment, Amongst other points it was urged on behalf of the landlord that the Rs. 150 claimed as damages not being an ascertained seem could not under the provisions or section 111 of the Civil Precedure Code be pleaded as a set off while for the respondent it was pleaded that the Section in question was not exhaustive of the law and that apart from it the tenant could plead an equitable set-off where the damage arose out of the same transaction.

Mr. Justice Robertson who tried the case decided that it being a matter of revision he could not interfere with the findings of fact which were briefly:—

(1) that the house in question was kept in such a state of disrepair that a reduction of Rs. 10 a month for 18 months was reasonable and fair;

(2) that the injury estimated at Rs. 150 done to the furniture of the tenant by leakage and the fall of a part of the roof was the fault of the landlord and there was no contributory negligence as regards the second of these findings. Mr. Justice Robertson says: "It is clear I cannot interfere and I dismiss that from further consideration. This can clearly, I think, be pleaded as a set-off."

The Judgment proceeds as follows:—"As regards the first point it is quite clear to my mind that Rs. 10 cannot now be deducted from rent no longer due but actually paid rent was payable monthly and had actually been paid in full with the full knowledge of the facts up to the end of June 1906. It appears to me clear that no reduction could be made as a set-off from the rent due for subsequent months on account of the want repair of the house during the previous months for which rent has been paid with the full knowledge of the facts. The Rs. 10 can only be deducted on account of the four months for which rent had not been paid at the time of the suit and on the facts, with the evidence of which I cannot interfere. I think Rs.10 a month must be allowed for these four months. I accordingly so far accept the application for revision as to decree to the plaintiff Rs. 140 being the Rs. 180 deducted as set-off, less Rs. 40 for the four months for which rent was unpaid.

DISCOVERY OF PALI INSCRIPTIONS.

Dating XI. Century A. D.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 14.

The report of the Superintendent of Archaeological Survey, Burma, to-day, issued here, records an interesting discovery of terra cotta reliefs with Pali inscriptions, dating back to XI. century A. D., at Petleik Pagoda Pagara. These reliefs illustrate scenes in the life of Buddha and, unlike most others of a simiar kind, are vigorously modelled and almost as clear and sharp as the day they left the kiln, about the time England was being conquered by the Normans. Each terra cotta bears a number corresponding to the number of the story depicted in the Jataka book and the whole forms an authentic record of the orthodox Buddhist iconography of the XI. century besides being specimens of an art which is described as of no mean order.

DEATH OF MR. R. ROUTH.

Natives Bemoan His Loss.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 14.

The sad death, from dysentery, of Mr. Rupert Routh, I. C. S., Sub-Divisional Officer of Samastipur, Darbhanga, was recently announced.

A correspondent writes to the *Pioneer*:—"Mr. Routh was a young officer of very great promise, and his loss will be keenly felt, both by Government and by his friends in Behar. He was a hard worker and keen athlete. News of his unexpected death cast a great gloom over Samastipur, where he was justly popular among Europeans and Natives alike. Many natives distributed alms to the poor, and there was every demonstration of genuine grief among all classes of the community. Personal equation still counts for something in India, and sympathetic officers of simple and unassuming manners, like Routh, are worth much to the State they serve."

Mr. Routh was the son of Dr. Routh, a well-known Cambridge Lecturer, whose death was announced only a few weeks ago.

GARDENER'S LANE ASSAULT CASE.

Culloden Sentenced to Seven Years.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 14.

The man Culloden, who kicked another named Noreen to death on the 9th of July in Gardener's Lane, Calcutta, was yesterday sentenced by Mr. Justice Chitty to seven years' rigorous imprisonment for culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

APPEARANCE OF A COMET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 14.

A comet, discernible by the naked eye, has been observed in the eastern sky at Fyzabad. Its nucleus is the same distance from Alderbaran and Betteljent as the larger star in Orion's belt, but on the opposite side, and should be visible at 4 a.m. It was noticed at Gorakhpur some days ago.

BREACH OF THE SINGSHALL GLACIER DAM.

Extent of Damage not Known.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 14.

At 9 o'clock last night the Telegraph Officer on the Aliabad line received beacon signals from Shingshall that the flood had started.

The extent of the breach in the Glacier Dam is not yet known.

THE ARBUTHNOT INSOLVENCY.

The Auction Sale of the Industrials.

KNOCKED DOWN FOR RS. 3,85,000.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 14.

The auction sale of 4,830 six per cent. cumulative preference shares, and 25,000 ordinary shares, held by the late firm of Arbuthnot and Co., in Arbuthnot's Industrials which commenced on Saturday last was concluded at 1 p. m. to-day. The sale attracted very little attention, the only competitors being Hajee Fakir Mahomed Sait of Ootacamund, Hajee Ismail Sait of Bangalore, P. Theagaraya Chettty and Mr. Marshall Reid, C. I. E, (on behalf of Bombay Company, Ltd).

Mr. F. Wilson of Messrs. Branson and Branson conducted the sale in the unavoidable absence of the Official Assignee. The auction began from the highest bid of Saturday, *viz.*, Rs. 75,000 by Hajee Ismail Sait, and the amount rose by bids of Rs. 10,000 until it reached Rs. 3,70,000 which was the bid of the Bombay Company, Ltd. Then the bids increased by Rs. 5,000 until the shares were knocked down to Hajee Ismail Sait for Rs.3,85,000 as against 3,80,000 offered by the Bombay Company Ltd.

The purchase by Hajee Ismail Sait is on behalf of a syndicate which includes Hajee Fakir Mahomed Sait, Hajee Ismail Sait and Mr. Theagaraya Chetty.

In the High Court, Mr. Wilson of Messrs. Branson and Branson, on behalf of the Official Assignee, reported to Justice Sir Subramania Iyer that he had carried out the sale of the Industrials this morning. The highest bid offered was Rs. 3,85000.

Mr. Napier brought to the notice of the Court that Mr. Marshall Reid, C. I. E., Agent of the Bombay Burma Trading Company, who was present at the sale, had previously examined matters, and was able from his personal knowledge as a possible purchaser to say that the property was not worth the amount of money bid up to.

Mr. Osborne, on behalf of the trustees of Messrs. Binny and Co., preference shareholders, supported an application for the confirmation of the sale.

Mr. Seshagiri Iyer speaking on behalf of himself and other creditors desired that the sale be confirmed.

His Lordship passed an order confirming the sale.

NEW TELEGRAPH RULES.

Protest against Registration of Address Fee.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 14.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce has protested against the new Telegraphic Rules which have just come into force, whereby the same fee as for the registration of an abbreviated address is charged for the registration of standing instructions regarding the delivery of telegrams during fixed hours. No fee is, however, charged, if a fee for a registered abbreviated address has already been paid.

The Punjab Chamber of Commerce has also passed the following resolution on the subject:—"The Director-General of Telegraphs to be addressed stating that this Chamber is of opinion that no fee should be charged for the registration of instructions regarding delivery of telegrams and is in accord with the opinion expressed by the Karachi Chamber that the high charges for urgent and ordinary telegrams should cover prompt delivery at any known address.

"Further, it is to be pointed out that registrations of such instructions is just as much in the interests of the Telegraph Department as of the individual concerned, their peons being enabled to go direct to the registered address and thus effect a considerable saving of time."

ADMINISTRATION OF TURKEY.

Surmises Consequent on the Sultan's Death.

LEANING TOWARDS THE BRITISH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 14.

A Constantinople correspondent of the *Indian Daily Telegraph* has interviewed a high Ottoman official, who, while discussing the probable changes in the administration of Turkey, in the event of the Sultan's death, said:—"As to the fate of the present Yildiz gang, there will be a clean sweep of them. Many will be killed like dogs, others expelled the Empire, and within twenty-four hours there will not be a German official in the country."

The same official states that Germans are detested, and makes a strong plea for the revival of British trade in Turkey. "Now is the time to strike says the Ottoman. "Delay will prove fatal; the Turks would rather see the Baghdad Railway in British hands," and concludes: "England has but to lift her little finger and we would expel every German from Constantinople to-morrow and instal her in her old position."

ACCIDENT ON THE HOOGHLY.

Brig Run Into and Sunk.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 14.

On Monday the brig *Nursingh Shaha*, belonging to an Arab merchant named Haji Noor Mahomed Zacharia, sank at her moorings in the river, the result of a cargo boat running into her a week ago. The crew succeeded in swimming ashore.

The wreck is lying a distance from the river bank, on the Calcutta side, and will probably be removed by the Harbour Master's Department. The brig's top masts are visible above water.

DEATH MADAME GOMES' MOTHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 14.

Mrs. Nancissa Gomes, mother of Madam Alice Gomes, died this morning, aged over 78.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave on medical certificate out of India, for seven months:—2nd-Lieutenant J. R. Boothby, 2nd Royal Scots.

BOMBAY.—ARRIVALS, AUGUST 14.—Andrew Major, 116th Maharattas, on duty from Bolaram.

Knotchbull, Major, 120th Infantry, on leave, from Baroda.

Sydenham, Lt., Warwickshire Regt, on duty, from Quetta.

DEPARTURE, AUGUST 14.—Valancey, Major, Staff off leave to Poona,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 14.

Captain Bayley, of the 104th Rifles, has been selected as an Attache in the Adjutant-General's Division at Simla.

Colonel Fitzgerald, Assistant Adjutant-General, Lahore Division, is granted 60 days' privilege leave, from 1st September. Colonel MacIntyre, of the 1st Battalian, 4th Gurkhas, will act for Colonel Fitzgerald.

Major-General Clement will take over Command of the Quetta Division, about the 1st of October next, and Major-General Woon will then be transferred from the Abbottabad to the Birhind Brigade.

2nd Lieutenant Prendergast, of the 32nd Lancers, is transferred to the Corps of Guides.

2nd Lieutenant Brett, attached to the 2nd Battalion of the 5th Gurkhas, is absorbed as a Double Company Officer in the 1st Battalion of that regiment.

A SPLENDID NEW EASTERN LINER.

The "City of Paris."

HAVING regard to the popularity among Indian passengers of the existing steamers of the City line of the Ellerman Lines, Ltd., there is no doubt that the latest addition, the *City of Paris* to the fleet, will rapidly become a noted and famous vessel. This handsomely modelled and magnificent steamer, which will undergo speed trials and adjustment of compasses shortly, was launched on Saturday. The vessel is under the command of Captain James Black.

The *City of Paris* has been expressly built for the Indian trade between Liverpool, Calcutta, Kurrachee, and Bombay. She has been planned so as to ensure the maximum of safety and comfort of passengers. This is evident even in the smallest details. Her length is 507 feet, breadth 57 3/4 feet, depth 36 1/2 feet, gross tonnage about 9,000, nominal horse-power 1.225 and speed at sea about 16 knots per hour.

PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

In designing the vessel special attention has been given to the arrangement of the passenger accommodation The first class rooms are amidship on the upper bridge, and promenade decks, the principal apartments and reception rooms having been placed so as to secure the greatest possible amount of light space and ventilation. The first-class dining saloon at the forward end of the bridge deck is a palatial apartment, furnished in oak. Convenient to the dining saloon is the pantry, replete with every necessity and modern appliance for efficient service.

Leaving the saloon deck by the handsome oak staircase one reaches the entrance hall on the promenade deck. This is a roomy, cheerful apartment decorated in oak and opening off the after end are suites of cabins desluxes having the walls panelled in silk and the bedrooms fitted with brass bed-steads. Forward of the entrance hall is the music room, which is lighted overhead by a magnificent cathedral stained glass dome, which also affords light through a well to the dining saloon on the deck below. In this room also there are large cottage windows.

The promenade deck affords abundant space for exercise and recreation, a number of garden seats being placed in sheltered recesses. The smokeroom which is at the after end of this deck, is very comfortable and commodious. It is panelled and furnished in oak, and has all the necessary comforts for smokers and card parties.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

The state-rooms throughout are exceptionally large and well lighted, a number of them being arranged on the tandem system to suit the convenience of families. They are equipped for two, three, and four persons according to the size of the room, and, an interesting feature is a device whereby the inner state-rooms, like the other, are provided with light and air from the ship's side. The ventilation of all the cabins is of the best, so as to ensure the comfort of passengers in the hotest climate.

The large nursery for the use of the children of first class passengers is tastefully fitted and decorated. A fully-equipped gymnasium will be fitted up under special awnings in the forward well, and will no doubt be fully appreciated by those who are fond of athletic exercises, whilst the plunge bath in the after well will prove a popular feature.

The second class passenger accomodation is divided in the poop. The saloon, in the centre of vessel, is most comfortably furnished. A stairway leads up to an entrance hall, with smokeroom adjoining in steel house on the poop deck.

A barber's shop has been fitted up in the poop close to the entrance and there are a doctor's room, surgery and hospital. The lavatory accommodation throughout is of the most up-to-date character and includes a number of spray and shower baths. The commissariat departments are admirably arranged and are provided with the most modern appliances for promptly and efficiently meeting the demands of a full complement of passengers. A cold store with suitable refrigerating plant provides for the preservation of provision and vegetables for the requirements of passengers during the voyage. The vessel is lighted throughout with electricity and all the public rooms and staterooms are fitted with electrically driven rotary punkhas while in the special cabins telectric radiators are fitted. An efficient system of steam heating is supplied to principal public rooms.

HULL AND MACHINERY.

The cargo space is divided into five large holds, which by the adoption of the girder system of construction are free of obstruction and are capable of receiving the largest type of consignment, such as boilers, motives, motor cars and machinery. For the speedy loading and discharging of cargo powerful steam winches at each hatchway with the necessary derricks swung from the masts and crane posts. A commodious baggage room has been fitted up for the reception of passengers' luggage and is so set out that it is always accessible.

The bottom of the vessel is constructed on the double bottom system which besides adding to the safety, is used for the reception of water ballast for trimming purposes. The machinery and boilers consist of a set of quadruple expansion engines with all the latest improvements in auxiliaries and four steel multitubular boilers working at a pressure of 215 lbs. per square inch under Howdon's system of forced draught.

This is the seventeenth vessel built and engined by Messrs Workman, Clark and Co., Ltd., for the City line fleet, whilst the decorations have been carried out by the well-known firm of Messrs Waring and Gillow, of London.

MISS GOWHAR JAN'S CONCERT.

MISS GOWHAR JAN, the gifted songstress of Bengal, gave a public concert in the Town Hall, last night. A very large number of the lovers of music attended the function and accorded the songstress a very warm reception. Some of her best songs were very refreshingly rendered by this talented artiste. Upto now, she stands unbeaten so far as "the putting life into the music" is concerned The *Kalingdas* and *Bherwis* were extremely sweet, but her method of rendering the same was unique. Before she entered the classical part of the programme, she entertained the audience to several popular *Ragas*. Throughout there was appreciation and applause from the audience and, judging from the enthusiasm last night, Miss Gawhar Jan may rest assured that Bombay will always accord her a cordial and warm welcome, if, in future, she thinks of giving further concerts. Last night was her second public appearance in Bombay and at the later stage of the concert she carried the house with her. Town Hall is not a music-hall, yet the powerful and sweet voice of the gifted vocalist was heard clearly and destinctly in every part of the large hall. Last night's concert was the first of its kind; it is seldom that a talented and well-known Indian "singing girl" gives such public concerts, and no wonder the house was packed and the Town Hall was found too small to hold the large audience. Every caste and nationality was to be found among the crowd that listened with wrapt attention to the charming Indian Prima Donna.

A farewell public concert will be given by Miss Gowhar Jan in the Town Hall next Saturday, and a large number of seats have been already booked at Soundy's.

POSTAL DELIVERY AT NASIK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—We are at present in receipt of one delivery on Sundays, viz., at 6 30 a.m. This system does not permit of any newspapers being delivered till Monday morning, which is most unsatisfactory. On week days we have, I believe, three deliveries; why cannot we have at least two on Sundays,—one say as usual early in the morning, the other at about noon—to enable us to receive our newspapers? Sunday being a day we abstain from work, like to get comfortable, and have a good old read through the papers. This is a recognised custom and if represented to the right person, I am sure we would be far better off than we are at present. I also wish to say that the second delivery on week days is most irregular and when the post-master is written to, he reports deficiency of staff being the cause. This also requires attention. I hope the management will introduce the system of two deliveries on Sundays, as proposed, for the sake of newspapers as well as general correspondence.—Yours etc.

DUM SPIRO SPERO.

PASSENGERS PER S.S. "OLYMPIA."

The Anchor Line s.s. "Olympia, will sail from No. 2 Victoria Dock this afternoon with following passengers Medical Inspection at 12-45 p.m. sharp:—

To London—Lieut P M A Kernas.

To Liverpool—Lieut M J Sydenham, Mrs A Searle, and child, Mrs Mccale Patterson, and Miss K B Clifford.

To Marseilles—Mr C C Cotton and servant.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

INDIAN STUDENTS IN ENGLAND. There is a tendency among a certain class of Indian publicists to discover a covert design in every act of Government. A measure may be never so innocent, but an insidious motive is attributed to it. Nay, the more innocent its look, the greater the suspicion. I see that some of these gentlemen are wagging their wise heads over the appointment of a committee by Mr. Morley to report how the interests of Indian students in England can best be safeguarded. They regard it as a preliminary to a restrictive measure, circumscribing the liberty, and fettering the action of these youths. It is the merest absurdity to suppose that there is any intention to put the students in an official straight waist-coat. How can that be? It is but fair to give Mr. Morley credit for a genuine desire for their welfare. It is admitted on all hands that in the absence of adequate means for the protection and guidance of these youths, they are liable to the danger of succumbing to the temptations and distractions of the new world which they find so fascinating to their senses. Many have gone hopelessly astray, and become a melancholy moral wreck. Some of them having established questionable connections in their new home, have cut themselves away from their parents and families in India.

Those are fortunate parents whose prodigal sons are not altogether lost to them, but return home, after all, having sown their wild oats. The students have no means of knowing the heart of the English nation. They are perfect strangers to the hearths and homes of England. They live in cheap boarding houses in places like Tower Street and Russell Square, and their acquaintances are drawn from the class of barmaids and waitresses. They have also a decided inclination to move within the circle of their own countrymen. It has been remarked that at Oxford and Cambridge the Indian students generally like to have coteries of their own. Their conduct is sought to be defended by some egregious writers who attribute their exclusiveness to colour prejudice on the part of their English fellow-students. I can say from personal experience that the English Undergraduate is innocent of any idea of such prejudice, and that when he finds "a d—d good fellow" among the Indians at his College, he is ready and willing to mix with him with the utmost freedom and cordiality. Colour prejudice is here exhibited rather the other way by Indians holding aloof as a caste of brown Brahmins. The exclusiveness may be partly due to shyness. Possibly, the baneful influence exercised upon them by some of their own elders residing in England has also something to do with it. There is an endeavour on the part of the editor of a pernicious print, to which Mr. J. D. Rees gave a gratuitious advertisement the other day by referring to it in the House of Commons, to take as many of these youngsters as he possibly can under his wing, administering to them plentiful doses of the pestilent doctrines which he is spreading against the British Rule in India. I am glad, by the way, that Mr. Morley has declined to give a temporary notoriety to the paper by investing its editor with the crown of martyrdom.

SAFEGUARDING THEIR INTERESTS. The antidote to the poison which is instilled into these youths while in England, is a bitter knowledge of the people, and the counter-influence of the refined and elevating home-life of their great middle class. The students should be purged, body and soul, of the havoc made by their debasing surroundings, and it will be the business of the committee appointed by Mr. Morley, as it is of bodies like the East India Association and the National Indian Association, to devise means for advancing their social and moral well-being. It would be defeating one of the principal objects in view, if the Indians were herded together in caravansarais specially provided for them, or if they were placed under any sort of compulsion or undue restrain even by an unofficial agency. The cure will come of itself, if they are surrounded by happy and healthy influences. Their mind, which is fed upon political garbage, needs for its own good a change of diet. I am strongly of opinion that if they were given opportunities of knowing the English people, they would not be so frantically opposed to the British Rule in India. They will then be able to know, unless their minds are hopelessly perverse, the rare qualities which have made the English so great among the nations of the world, and, rightly appreciating these qualities, they will be able to discern that the rule of such a nation, marred though it may be by selfishness and shortcomings, cannot be devoid of all justice and humanity towards the subject races. If these sojourners in England, who inveigh bitterly against the hated foreigner, had a proper knowledge of the character of John Bull and the civilisation of his country, there will be a remarkable abatement of their wrath and resentment against the alien, and their criticism of his rule would be tempered by sense and reason. Their political sobriety is not, after all, of such momentous importance as their moral welfare, which can only be secured by an exercise of proper care and supervision. Their parents are most interested in the attainment of this object, and their hearty and intelligent co-operation is needed for it. In too many cases they cast adrift their sons, as on a wide ocean, never thinking what risks they are running when they are left to themselves in a foreign land so far away from home, without a guiding and controlling authority.

BOYCOTT DAY FIASCO. The boycott bubble has burst they say. Huge efforts were made by patriots in Bengal to lash their countrymen into a fury of enthusiasm on what they were pleased to celebrate as a Boycott Day. Orator Surendranath had harangued the Bengalees a few days before on their sacred duty on that memorable day. The man of Words told his admiring audience, that the time for speaking has gone, and the time for doing has come. He did not tell them exactly what they were to do. His oracular advice only came to this:—"Form a nation!" This was the quintessence of practical wisdom embodied in his speech. The orators and journalists of Bengal had prepared the world for great things on that fateful day. Parades and processions, illuminations and fireworks, the singing of patriotic songs and the sacrifice of I do not know how many inoffensive goats at the shrine of Kali, were to dazzle and stagger the Government. But, from all accounts, it turned out altogether a very poor and tame affair, and the patriots must have been greatly vexed and disappointed at the fiasco. Boycott, as an artificial and unnatural means contrived for a vindictive purpose, can never succeed in the end. The orators may say that the time for action has come, but as men of action they have proved themselves dismal failures. If India starts her own industries for the supply of her daily wants, if she produces articles, as good as foreign, and at about the same price, then the object aimed at by the boycott movement will be gained of itself. The immense weight of the sensible opinion of the country is against what Lord Minto once styled as dishonest Swadeshi. It is gratifying to find that there is a preponderating force on the side of law and order in the country, arrayed against the authors of the mischievous propaganda. The Land Holders' Association of Behar, while fully alive to the need for political progress and reform, has issued a very weighty and dignified protest against the methods of the mischief-monger, and the members of the British India Association of Calcutta have followed the good example of their brethren of Behar. Even in Lahore, although it has been greatly agitated by the deportations, there is a strong substratum of sense, as was evidenced by the manifesto issued by its representative citizens, some time back, dissociating themselves and the country at large from the campaign of disorder and dissaffection undertaken by the agitators. It is well not to lose sight of these proofs of sensible devotion, lest we exaggerate the importance of the latter-day agitation for all the noise and hubbub created by it.

COUGHING—A CRIME. Mr. Aston's convictions of persons who happen to cough in his court are likely to live among the curiosities of law courts. He regards coughing as obstructing him in the performance of his public duty. I suppose the Indian Criminal Codes are so comprehensive that the most innocent act may be twisted into a crime under one or other of their provisions, and his Worship had no difficulty, therefore, in punishing persons found guilty of coughing in his court. The man, who was fined Rs. 2 for coughing, could not have indulged in it from mere wantonness, nor could he have coughed again from sheer cussedness. But he was fined Rs. 3 more for repeating the offence, and as he had not the means to satisfy the demand of justice, a distress warrant was issued forthwith against him. The plea that he was asthmatic was dismissed without ceremony. Persons suffering from a cold in the head ought to beware of attending the Chief Magistrate's court, lest they be hauled up for disturbing the judicial equilibrium of the court by sneezing. If an unfortunate man were seized with a fit of sneezing, he would, I suppose, be brought up again and again before his Worship for a systematic and contemptuous defiance of the dignity and authority of the court, and the punishment inflicted on him for each repetition of the offence would be in a rapidly ascending scale! A respectable Hindu was indicted last week for coughing, under section 243 of the Police Act, which deals with violent and indecent behaviour in court with intent to interrupt its business. He was marched off in police custody to the Court of Mr. Dracup, who, after hearing a very spirited defence on his behalf by Mr. J. D. Davar, acquitted him. No Magistrate could have convicted him. To connect involuntary coughing with violent and indecent behaviour is a feat of intellectual ingenuity which is not possible for every one. If Mr. Aston had acted in this case, as he has done in some others, as judge and prosecutor combined, he would not have let the man off without a fine. The Magistrate may be oversensitive to noise, and constitutionally unable to endure it. He may be under the honest belief that it interferes with and confounds his judicial sense. But unless the noise is made of set purpose, and with a sinister design, it is monstrous to punish the person who has been the involuntary means of causing it. If Mr. Aston will not give up his attitude against those who cough in his court, it may be found necessary to invoke the authority of the High Court against him.

DION.

[Still we must remember that it was to partly put down the horrible and dangerous habit of expectorating that the Bombay Sanitary Association was formed. We are glad Mr. Aston has taken up a firm attitude.—Ed. *B. G.*]

"DANGEROUS BUILDINGS IN BOMBAY."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—We beg to address you this letter on behalf of Mr. Fazelbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim, the duly constituted attorney of his brother, Mr. Mahomedbhoy who is at present absent in Europe.

Our client's attention has been drawn to an article appearing in a prominent part of the issue of your newspaper of the 13th instant under the heading printed in large type:

"Dangerous Buildings in Bombay, Picturesque Hornby Road House Condemned—Century Building" with a sketch of the said building above which are printed again in large type the words

"Century Building—Fort,"

and underneath which sketch appear the words,

"The Picturesque House in Hornby Road which was vacated on Saturday owing to its unsafe condition."

We are instructed to state that many of the statements contained in the said article are wholly incorrect and the rest are grossly exaggerated. It is incorrect that the Century Building was discovered to be in an unsafe condition on Friday last, nor is it true that on a report being sent to the Executive Engineer it was officially inspected and an intimation was promptly given to the tenants to clear out in 24 hours. It is also incorrect that the building is top-heavy and the abnormal rains have weakened the walls so that they are unable to bear the weight of the masonry on them.

It is also quite incorrect that the walls have split from floor to roof and the gap is slowly widening so that the moment of the dissolution of the building may come at any hour and it is simply libelous to state that the building may possibly ere long disappear and that if a crash comes it will be an absolute collapse.

The fact is that about 10 years ago the building in question was thoroughly overhauled under the supervision and direction of one of the eminent architects of Bombay and nothing would have happened to the north wall of the house if about 18 months ago its orthern neighbour had not pulled down his house and in rebuilding it entirely removed the collateral support which the north wall of the Century Building had enjoyed upto that time.

A short time before the present monsoon a small crack was discovered in the north wall of the front room only

MANGALORE CHARITIES.

In a letter to the patients, customers and well-wishers of the Charitable Institutions at Mangalore, S. C. Mr. L. P. Fernandes, B. A., L. M. S., Assistant to Father Aug. Muller, S. J.; says :—Most of you have been already informed of the honour bestowed upon Father Muller by the King-Emperor on the occasion of his last birthday. In recognition of the Father's "unselfish and successful work during the past sixteen years in connection with St. Joseph's Leper Asylum at Mangalore," the Kaiser-i-Hind medal has been conferred upon him. On the occasion of the visit of His Excellency, the Governor of Madras, to Mangalore, on the 27th of October, the medal will be presented to the Father by the Governor himself.

As Father Muller's assistant, I venture to deem myself the proper person to address to you a few words on behalf of the good Father and his works of charity, at this auspicious time, when his labours have merited the approbation of Government. I have known Father Muller most intimately from the very first years of his sojourn in Mangalore, and during the last fourteen years I have worked with him as his assistant.

Father Muller's work in India commenced with a very small beginning and like the mustardseed, has been blessed, and has grown into an immense tree. At his arrival in Mangalore in 1870, as a Professor of St. Aloysius' College, he was the possessor of a small box of Homœopathic medicines, which he had obtained from the Firm of Catellan in Paris. With this small supply of medicines he relieved the sufferings of the College boys and of the poor people who applied to him. The success of his treatment induced friends to help him to add to his stock of medicines. He next undertook to treat lepers and at great sacrifice built an Asylum for them. Next came the Dispensary, then the Hospital for general diseases, as well as a Poor House and a Plague Hospital. As all these institutions are described in the pamphlets supplied to our correspondents, I do not think it necessary to enter into details regarding them.

How, you may ask, does the Father maintain these institutions? Principally from the profits of the sale of medicines in India. Besides this he receives donations from the charitable public. He does not, however, charge fees for the numerous prescriptions he sends every day by letter to all parts of India, though he gladly welcomes any aid that may be sent to him on behalf of his institutions. Those of you who know the high medical fees that are customary in large cities in India and Europe will no doubt rightly appreciate the Father's charity in thus devoting his time to prescribe gratis to the public, the more so as the cases that are submitted to him are generally such as have baffled the skill of orthodox medical men. Moreover it is worthy of notice that the Father by his indefatigable exertions has been for several years supplying the public of India with genuine Homœopathic Medicines of the best quality at very moderate rates.

To come now to the point, I must make the painful revelation that the institutions of Father Muller are at the present day burdened with a debt of Rs. 15,000. It would be a great relief, indeed, to the veteran Missionary Doctor (he is now 66 years old) though still hale and hearty, to be rid of this burden, and you will no doubt agree with me that were he now free from this anxiety he would be in a position the better to appreciate the honour bestowed upon him.

I therefore appeal to you to come forward generously and send in your mite with the object of encouraging the good Father and of shewing your just appreciation of his philanthropic labours. When a few years ago Father Muller appealed to his friends for aid to erect a Poor House, his appeal was warmly responded to all over India. The present appeal for help will, I trust, meet with an equally enthusiastic and speedy response. His Excellency the Governor of Madras, who has recently shewed great interest in the Father's work will visit his establishment in October next. I fondly hope that the sympathy of our friends will enable the Father to declare to His Excellency, at his visit that the said Institutions have been freed from the burden of debt.

Subscriptions may be sent in to Father Muller directly.

Any donation however small will be thankfully acknowledged by him.

"TRAVELS OLD AND NEW"

Principal Nelson Fraser of the Training College was very interesting in a thoughtful paper he read yesterday in the Wilson College, on the Philosophy of Travels. Principal Sharp of the Wilson College presided in the absence of the Hon. Mr. Justice N. G. Chandavarker. The lecturer opened his paper with a reference to the impulse of travel in different nationalities in different degrees, concluding that though Hinduism produced pilgrims, it never had a single traveller. The lecturer then differentiated between a traveller, an explorer, a geographer, a tourist and the modern globe-trotter, preferring the first three to the rest and he remarked those were becoming rare now-a-days. By travelling, he meant going about studying the innate nature of the people of the world with an instructive mind and an observant eye. He compared different olden modes of travelling with those of the present age deLuxe travels. He gave his audience a very vivid idea of the time when the Romans and the Greeks first went about to travel. He regretted that the best of the travellers had not written an account of their experiences. He quoted Dante and others, emphasizing that travelling formed the best part of a man's education. A traveller needed more money than any body else, and that that traveller was best off, who was wealthy. Imagination, character, insight of general knowledge, practical sense, patience, good temper, were the subjects the lecturer treated next. He advised his hearers not to pretend to understand good or evil of the people of foreign countries without personal knowledge. He had hints for them on how to deal with complete strangers. He was very keen on the commercial advantages of travelling. He regarded India as a very interesting country to travel through, but he deplored that there were no good books on travels through that country. He advised them to visit countries more enlightened than their own, also to acquire the ideas and methods which they were not likely to find among their own countrymen. For improvement one must have an ideal before him, and the best way to acquire them was by travelling.

The compliment being given to Principal Fraser by the Chairman for the interesting and instructive lecture, the function was brought to a close.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

Mr. Joseph Baptista presided at the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, held yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Council Hall.

THE BUILDING BY-LAWS.

The Committee considered the following letter to the President, from the Honorary Secretaries to the Association of Bombay Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, dated the 31st July:

"At a meeting of the Association of Bombay Architects, Civil Engineer and Surveyors, held on the 29th instant, at Canada Building, the following resolution was passed unanimously:—That the members of the Bombay Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors' Association, respectfully appeal to the President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, not to pass the building by-laws, proposed by the Bombay Municipal Executives until the Association have examined and advised in reference to them."

On the motion of Mr. Kaji Kabiruddin, seconded by Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim, the matter was referred to a Committee.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

The P. and O. Co's steamer *Oceana*, which is expected to arrive in Bombay to-morrow, from England, with the English mail, brings the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Beddall, Mrs M G	Pool, Mrs
Cole, Mrs	Stevin, Lt M R
Ferguson Capt A C and Mrs	Snell, Miss M H
Hall, Mr H	Wise, Mr E R C

FROM MARSEILLES.

Almul, Mr A W	Koufmann, Mr F
Blake, Mr F M	Metarse, Mr J N
Brown, Maj H T	Mangalis, Mr M
Benifield, Maj	Ogden, Mr F
Browne, Lt Col G	Poole, Capt and Mrs
Drummond, Mr G R	Sinclair, Lt M R
Elsee, Mr C	Sarel, Capt G M
Fairlie, Lt F	Sullivan Mr A L
Gubbin, Lt Col G R	Taylor, M J
Hawks, Capt F W	Walker, M T
Hoosein, Mr A	Wylde, Mr J R
J M Lt H R	Wallis, Mr W M
Jesse, Cs t J L	Whitcock, Mr W
Kaufmann, Mr C	

FROM BUNDISI.—Cumbridge Mr R

FOR KARACHI.

Mahon, Mr H P	Wazne, Mr H S
Tolio, Lt H W	

PROBABLY the greatest number of wild geese ever seen at once flew over the town of Lewiston, Illinois, recently. Their number was estimated at between 14,000 and 15,000, and for nearly half an hour the sky was quite thick with them.

HYDERABAD NEWS AND NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, DECCAN, AUGUST 12.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

It is reported that Colonel Gimlette is leaving Hyderabad for good about March next, and that the appointment of his successor as Director of the Medical Department is now engaging the attention of His Highness' Government. The matter of the right of selection for this appointment was discussed after Colonel Laurie's retirement, when it was decided that on and after Colonel Gimlette's retirement it would vest entirely in the Nizam's Government. Various names have been suggested as probable successors, of which, however, two are prominent, namely, Colonel Little and Dr. Kareem Khan. The former is a retired British officer of the Indian Medical Service, who has settled down here, and the latter is the Principal Medical Officer of His Highness the Nizam's Forces. It is said that His Excellency the Minister has strongly recommended the appointment of Colonel Little, but others who have also a voice in the matter seem to be of opinion that a younger man would be more suitable and the name of Dr. Kareem Khan is suggested. The deliberations are, however, yet confidential and nothing definite will be known until His Highness' decision is given, before whom the papers are now. Whoever the new Director, the position will not be a bed of roses for him, as it is the general opinion, regarding which the authorities also are equally anxious, that the Medical Department should be re-organised and placed on a more efficient basis. The District administration cannot be said to be adequate or satisfactory, and much has to be done before it is brought into line with the working of the British provinces. As now, the Director, on account of his official connection with the Residency, is unable to leave Hyderabad to make tours of inspection in the districts and thus to acquaint himself with requirements in order to develop the sphere of work of the Medical Department, which is one of the chief—if not the most important of the—reasons for the Nizam's Government appointing a full-time officer. Qualified men to work under the Director will not be wanting, as there are many in the station in one capacity and another who have been educated and trained in the European Universities at the cost of Government, and the reform cannot be carried out too quickly, whether a retired I. M. S. man or Hyderabadee be appointed.

THE DEBT COMMISSION.

Mr. Raj Balmukund, B.A., Sessions Judge of Gulburgah, has been appointed on special duty as Debt Commissioner for a period of about six months, to dispose of the cases which have been left unfinished by the late Mr. Bakshi Raghunath Pershad. The question of the public debts has been a sore one, and in addition to their settlement having hung fire for a number of years, an un necessary amount of delay and worry are entailed periodically when the time arrives for preparing the Budget and Reports. Many of these claims, as a result of inquiry, have been found to be more or less fabulous and speculative, and if a proper course of inquiry be instituted, it is not unlikely that the total amount of the debts, which at present is shown to represent the appalling figure of some crores of rupees, would be brought down to, perhaps, as many lakhs and be paid off without delay. These adjustments would long ere now have been made, if the late Mr. Bakshi Raghunath Pershad had been able to devote more time to them, but he was allowed to sit only one day in the week to inquire into them. The Financial Minister, therefore, applied for the services of Mr. Rai Balmukund, who will devote his whole time to the adjudication of these claims and finish with them once and for all time.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Paijnath, M. A., LL.B., has been appointed to officiate as Under-Secretary in the Legislative Department *vice* Nawab Nizamat Jung, Bahadur. He has been succeeded in the Finance Office by Mr. Syed Ali Must Raza, of the Private and Political Secretary's Office, who will be in charge until Mr. Devlin reverts to his appointment as Assistant Financial Secretary.

THE VISION OF VANISHED JOYS.

Where the shifting Nile bejewels the golden desert; where the hum of modern cities seldom penetrates, and the "madding crowd" passes by making holiday, as a rippling brooklet laughing to itself; there, set in the midst of the river-flood, shimmer the pylons and columns of Philæ, the phantom vision of vanished joys.

O Philæ! Thou wert great indeed, exceeding magnificat and wonderful, built for the pleasure and admiration and holiday of the good kings in ancient days.

As one's boat glides across the placid waters that lie around, tenderly passing twixt the ruins of far-off joys, it is Peace, calm as the Ashen Moon, which enters into the soul.

Here at least fear, torture, sacrifice, have never reigned, but the green spring-joys of budding Queens and Kings opened in delight, the flying feet of Youth circled in the dance, and the weary rested upon the patterned floors bathed in the waves of sweet music. Even now the traveller instinctively listens for the sound of revelry by night, and half expects to see the "sweet dreamland faces passing to and fro."

Then, as we turn the prow to leave the silent scene, far away northward a thin black bar tells its message:—"Philæ lies athwart the path of Progress," O. Philæ, innocent and beautiful, with the silver grandeur of surpassing age, thy days are numbered with the Blest. Dost thou not know the Present ever needs the life of the Past and soon itself becomes the past, which in its turn will be needed by a new present. Dost thou not know that to-morrow, however sweet, is won across the corpse of to-day? Do not grieve. Except thou shalt fall to the ground and die thou shalt abide alone—cold and silent. Except thou dost lose thyself thy tale is told. But if thou art willing to die the waters of comfort shall flow over thee, and by thy passing thou shalt feed the nations. Our father Nile shall take thee to His bosom, as Abraham his children, and on the tables of the world's memory it shall be written of thee:—"Philæ—thou hast saved others' thou hast given thyself."

Men of the long ago built thee across the path of progress to feed them with very pleasant hours. Thou hast been very faithful and infinitely brave. It is enough. Thou shalt sleep with thy fathers—but none shall reign in thy stead.

PHAROS.

PUBLIC COMPANY MEETINGS.

THE BREUL'S CAWNPORE COTTON PRESSING COMPANY, Ld.

The twenty-third ordinary annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Company, was held yesterday, at the Registered Office of the Company, Macmillan Building, Hornby Road. Mr. N. J. Gamadia presided.

The Directors' report stated:—Your directors beg to lay before you their annual report and the audited accounts of this Company, for the year ended 30th June. The cotton crop in the Berars during the past season was an average one and 27,448 bales were pressed in Dharamgaon under joint-working account against 39,972 bales of last year, of which your Company's share is, 3,578 bales. The result of the year's working shows a nett profit of Rs. 5,988-4. Out of this, your Directors recommend a dividend of Rs. 10 per share, free of income-tax, absorbing Rs 5,000 and the balances of Rs. 988-4-0 to be carried forward to next year's account. Your presses and machinery are in good working order. Messrs. D. H. Glade and A. Breul who retired from the Board by rotation were re-elected. Mr. Fardunji A. Cursetjee Fardunji was re-appointed Auditor. The usual compliment to the Chairman terminated the business.

THE KHANGAUM COTTON PRESSING COMPANY, LIMITED.

The twenty-fifth ordinary annual general meeting of the shareholders of this Company, was held at the Registered Office of the Company, Macmillan Building, Hornby Road, yesterday. Mr. S. M. Nicholson presided.

The following is the directors' report:—Your directors beg to lay before you their annual report and the audited accounts of this Company, for the year ended 30th June last. The Cotton crop in the Berars during the past season was on average one and 40,065 bales were pressed in Khangaum under joint-working account against 70,903 bales of last year, resulting in a net profit of Rs. 6,978-4-8 for your Company. Out of this, your Directors resolved to recommend a dividend of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income-tax, absorbing Rs 6,000 and to carry forward the balance of Rs. 978-4-8 to next year's account. The Presses and Machinery are in good working order. Messrs. A Breul, and D. H. Glade who retire by rotation were re-elected.

Mr. Lalaja Satapji Kajewal was appointed auditor.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Harwood League.

MORE MUD-LARKING.

Again, yesterday, a heavy shower fell half an hour before the game was to start and the ground was in an impossible condition for football. As a consequence the meeting between the Governmentt Telegraph and Bombay Gymkhana was converted into a mere practice game. The wet going did not allow of good play, and as a consequence was no guide as to what the result of this important fixture will ultimately be.

The Gymkhana, on the whole, had rather the better of the game and in the first half Carroll scored with a clinking shot from the left wing In the second half the new centre was rather fortunate in getting through with a soft shot as Edwards was backed by the referee whom he bumped into.

A third went through from Ross after a pass by Carroll who sent in some fine centres and was prominent throughout.

The Gymkhana were without Kennedy who, suffering from fever, stood down when it was decided the game was not to count. Ward went centre half and Rollo right back, a change which presumably they do not intend to adhere to. Edie, for the Telegraph, took a turn in goal during the first half and their forward line was not quite at full strength, being without Holman.

Though the Royal Scots "B" are assured of first place the fight for second place is in a most interesting condition. The Gymkhana have at present the advantage by a single point. They have still to beat the Telegraph and Customs, as a drawn game will lose them the place on goal average. The Scots "A" have still the Rovers and Customs to play and on past form they should boat both.

The list of matches that remain to be played were published yesterday and this is now an additional to be played off before the Tournament next month.

POONA RACES.

Handicaps for Next Saturday.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 14.

The following are the handicaps for the Fourth Extra Meeting on next Saturday.

OLD STAND PLATE.—One mile. Clearartist 9st 12lb; Killeewan 9st 10lb; Stir About 9st 7lb; Our State 9st 6lb; Circuit 9st 5lb, Preparation 9st 4lb.; Cinder Bell 9st 3lb, Metal Maid 8st 13lb, Dulcimer 8st 12lb, Admiral Crichton 8st 10lb, Presbyterian 8st 9lb, Apology 8st 8lb, St Patrick 8st 7lb.; Shot Over 7st 12lb, Balayeuse 7st 10lb, Trenayr 7st 9lb, Flotsam 7st 8lb.; Mallinyook 7st 6lb. Rose Water 7st 4lb; Insurrection 7st; Chevalier 6st 10lb.

If top weight accepting be under 9st 10lb it will be raised to that amount and the others in proportion.

LANOWLI PLATE.—One mile, Precious 10st 1lb, Soheil 9st, Young Kohinoor 8st 8lb, Skylark 8st 7lb, Vasco 8st 7lb., Ajax 8st 6lb, Nooman 8st 5lb., Bendigo 8st 6lb., Peculiar 8st 4lb, Arablord 8st 2lb, Gladiator 8st, Nizam 7st 13lb, Ashroff 7st 12lb, Monsoon 7st 9lb, Scarlet 7st 8lb, Antica 7st 6lb., Shalla 7st 5lb; Dhamas 7st 2lb., Let Go 7st; Sportsman 6st 12lb., Talisman 6st 10lb., Gwalior 6st 8lb, Joker 6st 3lb.

Top weight not accepting weights to be raised seven lbs.

MIDGET HANDICAP.—Six furlongs. Rose 9st 12st, Creditor 9st 2lb, Grey Falcon 9st, Zurriff 8st 10lbs, Scimitar 8st 9lb, Mudlool 8st 4lb, Caravan 8st 1lb, Shanwar 8st, Darby 7st 13lb, Settler 7st 10lb, Little Joker 7st 8lb, Young Gazelle 7st 7lb, Yatum 7st 6lb, Calcutta 7st 1lb, Sahoon 7st., Gancho 7st, Engine 6st 10lbs, Solicitor 6st 8lb, Caroon 6st 6lb, Saeed 6st 4lb.

Top weights not accepting weights to be raised seven lbs.

PONY PLATE.—Six furlongs.—Comeback 10st 1lb, Matalgia 9st 13lb, Gun Metal 9st 10lbs., Russily Rose 9st 8lb, Encourage 9st 8lb, Koko 8st 7lb, Chippy Norton 8st 1lb, Mandeville 7st 10lb, Recovery 7st 9lb, Gladstone 7st 3lb, Virballa 6st 10lb, Sharavogue 6st.

If top weight in accepting be under 9st 10lb it will be raised to that amount and the others in proportion.

SECOND ENTRIES.

Second entries for the Poona Races which closed last night consist of forty-four entries which added to the nine hundred and forty-three entered in the first entries bring up the number to nine hundred and eighty-seven. Third and final entries which close on 27th instant, will certainly find some more horses entered and a grand total is thus sure to exceed a thousand entries which will be a record for Poona. The following are horses entered in the second entries for the principal events:—

FIRST DAY.

Yerrowda Plate:—R. C. and distance over seven flights:—Corro Roy, Rossi, Shotover.

First Aga Khan's Commemoration Plate:—One and a quarter miles:—Four more horses entered.

Maidan Plate:—Seven furlongs:—One more entered.

The Lilliputs:—Half a mile:—Two more entered.

SECOND DAY.

Poona Plate:—Five furlongs:—Lady Metal.

The Criterion:—Seven furlongs:—Mulison, Little Britain Insurrection.

Poona Derby:—One and a half miles:—Dhamas and Madras.

Dealers Plate:—One mile:—One more entered.

Arab Pony Derby:—Six furlongs:—Five more entered.

THIRD DAY.

Aga Khan's Cup:—One and a half miles:—Sacristan II.

Autumn Plate:—Six furlongs:—Mulison-Dale mole.

Bedouin Plate:—One mile. Three more entered.

Wanowrie Plate:—Six furlongs:—One more entered.

FOURTH DAY.

Poona Grand National (Steeplechase for horses) two miles and one furlong:—Corree Roy.

Dealers New Plate:—Seven furlongs:—Two more entered.

Naval and Military Plate:—Six furlongs:—One more entered.

FIFTH DAY.

Governor's Cup:—R. C. and distance:—Dhamas and Madras.

Ganesh Khind Plate:—Six furlongs Mulison.

Lawn Plate:—Five furlongs:—Three more entered.

Lanowli Plate:—One mile:—One more entered.

SIXTH DAY.

Paddock Plate:—Mulison and Charles.

SEVENTH DAY.

September Plate:—Six furlongs:—Insurrection and Mulison.

POONA JUNIOR POLO TOURNAMENT.

Postponed Owing to Rain.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 14.

Poona Junior Open Polo Tournament, which was to commence last Monday, has been postponed until the 26th instant owing to the heavy rains.

RAILWAY THIEVES.

Notorious Man Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 14.

Two Bengal policemen, conveying Rs. 50,000 to Mymensingh by rail have been robbed *en route* and up to now the trace of thieves has been discovered.

Captain H. H. Elliott, whilst travelling from Allahabad to Calcutta, captured a notorious railway thief named Fakir Mahomed between Simultala and Bidyanath. He seems to have been travelling in the servants' compartment as some articles were found under the seat he occupied. He was only recently released from jail.

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.]

OUR SERIAL STORY.

THE WOOING OF LILAC,

BY

T. W. HANSHEW,

Author of "The World's Finger," "The Mallison Mystery," "Her Double Life," &c., &c.

CHAPTER VII.

"Hullo, Tommy! What the dickens brings you to this part of the world this morning?" said Sir Harold, as he advanced to meet his none-too-well pleased kinsman.

"Might ask you the same question," replied Beltran, biting off his words sharply. "Getting out of bed and up the river at eight o'clock in the morning must be a new sort of experience for you. Who sent you here? Mrs. Fitch, or the servant I paid to re-address my letters?"

Sir Harold waived the question with airy indifference.

"What a suspicious old beggar you are, Tommy Rot," he said serenely. "Ah! good morning, Miss Melrose. How well you are looking. Are you, too, out for a day on the river? You'll enjoy it I know. We can't compete with your country in the matter of rivers, but you'll find old Father Thames isn't half bad for all that."

"I have found that out already," said Lilac, slipping a welcoming hand into the palm he held out to her. "I've been in almost daily communication with him for three weeks past. Oh, yes, Mr. Beltran, it is three weeks since we came here first, —misinterpreting the slight shake of the head her guardian gave. "Don't you remember you were saying only last night that to-day would begin the fourth week of our stay here?"

Sir Harold appeared to be suddenly and inexpressibly shocked; ditto Mrs. Clayton-Conway, who had come forward in his wake and was just then holding out a perfectly gloved hand to Beltran—for both paused and looked that unhappy man straight in the face, so straight and so fixedly that a broad band of red came out across the bridge of his nose and the upper part of both cheeks and his temples palpitated visibly. He said nothing, however; nor was it necessary he should do so. These people knew him and whatsoever they might affect to regard as questionable conduct upon his part they knew the man too well to believe.

"My ward and I and her maid have been stopping in Richmond for some little time," he said lamely, his eyes fixed upon Mrs. Clayton-Conway's eyes, as though daring her to think evil. "Our visit will terminate when Lady Hammerton returns from the Continent."

"And Lady Hammerton returned from the Continent ten days ago," replied Mrs. Clayton-Conway with smiling insouciance and a quite Frenchy lifting of the left shoulder. "You can't have read the Society column in the newspapers lately. Or didn't they have any newspapers in Arcadia? Your ward is a charmingly attractive girl, Mr. Beltran. Introduce me."

There was no way out of it, of course; and so in spite of himself, Beltran was forced to do the honours.

"My dear Miss Melrose, you can't tell how delighted I am to know you," said Mrs. Clayton-Conway effusively. "What a fortunate thing it was that Sir Harold and I took it into our heads to indulge in an early morning stroll instead of remaining aboard the 'Giddy Mermaid' with the rest, isn't it?"

"The Giddy Mermaid?"

"Yes—Lady Lapscomb's house-boat, you know. It lies up the river a short way, and we are both members of her party for this week. I will admit that I was rather inclined to reject Cupid's proposition—(Cupid is Society's name for Sir Harold, my dear. Suits him, doesn't it?)—and remain behind with the others; but I am glad now that didn't—glad for your sake, I mean."

"For mine?" repeated Lilac. "Why for mine, Mrs. Clayton-Conway. You speak as tragically as though I had been standing upon the verge of a precipice and you and Sir Harold had just arrived in time to snatch me back."

"Exactly as we have done, my dear—or, rather, as I have done, to be more precise. You have been standing upon the verge of a social precipice, and Mr. Beltran ought to have been more generous than to place you there."

"I really don't follow you," said Lilac, drawing down her brows in a puzzled manner. "I may be very obtuse, but I don't. Mr. Beltran has been all kindness and goodness to me, and I am sure he would be the last person in the world to place me in any position of peril."

Again Mrs. Clayton Conway's shoulder lifted.

"I dare say," she agreed. "But he has done it all the same, and he can't pretend to be ignorant of it. You must come and join our house boat party, my dear, at once; Lady Lapscomb will be most willing to receive you and put you up for my sake, I know. Or no, when I come to think of it, there isn't an atom of room; so Cupid will have to go and engage rooms for us at an hotel, and we can spend our days on the house boat and our nights there. From this point onward you are to consider yourself as my guest, my dear. Is this young person your maid? Tell her to get your things together, and we will drive over here this afternoon and leave word where they are to be sent. Cupid, can't you manage to get a cab or a trap of some kind? I really must take Miss Melrose over to the house-boat at once and go in search of accomodation."

"I'm afraid you are taking everything too much for granted," said Lilac with a smile that robbed her words of any suspicion of rudeness. "And I am afraid, too, that I can't accept your kind hospitality. For one thing I am going up the river with Mr. Beltran, and for another, I am so comfortable and happy here, and the place where Felicity Maud and I are stopping is such a pretty picturesque home-like sort of house that I shouldn't care to exchange it for a hotel."

"But my dear child, you must!" exclaimed Mrs. Clayton-Conway, tragically. "You—you can't possibly stop longer. You, a young unmarried girl and your guardian an unmarried man. Why, the thing is unheard of! Your whole career would be blighted. You would never be able to hold up your head in respectable society if this thing become known."

"I prefer to think that that is an exaggeration," said Lilac, her cheeks flushing to a brilliant red. 'At any rate, I won't insult my guardian by being in the least degree affected by it. I thank you very much for your kindness, but—I shall remain where I am."

Mrs. Clayton-Conway rolled up her carefully-pencilled eyes, and there was a moment of intense silence. Then:

"Mr. Beltran, will you go and engage rooms for me in the same house?" she said, tragically. "I can't permit this dear child to commit social suicide in this unthinking manner. If she does not see the necessity—the absolute necessity—for a chaperone you at least are not so blind. Cupid, go back to the house-boat and have my maid bring my effects over at once. Mr. Beltran, tell this perverse child that I am acting in her best interest in doing this."

Metaphorically, Beltran had not a leg left to stand upon. Reluctantly, he was obliged to admit that Mrs. Clayton-Conway's position was a correct and most praiseworthy one, and with equal reluctance, to bow to her wishes and do as she desired. So, the proposed visit to the upper reaches of the river instead of being a little party a trois as originally planned became a party of five (Lilac positively would not have Felicity Maud deprived of her treat by being left behind), and of these the only absolutely miserable person was Beltran. Mrs. Clayton Conway fastened herself upon him like an agreeable octopus, and, as a result of her tactics, Sir Harold and Lilac were thrown together and soon got into a lively conversation and the beginning of an interesting friendship. The thing that Beltran dreaded had come to pass, and he was powerless to avert it.

CHAPTER VIII.

Never, in the whole three and thirty years of his life had Beltran suffered as he suffered that day; for Sir Harold could be a most agreeable companion when he chose to exert himself, and, as he did exert in the present instance, his bright sallies brought the clear ringing laughter of gladness rippling from Lilac's lips more than once as the boat forged on up the river into the green and fragrant mysteries of the upper reaches.

After all, she was only a child at heart, and to delight in the companionship of those whose years approach nearly to one's own has been a trick of childhood ever.

"How well they get along together, those two children," said Mrs. Clayton-Conway, affecting a matronly sedateness she would have been quick to resent had anybody else suggested it of her. Really it is quite touching, is it not? What a charm, what, an exhaustless capacity for enjoyment youth has, has it not Mr. Beltran? We middle-aged people who have outlived all that sort of thing may feel superior to it, of course, but it has its charm all the same don't you think?"

Beltran didn't say what he thought; but, in his secret heart, he was conscious of a sharp pang born of that world "middle-aged," for at that moment three and thirty seemed to him to partake of the antiquity of Methuselah, and it appeared to his distorted vision as though seons stretched between his age and the birth time of Lilac.

"You must have quite a fatherly interest in her, despite your indiscretion in not procuring a proper chaperone," went on his calm torturer. "Cupid tells me her father was an old 'Varsity chum of yours, and, but very very little your senior. Decidedly you must look upon her as quite a baby."

"Suppose we leave 'Cupid' and my personal feelings out of the conversation," said Beltran, badhumouredly. "I hope you'll pardon me, but I don't feel like talking about anything to-day; I've got a headache."

"Sun on the water, I expect. It is trying isn't it?"

"Yes," agreed Beltran gruffly, and then dropped into silence; scarcely speaking a dozen more words throughout the entire day. And all the while Lilac and Sir Harold chattered on and were as blithe as two tomtits on an apple bough.

The day dragged on—in gloom and bitterness so far as Beltran was concerned, and in regret and disappointment for far-seeing, romantic-minded Felicity Maud—and two at least of the five occupants of the boat were not sorry when the sun slid down the glorified west and gave the signal for returning.

They went back through the tender primrose glow of the twilight, and the faint silver of the early rising moon, stopping on their way to report to the singing, screaming piano-playing party on the "Giddy Mermaid," with its fringe of wind-awung Japanese lanterns, its crowded flower boxes and its flapping parti-coloured awning under which this particular portion of the particularly smart set in which Lady Lapscomb circulated, was indulging in the boisterous measures of a cake walk and making the river ring with their screaming merriment.

"Oh, you apostate!" screeched Lady Lapscomb removing the cigarette from her lips and looking Lilac thought, with shocked surprise, as though she were going to slide completely out of her extremely low-necked blouse, and come plunging down upon the boats and its occupants in puris naturalibus. "Yes, I got your note and shipped Delphine off with your luggage this morning. I didn't send anything for Cupid though," she added with a giggle. "So, he'll have to come back here and help us fill out the night as usual. Oh! is that you, Mr. Beltran? Do come aboard for a time and have a glass of fizz with us. We'll promise not to shock your bachelor sensibilities won't we, Teddy?"

"That depends," replied a masculine voice from the other side of the deck whereat there was a general roar of laughter and the sound of things being thrown.

"Teddy, don't be rude!" said Lady Lapscomb, as a bunch of roses struck her on the back of the head. "There might be an earwig in those things and if it should slip down my neck I'd simply go frantic. Do come aboard," addressing Beltran again.

"Not to-night, thank you," he answered, and pushed off into the dark, as though he had inadvertently moored the craft to a fever ship.

"Well, good-bye then," screeched Lady Lapscomb over the ever-widening stretch of water. "Good night, Bella, and mind you don't forget to say your prayers. (Teddy, stop that yelling, this instant; Bella does pray—sometimes; when she overruns her quarterly allowance.) Cupid! Cupid! If you don't come back early you shan't be permitted to come aboard!"

Then out clashed the momentarily silent piano again, and the Japanese lanterns began to jiggle and the sounds of scuffling feet floated over the silent water.

It was ten and after when the boat finally came to a rest at the foot of the green slope, and the homeward journey reached its end.

"Cupid, you may carry my parasol as far as the door of the house, as a reward for being a good boy," said Mrs. Clayton-Conway as they all stepped ashore. Or perhaps Mr. Beltran needs your help in bringing up the hamper."

"No—I don't," said Beltran gruffly, as he shouldered it and trudged up the slope, I can get along without aid. Well, good-night," he added, as they came to halt before the villa: "I'm off to my own diggings."

"But surely not without saying good-night to me?" said Lilac reproachfully, as she came forward a step and held out her hand. "I have had such a delightful day! Thank you so much for getting up such a lovely trip as this has been. I don't know when I have enjoyed myself so much."

"I'm glad of that, he replied moodily; "I'm always glad when you are happy. I should like you to be happy always and—I'll do all I can to make you so. I hope you'll sleep well, Lilac. Good-night, little girl; good night and pleasant dreams." Then he pressed her hand and dropped it and swung off into the darkness alone.

'Even an oyster may be crossed in love, quoted Mrs. Clayton-Conway in a soft aside to Sir Harold; and Sir Harold laughed and went over to say good-night to Lilac.

"I've had a ripping time, Miss Melrose—haven't you?" he said. "Can't think when I've enjoyed myself so much."

"It was lovely, wasn't it?" she returned. "But I'm afraid Mr. Beltran didn't enjoy it as much as I could have wished. He had a headache," he said, and I can't think what could have brought it on; he was so lively and well just before we started."

"Oh well, when a man's getting on in years ailments will come you know—its to be expected. Hop he'll be all right to morrow, for I've planned a ripping time for us then. Good night and all sorts of pleasant dreams Miss Melrose, and if you can manage to dream of me, I shall be your debtor for life."

Her only response was a laugh and then—she was gone.

(To be continued.)

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING, B. V. R.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

161.—Detail for the week ending Saturday, the 17th instant:—To-day Thursday the 15th—Semaphore Drill in rear of Telegraph Quarters at 7 a.m.

II.—"E" Coy. Parade at 7-45 a.m. on company parade ground.
III "I" Coy Parade at 4-15 p.m on company parade ground.
IV—"M" Coy. Parade at 3-15 p. m. on company parade ground.

Friday, the 16th—"K" Coy John Connon School Parade, at 3-30 p.m on company parade ground

Saturday the 17th—"H" Coy Parade at 7-30 a.m. on company parade ground.

Subject for all companies during the week, Pages 115 to 125 Training Manuals appendix 1905.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

239 PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The Annual Distribution of Prizes of the Corps will take place at the Town Hall on Tuesday the 10th September at 9-30 p.m. to be followed by a Dance.

Dress Members attending must be in uniform (i.g.) Mess Dress or Khaki.

Invitations.—Each member of the Corps is entitled to two free tickets in addition to his own extra tickets to be paid for at the rate of Re 1 each to be remitted with applications for Tickets to the Head-Quarters office.

No application for Tickets will be considered after the 31st instant.

220 STRENGTH.

The following members having resigned are struck off the strength of the Corps:—O Bombr H Kirkpatrick and W Oldnery, Gr A G Brimmell and H V Quigley, No 3 Co.

R. W. FISHER, Lieut.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

A WINDOW which has been subscribed for entirely by women bearing the name of Mary has been completed in Bulvan Church, Essex. The rector received shilling contributions from women of that name in all parts of the world.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

BOMBAY ARCHITECTS' ASSOCIATION.

The *Rast Goftar* remarks:—The Association of Bombay Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, met, at its first General Meeting to deliberate over questions of vital significance, which have exercised Bombay for a long time past on matters relating to house construction in the city. The Association has done yeoman's service by calling attention to certain anomalies in the regulations as they now obtain, which though to all intents and purposes have been enacted for the purpose of obtaining efficiency, frustrate the ends for which they have been designed. The Municipality has with a view to exempt itself from responsibilities, indiscriminately employed regulations which make no distinction, between a house that is built on modest plans to serve the need of poor classes, and those palatial habitations which are meant for the use of well-to-do tenants. The inevitable result is that owners of houses with scant means are deterred from applying to the Municipal Executive for improvements where they are a necessity. This practice encourages corruption in the smaller fry of Municipal Service, who employ the instrument to torture the house-owning class. The Association points to one grave deficiency in the bye-laws which deal with ruinous structures. Under these regulations the Commissioner is endowed with absolute power to deal with houses which are in a ruinous condition. The Commissioner's ruling is all in all, for when the fiat has gone forth that a certain structure is to be demolished, there is no appeal to any tribunal or a third party. In spite of the absolute authority vested in the Municipal Executive, it is sad to reflect that disastrous house fatalities in the city are possible. If this authority was exercised with due care and vigilance, we should not have heard of the catastrophe which resulted in the heavy loss of life and property, perpetrated, week before last at the Agiari Lane. But the Association points to another side of this question, and it is with reference to the arbitrary methods in which this authority in the Municipality is exercised to the detriment of house-owners. The Association resents with enough justification that officials who are not well posted-up in the work of inspection of ruinous houses and are not qualified to pronounce an opinion, condemn the structures at their free sweat will, a practice which entails great hardship on house-owners of poor means, who have not the where withal to pay solicitors' and architects' fees.

THE SPECIE BANK AND PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

The *Gujerati* thus comments on the working of the Indian Specie Bank:—The Hon. Mr. Vithaldas was right in claiming that the Specie Bank was the largest of its kind that

BY THE WAY.

THE HOLIDAYS AND REST.

"One of the most distinguished physicians," and "a Court doctor" to boot, has had something to say on holiday methods to a contributor to *Chamber's Journal*: A man works for forty-nine weeks in the year in the City, and works hard and then he spends his three weeks' holiday in Switzerland, roaming about from place to place, and keeping both mind and body continually at work. He prattles about the benefits accruing from change of scene, and so forth. Thousands of Englishmen do that in the belief that they are doing themselves good. It is a terrible mistake. Holiday-time in the case of such people should be made a special period for the conservation of energy, and the Switzerland excursions have the very opposite effect. How, then, should such people make holiday? Lie in bed all the time! That is the best thing for them to do, and would tend to the prolongation of their lives. Of course, they won't do that; then they should holiday as near to that principle of perfect rest as they can.

Wise advice, no doubt; but how many among the millions of holiday-makers will pay it due heed!

GENERAL HAGRON'S RESIGNATION.

The resignation of General Hagron of his position of Vice-President of the Superior Council of War in ... has already been announced. The position of President of the Superior Council of War (the ... correspondent of the "Glasgow Herald" states) is the highest to which a French officer can aspire. He is charged with the inspection of the five army corps which guard the eastern frontier, and would take supreme command of them in time of war. He is always in possession of a "Litre de service" to this effect, which comes into force as soon as war is declared. As in time of peace he has the right of inspection of these army corps, he is responsible vis-a-vis the Government for their efficiency. It is therefore the most responsible position in the French Army. General Hagron is to be succeeded by General de Lacroix, one of the most brilliant soldiers of the modern school in France.

DR. AUER'S LATEST-DISCOVERY.

Dr. Auer of Welsbach, the inventor of the incandescent mantle, has just discovered in the metal wolfram a much superior filament to that of carbon used in the type of electric incandescent lamp now in vogue. He claims that the light obtained from the wolfram lamp is three or four times as brilliant as that given by the ordinary carbon lamp with the same consumption of electricity; and what is equally important, the life of the new lamp exceeds that of the old one by many hundreds of hours. The development of Dr. Auer's latest discovery seems likely to have a wide influence on the electric-lighting world, if not, indeed, to mark a new era.

A STARLING'S INSTINCT.

A few weeks ago a Galashiels nurseryman found a young starling in his nursery, and as the bird could not fly he took it to his home, nearly half a mile away, and put it in a cage, which he hung up in the lobby of the house. Next day he was surprised to see the mother-bird fly into the house and commence feeding the young bird in the cage. This operation has been continued three times every day since the old bird found out the new quarters of its offspring, and the bird appears to be in no way frightened at the strange surroundings.

RATS IN HAMLET'S COUNTRY.

Rats must be a great nuisance in Denmark, for the British Consul at Copenhagen reports that a law relating to their extermination has been passed, and the Danish Government has allocated the sum of £4,276 ... used during three years for this purpose. It is, however, on condition that an organisation which has ... been formed for the extermination of rats shall ... an amount of £1,666 during the three years for the ... purpose. This Bill was before the Rigsdag several ... ago, and at that time it was proposed that the ... should be spent in payment of premiums of 10 ... (1 1/3d.) for every rat killed and produced. In the meantime, however, a Danish patent rat-destroyer has been invented, and in the law it is stipulated that part of the grant shall be used on the Government properties and domains in experimenting with remedies which may be found suitable.

IN PRAISE OF MARK TWAIN.

Professor Phelps, of Yale, has a paper in the "North American Review" on our recent distinguished visitor whom he regards as the "foremost living American writer." He has not the subtlety of Henry James or the wonderful charm of Mr. Howells; he could not have written "Daisy Miller" or "A Modern Instance, or Indian Summer," or "The Kentons"—books of which every American should be proud, for they exhibit literary qualities of an exceedingly high order.... But the natural endowment of Mark Twain is still greater. Mr. Howells has made the most of himself; God has done it all for Mark Twain." "If," adds Professor Phelps, "there be a living American writer touched with true genius whose books glow with the divine fire it is he."

"THROUGH AND THROUGH AMERICAN."

"Mark Twain," the Professor further states, is 'through and through American": If foreigners really wish to know the American spirit, let them read Mark Twain. He is far more American than their favourite specimen, Walt Whitman. The essentially American qualities of common-sense, energy, enterprise, good humour, and Philistinism fairly shriek from his pages. He reveals us in our limitations, in our lack of appreciation of certain beautiful things, fully as well as he pictures us in coarser but more triumphant aspect. "Americans," the Professor admits, "have no monopoly of common-sense and good humour;" nor are they all "hide-bound Philistines. But there is something pronounced in the American character, and the books of Mark Twain reveal it."

MR. LEVER'S RECEPTION.

The burst of cheering with which Mr. Lever was greeted on his first appearance in the House of Commons, since the termination of the famous libel action, was somewhat disconcerting to him. He entered the House quietly, and was for some little time unconscious that he himself was the object of the enthusiasm. When the truth dawned on him he manifested both modesty and genuine pleasure, and blushingly bowed his grateful acknowledgment of the honour.

WHIP-CRACKING IN THE PORCH.

Whip-cracking in church was, a writer in the August *Quiver* states, formerly practised at Caistor, Lincolnshire, on Palm Sunday. Many attempts were made to suppress it, and about seventy years ago the lord of the manor presented a petition to the House of Lords with that object. The document was to this effect:

A cart-whip of the fashion of several centuries since called a gad-whip, with four pieces of wych-elm bound round the stock, and a leather purse attached to the extremity of the stock, containing thirty pence, is, during Divine service, cracked in the church porch, and while the Second Lesson is reading is brought into the church and held over the reading-desk by the person who carries it. A local tradition inclines to the view that the custom was originally a penance for a murder, and that the lord of the manor of Hundon could exact some penalty from the lord of the manor of Broughton if it were omitted. For many years the attempt to put an end to the custom failed, but in 1846 the objectionable practice was allowed to lapse.

THE LOST GRIEVANCE.

Another joy has vanished, I'm afraid!
I must, to nurse a grievance, pose as one
Who felt nor discontented nor dismayed
When coyness overcame the summer sun.
The moon is new; and summer has begun:
I can abuse the weather now no more,
So I'll regret my ease when day was done,
The fire piled high, and bolted fast the door!

The day is balmy, bright and warm, and all the rest of it!
My grievance is far-fetched; but I must make the best of it!

The sun-lit stream sounds very well in verse,
But, I'll contend, it's always very wet,
And breeds rheumatics, or complaints far worse.
What sport more stimulating can we get
Than skating was, while frosty summer yet
Made Boulter's Lock an admirable rink?
Iced claret-cup I'd willingly forget
Were steaming bouillon offered me to drink!

There's nought seductive in the clash of croquet-balls to me.
Now summer has arrived, the vanished snow-drift calls to me!

The garb that now the weather bids me don—
Straw hats, and flannels—has for me no charm;
And toying in the shade I look upon
(Pray, don't tell Amaryllis) with alarm
The cosy ingle-nook, the plaided calm
Of sitting, snug, at home—on these I dote,
Or feign to! Can I wear, and take no harm,
A sable lining neath my summer coat?

While winter lingered, "Give me summer" was my constant cry.
Now summer's come, the heat oppresses me, I wonder why?

MR. CHARLES EDWARD HAMILTON, Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, has died in London. He was the explorer who was hanged by Arabs in the Soudan, and escaped by the breaking of the rotten rope by which he was suspended.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

TRIUMPH OF THE TAILOR-MADE.

The chief feature of tailor-gowns at present is the perfectly simple little cut-away coat; very like a man's cut-away garment, only it is much more decided in its angles, and is fastened at the breast with one button only. The roll collar is faced with thick gross-grain silk, and the coat simply lined throughout with soft silk or satin. In some instances these coats are not fastened at all, but depend on the perfection of cut and fit to give the correct appearance. The skirts of these costumes are treated in two ways: they are either very much gored three parts down, fitting like a skin, and then flare out very wide round the feet, or they are cut in umbrella or circular shape, with strappings and front panels. In the first case there is no trimming whatever on these skirts, but each gore is strap-stitched. In the case of the circular skirt elaborate braidings of soutache are admissible, and the front panel is very heavily braided, almost entirely covering the ground-work of the material. For tailor-mades these are the two prevailing modes of skirts. It goes without saying that everything depends upon the cut and hang of these coats and skirts and a great deal on the perfect figure of the wearer. Such absolute simplicity demands perfection in every way.

THE SECRET OF A GOOD FIGURE.

Strangely enough, the harder part is that of the tailor, for corsets have attained such perfect proportions that almost any woman who is normally straight can be so corsetted that an expert tailor *should* have no difficulty in turning out his part of the work faultlessly. This is, naturally, allowing that the woman knows where to go for her corsets, for there are "corsetieres and corsetieres". I have seen lately examples that have been works of art, writes one lady correspondent. Even the abnormally developed need have no fear, if she is in the right hands. If she is straight down, like a piece of cardboard, she can be artistically provided with bust and hips, or should she be too generously gifted with these, they can likewise be reduced. It is really marvellous the strides made lately in the art of corset-making. But it is only since intelligent woman have taken up this branch that we have reached the present stage.

PASTEL TINTS.

To return, however, to the tailor-gowns, the materials chosen for these are mostly very smooth light texture faced cloth in pastel tints. The colours most favoured are milk white, pear-grey, crushed strawberry, thistle blue, biscuit, and fawn shades. In darker colours strong tones will be used, and also strong contrasts in facing and lining—orange and dark blue not a navy nor yet a royal, but just a happy intervening shade that looks delightful with the right tone of orange used for the collar. The silk underskirt should be of the same bright colour, and should be extremely full-frilled. Another pretty contrast is green and shade of old red—bordering an old rose, yet toning perfectly will the green. The sleeves of these tailor-coats show a decided tendency to three-quarter length and more of the man's cut. One or two, however, are still above the elbow, and are decidedly smarter.

THE TAFFETA COAT.

There will, of course, be the usual array of smart lace and muslin gowns (weather permitting) and with these long lace and taffeta coats will be seen. One of the latest of these is in Nattier blue taffeta, the skirt of which is of the same shade of lace over white Liberty satin, the adjusted waistcoat of white satin with sapphire buttons and the collar of velvet. The sloping shoulder and wide sleeve effect are both smart and becoming. As regards evening and dinner gowns, they will be of the picturesque type—long clinging draperies in the softest of fabrics, some of them nun-like in their extreme simplicity: the only part of them that is slightly out of harmony is the extreme decolletage that will be universally adopted. The saving clause is the evening scarf, which will play a substantial part and protect the shoulders. Whereas, in the confection of these clinging gowns, almost devoid of ornamentation, the colourings of some are deep—Venetian red poppy and cornflower—sunflower yellow, and other such tones will contrast with the oyster white, maize, and lilac of others. These picture gowns are not for every one and those who understand their own style are sensible enough to discard the rules and regulations of la Mode, and make their choice accordingly. For I have been privileged to see some most charming gowns, so dainty that they look as if fairy hands had brought them straight from their own dominions. Then, again the exaggerated simplicity of young girls' frocks for outdoor as well as indoor wear will make a pleasing note of variety amongst the many charming creations that will be seen during the week everywhere.

W. BUCK, rural postman at Penybont, Radnorshire, who has just retired on pension, has walked 180,000 miles in the performance of his duties during thirty-four years' service. For twenty-three years he had to walk to and from Llanbadarn-Fynydd, a distance of twenty-four miles, over hilly country, and for eleven years after he had daily another walk of twelve miles to and from Abbey-Cwmhir. During all the years of his service he had to be out every morning at 4-45 in all weathers to get his mail bags.

WOMEN'S DARK DAYS.

Bile Beans are Nature's Great Assistant in Restoring Health and Happiness.

Every woman has her dark days—days when the hours of housework drag wearily along, and when, may-be, her bones are filled with aches and pains. Fluttering of the heart, morning sickness, headache, capricious appetite, and constipation—these are some of the commonest symptoms of female trouble, which has its origin in a disordered liver and weakened stomach, and makes martyrs of 99 out of every 100 women.

Bile Beans, by eradicating all disorders of the digestive system, banish all these distressing symptoms. They cure in Nature's own way, and ensure a sound stomach and liver and a strong constitution.

Mrs. A. McDonald, wife of a farm servant, of Calrossie, Nigg. N. B., tells how Bile Beans ended four years of constant misery:

"The torture and suffering I experienced from pains in the back, stomach, and chest were something dreadful," she says. "My appetite left me, and when in bed I never could get to sleep. I was a complete wreck. Some times I would be doubled up with pain, and was unable to do my housework. I was also troubled with constipation.

"This continued for four years, and during the greater part of that time I was under treatment by doctors and took medicines until I had spent almost all my means. But I never got the least bit better until I commenced with Bile Beans. I continued taking Bila Beans until I was comrletely cured. I can now eat my food, sleep at night, and am in a state of perfecet health."

Bile Beans are sold in sealed boxes by all chemists, at Re. 1 - per box, or Rs. 2-4 for box containing 3 times the quantity. Don't accept any pills offered loose; none are genuine Bile Beans unless sold in sealed boxes.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON.

Cut out this coupon and forward it together with one anna stamp to the Bile-Beans Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, to obtain a dainty free sample box of Bile-Beans.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette," 15th Aug., 1907.

BILE BEANS for BILIOUSNESS

MEN AND MATTERS.

SIR ARCHIBALD EDMONSTONE.

SIR ARCHIBALD and Lady Edmonstone have long been honoured with the close friendship of the Royal family. Sir Archibald is of the very bluest blood in Scotland, and in his pedigree there are at least two trains of Royal descent. His estate of Duntreath was granted to the family almost exactly four-hundred and fifty years ago. He is just forty, and is a remarkably good-looking man, with most winning manners. He was the only brother in the family of eight sisters, who have all married; and the best known are Lady Dunedin and the Hon. Mrs. George Keppel. Lady Edmonstone is a near relative of Sir Charles Forbes, of Newe, a great laird in Aberdeenshire, and she is thus a sister-in-law of Lady Angela Forbes, and cousin of Mrs. Willie James, who so often entertains the King at West Dean Park. Lady Edmonstone, who is exquisitely beautiful, with lily-white complexion and lovely light gold hair, has yet another link with the Court in that she is the granddaughter of the famous Madame de Falbe. She has in perfection the gift of dress, her preference being for black, both in frocks and in hats. She has three sturdy little boys, to the youngest of whom, Edward St. John, the King stood sponsor in peron at the Chapel Royal, St. James's.

THE MASTER OF THE CEREMONIES.

Mr. Arthur Walsh, the new Master of the Ceremonies is a very good-looking man who is nearing his fiftieth year though he certainly does not look it. He is known in society as one of the best bridge-players. The son and heir of Lord Ormathwaite, a venerable peer, who recently celebrated his eightieth birthday, Mr. Walsh began his career in the 1st Life Guards and became equerry to the lamented Duke of Clarence at Avondale; it was no doubt this circumstance which brought him into further favour at Court, for, after the Duke's tragically sudden death, he was appointed a groom-in-waiting and gentleman usher to the king. Only a few weeks ago, it will be remembered, the King appointed him to be in special attendance on Prince Fushimi. Lady Clementine Walsh, who is the only sister of Lord Camrlen, is stately and tall with that most charming combination of dark hair and blue eyes. Some time ago Lord Ormathwaite handed over to his son and daughter-in-law his Berkshire seat, Warfield Park, and there they have often entertained delightful little parties of friends, though just now the place is let to Mr. and Mrs. McCreery.

A LADY LIBRARIAN.

Mrs. Strong, who has just received the degree of Litt. D. from Dublin University, has the distinction of being the only lady who controls an important library in this country—namely, that of the Duke of Devonshire at Chatsworth. Mrs. Strong is strikingly handsome, dark and tall, and her stately presence recalls those noble old Greek statues on which she is one of the greatest living authorities. As Miss Eugenie Sellers, having taken the classical tripos at Cambridge, she was chosen to lecture on Greek Art at the British Museum and South Kensington, and her marriage ten years ago to Mr. S. Arthur Strong, the great Oriental scholar and art critic, was acclaimed as a union of twin souls. Mr. Strong, whose brother, by the way, is Dean of Christ Church, at Oxford, was librarian to the House of Lords and also librarian at Chatsworth, and, on his death three years ago, his widow succeeded him in the latter office.

PRINCESS OF THE SLUMS.

To picture a niece of King Edward, a cousin of the Empress of Russia, the Emperor of Germany, the Queens of Norway and of Spain, taking tea in a dimp, dark cellar in Bermondsey, the only seat in the room her chair, the only furniture a bed and a kettle, requires a little effort of the mind. Princess Louise of Schleswig-Holstein has had this and many other experiences in London's blackest slums, and she narrated some of them the other day at a meeting at Holland House convened by the Church Army. The host at this particular royal tea-party was a man lately returned from doing three months in gaol for stealing a wheelbarrow. Such a dull thing to go to gaol for, the princess commented, with a characteristic flicker of fun. Thanks to Frederdary Carlile and the lady, the man is now in the way of becoming a fairly reputable member of society, and Princess Louise saw him at church the Sunday before last, with a proud look and a wife who had new flowers in her bonnet. "I see you have on a pretty new tie," said Her Highness after the service. "Yes, miss, I 'oped you would notice it," replied the ex-criminal with a gratified smirk. There are moments of such intense joy in life that one cannot find words to describe them, this granddaughter of Queen Victoria thinks, and her encounter with the reformed wheelbarrow thief gave her one of them.

A TALE OF MEAN STREETS.

A slim white figure in the July sunlight, Princess Louise showed her well-dressed audience something of the infinitely sad side of poverty. Speaking in a voice musical and exquisitely modulated, she told of explorations in a tiny basement room, where a mother and eight young children keep up the pale pretence of living. She told of tearful interviews with women sent to gaol for selling matches without a licence, and obliged to take their three-months-old babies with them, of boys found asleep on their feet, who had not known bed or proper food for six weeks, and who were barely recognisable as human until they were fed, and washed, and clothed; of young girls working ten hours a day for half-a-crown a week; of drunkenness, disease, and despair with which she had come face to face. In one house there was a cripple child of two and a half years old, who could not be spared to go to the hospital because of having to mind the baby while the mother worked in a factory.

ROYALTY IN THE OMNIBUS.

It was a narrative calculated to move the stoniest heart, and one looked with amazement and a respect deeper than even her rank demands at the fragile, sad-eyed young princess whose own life has held so much of tragedy that she can extend a sister's sympathy to the lowliest. Not one word she spoke failed to carry conviction—here is no patronising great lady, but a very woman! Her intense earnestness fortunately does not deaden a certain sense of tender humour, lacking which more than one worker in the slums has been driven to suicide. She is also gifted with a sense of drama; and many an actress might envy the swift changes of expression with which she tells her story. Princess Louise, who lives in South Kensington, is probably the only member of the Royal family who is tolerably familiar with the inside of a penny 'bus, and she knows the words of at least one London hospital as well as the matron herself.

LORD COLERIDGE.

Lord Coleridge, whose appointment to the newly-created Judgeship on the King's Bench is regarded as a certainty, comes of a thoroughly legal stock. His father the late Lord Coleridge, is still remembered as a great Lord Chief Justice, while his grandfather, Sir John Taylor Coleridge, also achieved a reputation as a King's Bench Judge. He is no novice where the intricate duties of Judicial-president are concerned, for he has twice been appointed a Commissioner of Assize, thus having a foretaste of the bench by the way of apprenticeship. Justices Darling, Walton, Pickford, and Williams also reached the ermine by way of a Commissionership. Then for several years past Lord Coleridge has been Chairman of Quarter Sessions and in this capacity, has administered criminal Justice in Devon. His Lordship, who is fifty-six years of age is a descendant of Samuel Taylor Coleridge, the great Unitarian poet critic, and essayist. He was called at the Middle Temple in 1877, and represented the Attercliffe division of Sheffield in the House of Commons until his father's death in 1874, when he succeeded to the title.

A MIGHTY THROW.

The appointment of Lord Coleridge will make something of a record, for he will be the first peer in the history of the Upper House to become a judge, just as he was the first peer to practise as K.C. at the Bar. When he succeeded to the barony in 1894, a question was raised as to his right to practice, but the Attorney-General of the day, Sir John Rigby, decided that there was no legal objection to his remaining in the charmed forensic circle. Lord Coleridge is a militant humanitarian, whose periodical letters to the *Times* eloquently plead the cause of dumb creatures. A few years ago his lordship visited America and, among others cities, stayed at Charlestown. As he walked with his guide, a well-known American judge, along the banks of the Potomac, he asked him if he believed the story that George Washington threw a dollar across the river. "Yes sir, I do," replied the judge, earnestly. "Why do you believe it?" asked Lord Coleridge. "Well, you see a dollar went further in those days than it does now," answered the judge evasively. For a time Lord Coleridge was content with this answer, but as they were on the point of parting, he returned to the debatable subject. "To revert to the question of Washington: you put me off last time. Do you really believe that he chucked a dollar across the Potomac?" "Why not?" answered the judge with a merry twinkle in his eye. "Didn't he chuck a sovereign across the Atlantic?"

M. DELCASSE had a curious experience at St. Gall recently while in search of a suitable school for his son. Carrying a small bag, he crossed (the Geneva correspondent of the *Express* says) from the station to a fashionable hotel and asked for a room. The French ex-Minister for Foreign Affairs, however, was dressed too badly for the hotel manager, who said that all the rooms were booked, and gave the "poor" tourist in charge of the concierge, who conducted his charge to a little second class hotel. The uncomplaining visitor was eventually lodged in a kind of attic on the third floor. It was not till he left Paris that his identity was discovered.

JOHN MOIR & SON, PURVEYORS BY ROYAL WARRANT

PROVISION MANUFACTURERS OF LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.

Awarded 31 Gold Medals for Superior Quality. TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

ARMY & NAVY RATIONS

In 2 lb. Tins

COMPLETE PRICE LIST AVAILABLE.

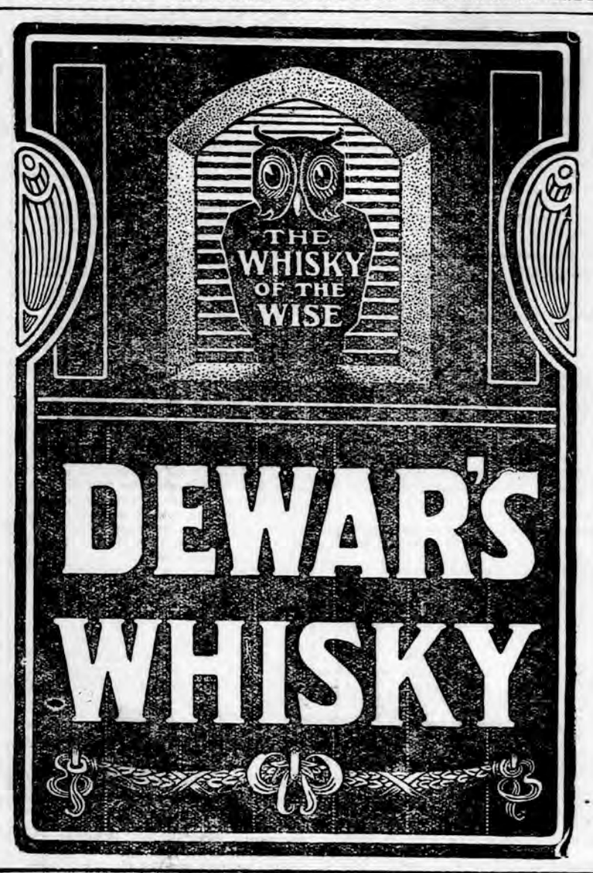
WHOLESALE DEPOTS:

BOMBAY, KARACHI AND CALCUTTA,

Where Large and Varied Stocks are held for *Immediate Delivery.*

MANAGING AGENTS: SAMUEL FITZE & CO., LD.

RETAIL FROM ALL PROVISION MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT INDIA



"Grateful Results"

A life of suffering and misery, without sleep, without appetite. Restored to health by

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"I was grievously afflicted with biliousness and liver complaint. My mouth was in a terrible condition every morning, my tongue thickly coated, my breath was offensive, food distressed me, I suffered much from headache, my skin was sallow, and the many remedies recommended me did no good. At last I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and my improvement began almost from the first dose. It relieved the distress about my liver, caused my food to digest well, cured my headache, improved my complexion, and restored my appetite. These unlooked-for but grateful results were accomplished by only two and a half bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—MRS. LYDIA M. TARBOX, Altoona, Pa.

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas. Be sure you get "AYER'S."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

Efficacious because absolutely pure English Oil. Not made of gelatine. Full directions. All Chemists.

Insist on SAVARESSE'S.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

SWAN

GOLD & Co. BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Registered Trade Mark

Patent Wrought IRON & STEEL HINGES ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Beware of spurious imitations with the "Swan" Trade Mark.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

Also Makers of No. Silver Butts.

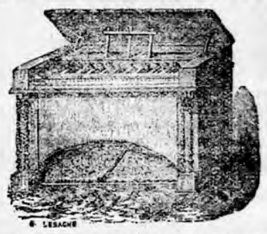
The Best House in India FOR PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and other Musical Instruments and Music of Every Description.

PIANOS For SALE, For HIRE, AND ON THE EASY PAYMENT SYSTEM.

LIST FREE.

FORT, BOMBAY:

S. ROSE & Co.



When Mosquitoes begin to annoy you, remember

Calvert's 20% Carbolic Soap.

It has been found so useful either to prevent the attacks of these and other insects, or to antiseptically cleanse their bites.

In other respects, too, for instance, as a safeguard against contagious diseases, or as a thoroughly purifying bath soap, especially in tropical climates, its powerful antiseptic value is fully recognised, a fact shown by the rapid increase in its sale.

Sold by Chemists throughout India and the East. Makers: F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England.

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

The best BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER of the System

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA.

SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus *Richard Wilkinson* are upon every GENUINE bottle. WILKINSON'S

To avoid Impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA CLEANSES THE BLOOD OF ALL DANGEROUS HUMOURS.

Has over 75 Years' World-Wide Reputation.

Sold by all Chemists and Dealers in Medicines.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET. BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc. when frequently used.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay. Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay. Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

A favourite Pick-me-up.

A dash of

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

in Soda Water.

Try it!

By Royal Warrant to H.M. THE KING

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S Celebrated INVALID'S PORT Gold Capsule. SECOND TO NONE.

Obtainable Everywhere.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

NOTE THE TRADE MARK.

GRIMBLE'S MALT VINEGAR

LONDON & EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840. ORDER THROUGH MERCHANT

PURITY & QUALITY GUARANTEED.

STUHR'S GENUINE

TRADE C.F.St&Co BARRL

RUSSIAN CAVIARE

Preserved in Tins and Glass Jars.

C. F. STUHR & CO.; HAMBURG.

Export Agent:

H. LOVEGROVE, 12, ST. MARY AXE, LONDON.

GUARANTEED BY US TO KEEP IN TROPICAL CLIMATES

Digitized by the Government of Maharashtra with financial assistance from the Government of India on 07 July, 2017

ROSKOPF PATENT WATCH CO.,

THE GUARANTEED ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

Sole Agents for India and Burma,

F. RUFENER & CO.,

75, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

Open face Nickel, 18, 19 & 21 size, Rs. 16

Open face Sterling Silver, 18 & 19 size, Rs. 27

In solid 18-carat gold cases, prices as per our catalogue, free on application.

Pronounced by Experts to be the Best and Strongest Watch in the market.

TRADE MARK.

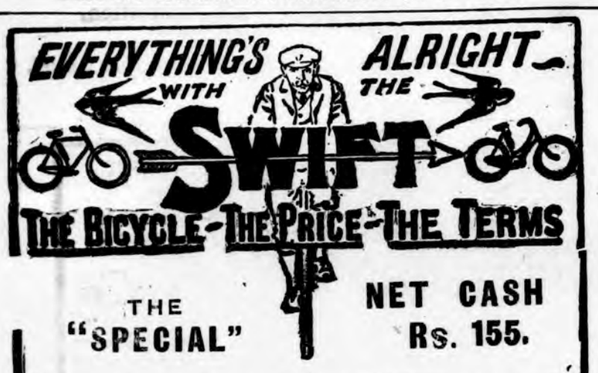
ROSKOPF PATENT

Watches without this Trade Mark are an imitation.

We also undertake to repair watches under efficient staff of experienced Watchmakers.

All our Watches are Guaranteed for 3 Years.

EVERYTHING'S WITH THE ALRIGHT



SWIFT

THE BICYCLE—THE PRICE—THE TERMS

THE "SPECIAL" NET CASH Rs. 155.

W. H. THORNS & Co.,

13, 15, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY

PERFECTION OF ENGINEERING SKILL.

THE WOLSELEY MOTOR CARS.

SAFE AND RELIABLE.

FREE TRIAL RUNS.

AGENTS:

K. & S. CYCLE AND MOTOR CO.,

BOMBAY.

HAMMOND

TYPEWRITERS.

The Government of India and the U. S. Government use them; the Chicago Board of Education uses 120; the Pennsylvania Railway Co. uses 400 the Leading Bankers and Insurance Companies use them; Prosperous Merchants use them: they are used everywhere because they—

Stand the Strain of Steady, Hard Work, with the Least Wear on Machine and Operator.

Do Better work and in Greater Variety than any other Typewriter in existnce

CATALOGUES FREE.

HAMMOND TYPEWRITER AGENCY,

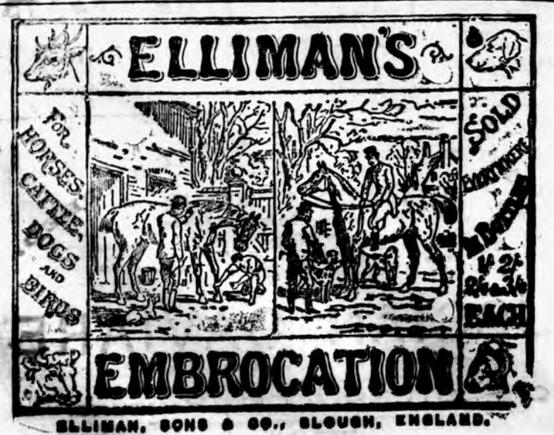
28, ESPLANADE ROAD BOMBAY.

FREE TO ALL CYCLISTS.

Send us your name and address and you will receive by return Mail, Free, Post Paid, our BIG ART BOOK, the finest ever published, which is of interest to every rider. This Book contains large handsome Photo Engravings, including beautiful country scenes. It describes every detail of the manufacture of a high-grade Bicycle, with all the latest improvements; it shows you the difference between High-class work and cheap construction. You cannot afford to be without it.

WITH THE FREE ART BOOK you will receive the most liberal and marvellous Bicycle offer ever made by any cycle manufacturer or dealer, explaining how we are able to send you a cycle, direct from our Coventry factory, guaranteed ten years, packed and delivered free at your nearest port, for your inspection and approval; how we can sell the highest-grade British-made cycles direct from the factory at less than manufacturers' prices how we are able to let you ride the cycle Ten Days and give it every trial and test you wish before your purchase becomes binding; how you can make large profits easily—all are fully explained in our latest proposition, which will be sent you free, post paid. Whether you are a cyclist or not, it will interest you. Write to-day.

MEAD CYCLE CO., DEPT. 323 LIVERPOOL.



ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., SLOUGH, ENGLAND.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Headbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

INVALID PORT
BOTTLED BY
W & A GILBEY
PRODUCED IN PORTUGAL

W & A Gilbey Ltd.

GOOLAMHOOSEIN ALLIBHOY & SONS

Arms and Ammunition Merchants,

207, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

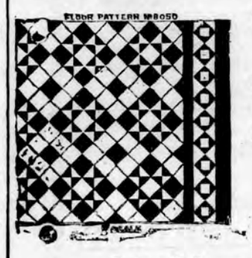
ONE of the largest and well-known dealers in sporting Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols and every description of ammunition.

Made by Westley Richard, Reilly, G. E. Lewis, W. W. Greener, Webley's Remington, G. Bouchill, Winchester, Browning's Patent, Manlicher Mouser and Savage Arms Co.

All our cartridges are loaded by an expert Trial order solicited

Price Lists Free on application.

BOOTE'S TILES



Were first used over 60y years ago, and at the present obtainable.

Illustrated Catalogue free on Application to

T. & R. BOOTE, Ltd.,

THE PATENT TILE WORKS, BURSLEM, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF

ARCHITECTURAL FAIENCE For Inside and Outside Decoration.

GLAZED TILES FOR WALLS, HEARTHS, &c.

ENCAUSTIC TILES FOR FLOORS.

CERAMIC MOSAIC A SPECIALITY.

LONDON OFFICE: Birchin Lane Chambers, Holborn, W.C. MANCHESTER OFFICE: 60, Deansgate

Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide & Brisbane: GIBBS BRIGHT & Co.
New Zealand: HERBERT OXLEY & Co., Custom Street, East, Auckland
Calcutta: D. T. KEYMER & Co.
Bombay: F. R. HILL & Co., Royal Insurance Buildings

BENGER'S FOOD

A Food of great nutritive value which can be made suitable for any degree of digestive power by the simple process of letting it stand for a longer or shorter period at one stage of its preparation.

When strength is returning after illness, a carefully regulated and increasing amount of exercise for the digestive functions is beneficial. Benger's Food is the only food which can be prepared so as to give the stomach this regulated amount of work.

Benger's Food is sold in Tins by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

THE KING OF RESTORATIVES!

COLEMAN'S

WINCARNIS

A delicious beverage and tonic made from choice wines, Liebig's Extract of Meat, and Extract of Malt.

Over 8,000 Testimonials received from the Medical Profession of the United Kingdom.

WINCARNIS has an unrivalled reputation of over twenty years as the finest tonic and restorative in the world.

"An Ideal Pick-me-up. Suitable for all Climates."

SOLE MANUFACTURERS: COLEMAN & CO., LTD., NORWICH, ENG.

AGENTS:

BOMBAY—N. Power & Co., Phillips & Co. (Ltd.), Y. Natoo & Co., Edulji Bros., Madon and Co., Thomas & Taylor, Treacher & Co. (Ltd.) and Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Bathgate & Co., G. Atherton & Co., 14 Clive Street; and Kedar Nath Dutt. BANGALORE—J. B. Forster & Co. DELHI—A. Barakat & Co. LAHORE—E. Plomer & Co. LUCKNOW—Murray & Co. LUMPUR—Federal Dispensary. MADRAS—R. Maclure, and Smith & Co. RANGOON—Rangoon Medical Hall, 53 Merchant Street. COLOMBO—P. T. de Jong & Sons.

By Special Warrant Purveyors to H.M. The KING

C B

GROSSE AND BLACKWELL, LTD.

CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES

PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS, JELLIES, POTTED MEATS, MALT VINEGAR.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRIN'S Worcestershire Sauce

GOLD & SILVER

ENGLISH LEVERS

FOR LADIES' & GENTLEMEN.

Lady's Watch. view of Movement

FAITHFUL RECORDERS OF TIME.

We guarantee the monthly variations of these watches not to exceed 30 seconds. In cold black and white this claim does not at first appear strik ng, but consider a moment what it means to have a watch in your pocket which you can rest assured will not vary ½ a minute in 30 days.

WE GUARANTEE ACCURACY.

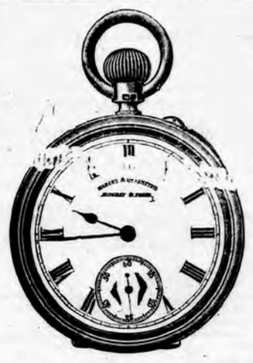
OPEN FACE & HUNTING OR HUNTING CASES.

PLAIN ENGRAVED OR ENGINE-TURNED.

DESCRIPTION OF MOVEMENT

Highest grade ¾ plate fully Jewelled English Lever movement, constructed of the finest materials, dead beat scientifically adjusted escapement. Breguet patent arrangement of hair Spring preventing displacement by blow or fall, chronometer balance compensating atmospheric changes. Pinions and pivots best fire hardened Steel, highly polished and finished. Indestructible keyless attachment and exact fitting dust and damp excluding cases.

These Watches throughout are compactly built on the most approved and symmetrical lines; this will be obvious from a glance at the illustrations of movement, yet at the same time nothing which could add to its strength has been sacrificed.



PRICES.

LADIES—Open face, Silver	...	...	...	Rs. 95
„ „ „ Gold	...	...	...	„ 260
„ ¾ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„ 95
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„ 270
„ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„ 95
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„ 265
GENTS.—Open face, Silver	...	...	...	Rs. 95
„ Gold	...	...	...	„ 350
„ ¾ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„ 110
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„ 380
„ Hunting, Silver	...	...	...	„ 105
„ „ Gold	...	...	...	„ 375

These Watches embody everything which horological Science can suggest to ensure the correct measurement of time.

Gents Watch. View of Movement.

MARCKS & Co., Ld., The Watchmakers of Western India BOMBAY & POONA.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK SPECIALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS,

Alice Building, 31, Hornby Road,

BOMBAY.

THE RAILWAY REGULATOR WATCH.

Strong Nickel, Open-face, Keyless, Lever Watch, will stand plenty of rough wear, and keep good time. We can confidently recommend it as one of the best cheap Watches in the market.

Nickel Silver Case ... ... Rs. 10.

Solid Silver Case ... ... Rs. 15.

Guaranteed for three Years.

A good example is set by those who regularly use

CALVERT'S Carbolic Tooth Powder

They evidently realize both the personal satisfaction and the hygienic importance of brushing their teeth to remove the food particles, etc., which collect on or between them.

Their experience tells them too, how well Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder aids the tooth-brush to do its work easily, thoroughly and pleasantly, polishing the enamel, and, at the same time antiseptically cleansing wherever it goes. That is why more and more people use it every year.

Sold by local Chemists and Stores, in the well-known tins, also the new glass jar with sprinkler stopper.
Made by F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA MAGNESIA

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP

I had a little husband no bigger than my thumb
I put him in a pint pot and there I made him drum
I gave him Grimault's Syrup to cure a dreadful cold
For everybody tells me it is worth its weight in gold

HYPO-PHOSPHITE OF LIME FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST

Prescribed in France for the last 30 years for CONSUMPTION, OBSTINATE COUGHS, COLDS, and BRONCHITIS.

Meridian Watch Co.

Intending Purchasers of Watches are requested to send for the New Edition of our Catalogue of Watches, shewing Sizes, Styles, Qualities, and Prices.

Trouble and Money will both be saved by Purchasers acquainting themselves with the recent Improvements in Watchmaking.

☞ Watch Repairs receive the careful attention of Expert European Watchmakers.

G. A. CHARPIE & CO.,

BOMBAY.

HYDRAULIC PRESSES

FOR PACKING COTTON, WOOL, &c.

EDWIN MILLS & SON,

HUDDERSFIELD, England.

Published for the Proprietors "The Bombay Gazette," Limited at Nos. 113 to 124, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed by N. D'Mello, at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Limited, Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co., 2, Whitefriars Street, LONDON, E.C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 69, Fleet Street, LONDON, E.C.; Paris, Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.